BY JAMES W. BELLER.

"SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON" is published every resday Morning, at \$2 in advance—\$2.50 if paid thin the year—or \$3 if not paid until after the piration of the year. AT-ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 per square, for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and GHARGED ACCORDINGLY.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL DRI JOHNSTON; ESSES the most speedy and effectual remedy in the world for all

Secret Diseases: Gonerhoe, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Blad-ler, Loss of Organic Powers, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose of Skin; and all hose Peculias Diseases

Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose of Skin; and all those Peculiar Disorders arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, which if not cored, produces Constitutional Debility, renders Marriage impossible, and in the end destroys both body and mind.

Young Men.

Young Men.

Young Men.

Young Men especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect; who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to exchang the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

Marriaga

Married Persons or those contemplating marriage, eing aware of physical weakness, or any other imediatent, should immediately consult Dr. Johnstom. OFFICE No. 7. SOUTH FREDERICK St., seven cors from Barrimore street, East side, up the steps. By-Be particular in observing the name and numero or you will stistlike the place. Be not enticed from its office.

this office.

A Cure Warranted or no Charge, in from the to two days.

The many thousand word at this Institution, and the very extensive practice of Dr. Johnston (ex. veding all others) is a sufficient guarantee that he is the only proper Physician to be consulted.

Dr. Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London Graduate from enert the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected come of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

When the misguided and impudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face, and extremities, progressing on with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this sawful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to their dreadful sufferawful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to their dreadfal sufferings by sending them to "that bourne from whence no traveller returns." To such therefore, Dr. JOHN-STON pledges himself to preserve the most involable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend the most safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness or ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave; or makes the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice.

Dr. J. address: sall those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and salitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dispessa, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumation &c. sumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c.,

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are specifly cared, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who said lost all hope, have been immediately relieved.—All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Trembling and Weakness, or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, are specifily cured.

Young Men
Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice,
Indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned
from evil companions, or atschool—the effects of which

trom evilcompanions, or atschool—the effects of which sare nightly lelt, oven when asleep, and if not cured, wenders marriage happossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be smatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of mature, and including in a certain secret habit.—Such persons before contamplating

Marriage.

Such persons before contemplating Marriage, should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote commissal happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect bondy darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.—

Weakness of the Organs
immediately cured, and full vigor restored.

To Strangers.

The many thousands of the most desperate and hopeless cases cured at this institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

To who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

There are so many ignorant and workless Quacks copying Dr. Johnston's advertisement, and advertising themselves as physicians, trifling with

advertising themselves as physicians, trifling with and ruining themselves as physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his Office.

ALL LETTERS MUST BE POST-PAID—REME DIES sent to any part of the country.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick St., East sides beeve name on door.

Jan. 24, 1854—19.

THE BRITISH QUARTERLIES, BLACK WOOD'S MAGAZINE. New York; continues to Re-publish the following
British Periodicals, viz: British Periodicals, viz:

1. THE LONDON QUARTERSY REVIEW, Conservative.

2. THE EDINEURGH REVIEW, Whig.

3. THE NORTH BEITISH REVIEW, Free Church.

3. THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW, Free Church.
4. THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW, Liberal.
5. BLACKWOOD'S ENTINEMENT MAGAZINE, Tory.

THE present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the year 1854. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-items, crude speculations, and flying rumors of the daily Journal, and the ponderous Tome of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that readers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable history of current events, and as such, in addition to their well-established literary, scientific, and theological character, we urge them upon the consideration

Arrangements are in progress for the receipt of carly sheets from the British Publishers, by which we shall be able to place all our Reprints in the hands of subscribers, about as soon as they can be furnished with the foreign copies. Although this will involve a very large outlay on our part, we shall continue to furnish the Periodicals at the same low rates as here-

A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more

prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus; copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one ad tress for \$9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for \$30; and so on.

Postage.

In all the principal Cities and Towns, these works will be delivered, through Agents, FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the Postage to any part, of the United States will be but twenty-four cents a year for each of the Reviews.

Remittances and communications should always be addressed, post paid, to the Publishers,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,

54 Gold street, New York.

N. B.—L. S. & Co. have recently published, and have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton, of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 yols., royal octayo, containing 1600 pages, 14 steel and 600 wood engravings. Price in muslin binding, \$6.

Y RESUSCITATED and thrown upon the market, ocember 27, 1853.

WANTED IN EXCHANGE.-Bacon, Lard Hard Soap, Rags, &c., taken in Exchange for R. H. BROWN. May 9, 1854, 5141 . 11912

THE BOOT & SHOE BUSINESS, in all its various branches, will be continued It its rarious branches, will be continued the OLD STAND by the undersigned, re he will be glad to see all their old cusers with as many new ones as may be pleased to JOHN T. RIELEY. afpers-Ferry, February 7, 1854.

WOOL WANTED.—We will give the highest market price for any quantity of Wool.

BROWN & WASHINGTON.

Charlestown, May 23. ust returned by the pleasure to inform them they have the pleasure to inform them they have turned all in good order and as the delay has thrown in a little back in the season we intend to sell them. LEMOTOIDETIES. ODEN WARE-Of all kinds by May 16, 1854. A. W. CRAMEB.

## hao'l m II be domes Hitchia ood, L. L, the e inther of the

AGRICULTURE: MANUFACTURES, COMMERCE, AND NAVIGATION, THE FOUR PILLARS OF OUR PROSPERITY—MOST THRIVING WHEN LEFT MOST FREE TO INDIVIDUAL ENTERPRISE.

## CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1854.

FIRE, LIFE & MARINE INSURANCE;

LYNCHBURG HOSE AND FIRE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

This Company makes Insurance against loss or damages by Fire, on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Tobacco Factories and other Buildings, on Furniture, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, generally in town and country, on the most favorable terms.

Also makes insurance on the lives of all persons enjoying good health, and of sound constitution for the whole duration of life, or for a limited period;
Slaves employed in ordinary occupations; will be insured on reasonable terms.

The Company will also take marine risks from and to any of the Northern or Southern Ports; at favorable rates.

JOHN ROBIN McDANIEL, Presidents DON T. C. PETERS, Vice President. SAMPSON DIUGUID, Chief Engineer: JAMYS M. COBES, J. J. DEXTER OTEX, GEORGE W. YANGEY, J. SAMUEL GARLAND, WILLIAM T. ANDERSON, J. NATHAN B. THURMAN, JOHN O. TAYLOR, JAMES M. BOYD.

MARTIN HOLLINS, Treasurer.

CREED T. WILLS, Secretary.

Dr. P. H. Gilmer,
Dr. Wh. Orway Owen,
Agent for Jefferson county, . B. W. HERBERT.
Medical Examiner, . . . . . . Dr. G. F. MASON.
Charlestown, April 25, 1854—19 [FF] THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY. Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property, Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates.

Capital \$150,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

The attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of equity, justice, and economy.

HOME OFFICE—WINCHESTER, VA.

JOS. S. CARSON, President.

C. S. FUNK, Secretary.

O. F. BRESEE, Actuary.

nimecross.

DIRECTORS. James H. Burgess, Lloyd Logan, John Kerr, James P. Riciy,
H. H. M'Guyre,
N. W. Richardson.
B. W. HERBERT,
Agent for Jefferson county.

[F. F.] James P. Riely,

Testimonials. Wischester, May 27; 1863.
We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our opinion as to the character and standing of the Insuopinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saying that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the President and Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have instried our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merits.

J. H. Sherrard, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va. Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senator.

Jacob Senseny, Esq., Merchant, Winchester.

T. A. Tidball, Prest, of Bank of Valley of Va.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. Incorporated 1810. - Charter Perpetual:
Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing
it to \$250,000.

PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will

Applications for Insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT,

In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J. P. Baewx, Eq., who will attend to them promptly. Persons at a distance address through the mail.

N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks thus arising.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE andersigned, having engaged in the Mercantile Business, are now opening, at Doran's old stand, near the Armory Gate, a very extensive stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, HONNETS, &c., to an examination of which they respectfully invite the attention of the public. Their inotto is not large profits, but large sales. They are determined to conduct their business on the most liberal principles, and to use every effort to merit the public confidence and patronage. Whatever they sell shall be of the character represented, and invariably reduced to such prices that none may hope to undersell. They have established such extensive arrangements as will enable them to supply the market with every article they deal in at the very lowest prices. They feel confident an examination of the variety, quality, and prices of their goods will convince the public that money may be saved by purchasing at their house.

They will give particular attention to the GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS, for which they have made ample room, by an enlargement of the premises, and tannilles may rely with confidence they have made ample room, by an enlargement of the premises, and tamilies may rely with confidence upon being supplied by them with articles in this line, of fresh and superior quality. They purchased their Groceries, mostly in large quantities and al-

ways for cash.

They keep a very heavy stock on hand, and can, and will, sell them at prices unusual in this market. The following enumeration will give a general outline of their extensive stock:

Plain, Changeable and Figured Dress Silks;
Plain and Figured Mouslin de Laines;

Plain and Figured Mouslin de Laines;
Challeys, Lawns, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Canton Cloths;
Bombazines, French and English Calicoes;
Brown and Bleached Muslins;
Ticking, Bagging, Checks, Plaids, Linen Sheetings, Table Linens and Oil Cloths;
Towelings, White, Red and Yellow Flannels;
Irish Linens, Silk, Crape, Cashmere and Mouslin Shawls; lin Shawls; Hoisery, Kid, Thread, Cotton, Silk and Silk Nett Gloves;

Nett Gloves;
Cambric, Jaconets, Laces and Edgings;
Plain, Barred and Figured Swiss Goods;
Needle-worked Goods, Trimmings, Bonnet Ribbons, Parasols and Umbrellas;
Coating Linens, Jeans and Tweeds;
Cassimere, Cassinets, Linen Drills;
Cravats, Suspenders, Boots and Shoes of every description for Men, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children:

Silk, Fur, Straw, Chip, Kossuth and Slowe Hats of every variety;
A large stock of Hardware, including Cutlery, and House furnishing materials;
Rifle and Blasting Powder;
Queensware, and Woodware; Window Glass,

Putty, Oil and Paints;
A lot of fine Tobacco and Segars;
Bacon, Salt, Fish, Lard, Potatoes, Flour and
Corn Meal. They have a choice let of fine Liquors, wherewith they will supply gentletaen as cheap as the same brands can be bought in the cities.

WALSH & BRO.

Harpers-Ferry, May 2, 1854-tf

Harpers-Ferry, May 2, 1804—U.

JUST ARRIVED.

NEW AND CHEAP.

The undersigned has just returned from the Eastern markets with the largest and most complete STOCK OF GOODS he has ever offered at this place, all of which has been purchased on the very best possible terms, and will be sold as low as any goods of the same quality can be in the Valley of Virginia, consisting in part of the following articles, viza Cloths, Cassimeres and Tweeds;

Fancy Cassinets, at very low prices;
Silk, Satin and Marsailles Vestings;
Italian, Cloth and Summer do.;

Italian, Cloth and Summer do.;
A good assertment of Cotton Goods for Sum mer wear;
An assortment of Bleached and Brown Cottons;
Do do Oshaburg Cottons;
Black, plain, striped and figured Silks;
Tarltons, Illusions and Sarcenetts;
Swiss, Cambric and Jaconet Muslins;
Plain and figured Canton do.;
A large assortment of Calicoes and Ginghams;
Berages and Berage de Laines, very cheap.;
Lawns, Muslins, &c.
Irish Linen and Linen Tablecloths;
Linen, Silk, and Cambric Handkerchiefs;
Crape, Silk, and Cashmere Shawls, of every

French-worked Collars and Cuffs;
French-worked Collars and Cuffs;
Dress Trimmings, &c.;
Silk and Straw Bonnets, very cheap;
Artificial Flowers, &c., and almost every thing
in the fancy way;
Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoce;

Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes;
Hats and Caps, of every quality and price.
Also, a large stock of Groceries of the best quality, consisting in part of—
Coffee, Sugars, Chocolate, Teas;
Molasses, Syrups, Bacon, Sait, &c.
Also, a good assortment of Hardware;
Cutlery, Carpenters' Tools, &c.
Waiters, Looking Glasses, and Tinware.
A large stock of Queensware, &c.
All of which will be sold on the very best terms.
Those who desire to get good and cheap bargains are respectfully invited to call before purchasing elsewhere, and judge for themselves.

JOHN G. WILSON. Harpers-Ferry, April 18, 1854, notice and to the

FRUIT TREES.

I HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Wm. Lucas, near Hall Town, a large number of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public site aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—My Peach Trees, especially, are very fine. My terms are accommodating.

October 25, 1853. FRUIT TREES. ROCERIES, I have received a general a

Golden Syrup.—I have just received the has ever been brought to this town. If you do not believe it you can come and try it.

T. RAWLINS.—

Wilest of mankind," He retorted, with properties it you can come and try it.

May 23, 1854.

T. RAWLINS.—

Were."

Noetru.

OF Exceedingly fine are the following verses by Previous, of the Louisville Journal, and the response by Lindona, a maid of a Southern clime, is sweet, and to the point-is dallying, no waiting to think on the subject, but she speaks out boldly and says "she's ready." But read them and judge i

COME TO ME IN DREAMS. Come in beautiful dreams, love, Oh, come to me oft,
When the light wing of Sleep
On my bosom lies soft;
Oh! come when the sea, In the moon's gentle light.

Beats low in the ear,

Like the pulse of the night.

When the sky and the wave,

Wear their levliest bue,

When the dew's on the flower, And the star on the dew. Come in beautiful dreams, love, Come in beautiful dreams, love, Oh, come and we'll stray Where the whole year is crowned With the blossoms of May— Where each sound is as sweet As the coo of the dove,
And the gales are as soft
As the breathings of love;
Where the winds kiss the waves
And the waves kiss the beach,

And our warm line may catch. The sweet lessons they teach Come in beautiful dreams, love, Oh! come and we'll fly, Chi come and well ny,
Like two winged spirits
Of love through the sky;
With hand clasped in hand;
On dream-wings well go;
Where the starlight and modnlight
Are blending their glow;
And on bright clouds we'll lieger
Through long dreary hours, 'Till love's angels envy

That heaven of ours. YES, I'LL COME IN BRIGHT DREAMS Yes, Pll come in bright dreams, love, I'll will come to thee oft, "When the light wing of sleep On thy bosom lies soft."
When wearied with care, love, Thou seekest repose And with thoughts of the dear one, Thy found busom glows; When the tear-drops of nature, Beam light on the flower, Reflecting the sky-gems,

I'll come to thy bower. Yes. I'll come in bright dreams, love, Th come, and we'll stray
'Mid the beauties of dream-land,
And 'twill ever seem May Is the " coo of the dove, And no gale can be soft
As thy whisper of love;
Be thy lips the billows,
And mine, love, the beach,
And how often we'll con "The sweet lessons they teach."

Yes, I'll come in bright dreams, love, And oblif it be That life's but a dream 'l'd dream, love with thee; Yes, dream 'neath the heaven Of thy dark beaming eye, Nor e'er from its starlight, My spirit would five Then I'll come in life's dream, love. And bright will it be; It cannot know sorrow

If spent, love, with thee Minden, La, March, 1855.

Miscellaneous. THE ART OF ARRANGING THE HAIR. How often do we see a really good face made quite ugly by a total inattention to lines. Sometimes the hair is pushed into the cheeks, and squared at the forehead, so as to give a most extraordinary pinched shape to the face. Let the oval, where it exists, be always preserved; where it does not, let the hair be so humored that the deficiency shall not be perceived. Nothing is more common than to see a face, which is somewhat too large below, made to look grossly large and coarse by contracting the hair on the forehead and cheeks and there bringing it to an abrupt check; whereas, such a face should enlarge the forehead and the cheek, and let the hair fall partly over, so as to shade and soften off the lower exuberance. Some press the hair down close to the face, which is to lose the very characteristic of hair—ease and freedom. Let her locks, said Anacreon, lie as they like. The Greek gives them life and a will. Some ladies wear the hair like blinkers; you always suspect they

will shy if you approach them. A lady's head dress, whether in a portrait or forher daily wear, should as in old portraits by Rembrandt and Titian, go off in the shade, not to be seen too clearly and heard all around; should not, in fact, be isolated, as if out of sympathy with all surrounding nature. .....Perhaps the briefest personal memoirs ever

written were the "Memoirs of Count Rostopchin," written in ten minutes. We subjoin a few paragraphs, each of which constitutes a "chapten."

My Biarn.—On the 12th day of March, 1765, I emerged from darkness into the light of day. I was measured, I was weighed, I was baptised, I was born without knowing wherefore, and my parents hanked Heaven without knowing for what.

My Kanagraphy.—I was to both all sorts of things. My Education.-I was taught all sorts of things. and learned all sorts of languages. By dint of impudence and quackery, I sometimes passed for a savant. My head has become a library of odd volumes,

of which I keep the key.

My Surramnes—I was tormented by masters; by tailors, who made tight dresses for me; by women; by ambition; by self-love; by uscless regrets; and by remembrances.

MEMORABLE EPOCHS.—At the age of 30 I gave up

MEMORABLE EPOCHS.—At the age of 30 I gave up dancing; at 40 my endeavors to please the fair ser; at 50 my regard of public opinion; at 60 the trouble of thinking; and I have now become a true sage, or egotist—which is the same thing.

RESPECTABLE PRINCIPLES.—I have never meddled in any marriages or scandal. I have never recommended a cook or physician; and consequently have never attempted the life of any one.

My Districts.—I had a dislike to sots and fops, and to intriguing tomes, who had a game of the

and to intriguing women, who make a game of vir-tue; a disgust for affection; pity for made up men and painted women; and aversion to rais, liquors, metabhysics and rhubarb; and a terror of justice metaphysics, and rhubarb; and a terror of jul Analysis of my life. I await death without

fear and without impatience. My life has been a bad melodrama on a grand singe, where I have played the hero, the tyrant, the lover, the nobleman, but never the valet! deceased man, with a worn out spirit, an exhaust-cd heart, and a used-up body. Ladies and gentle-men, pass on t

Wanted to Know.—If steamships are used in navigating the "sea of troubles?" If it is owing to the rate of interment that so many are "buried in oblivion?" If ships "In stays" are subject to "tight lacing?" Whether the sun shone during the "dark ages?" Whether the "tale" which the ghost of Hamlet's father "could unfold" was "founded on fact?" The elevation of the "pinnacle of fame" above the ocean? If hydrophic treament would be likely to cure the "eruptions of Mount Æina."

... Do not give five dollars to convert the heathen, and grind the face of the poor at home to make up the amount. ....An exchange speaks of some one "having an eye for music." One who can "C sharp" probably. Money Marker .- "The bank where wild thyme

grows," has declared a dividend of ten scents on the - value The man who is a stranger to the finer feelings propose to have an introduction. .... Why are the theatrical nights of California likely to prove very dark ones? Because so many theatrical stars have gone out there. An exchange paper publishes a story in which it is stated that a man who came very near drowning had, a wonderful recollection of every event which had occurred in his life. There are a rew of our subscribers whom we would recommend to practice bath ing in deep water! and a off volden rate valeon

Fanny Fern says, thank God the uns en prayer of penitence may wing its way to the eternal throne, though mocking church spires point only with aristocratic fingers to the rich man's heaven. If the fugitive Burns had been set free by

the corrupt decision of the court, or had been rescued from the custody of the law by the violence of the thob, the shock would have been felt to the remotest extremity of the Union. Such an instance of successful resistance to law and to the power of the Federal Government, would have brought upon the country worse calamitous results than any for-eign foe could possibly inflict. In this view the recapture of Burns is the legitimate oc-

casion of patriotic exultation.

But the triumph is not complete, and we rejoice over a victory which is only not so bad as the most disastrous defeat. In so far as the interests of the South are involved, the slave might as well have been allowed to escape. With whatever success the supremacy of order was vindicated by the surrender of Burns, as regards the efficiency of the law for the recapture of fugitive slaves, the issue was determined adversely to the interests of the South. If some representative from the

North were to suggest the repeal of the fugitive slave law, and were to propose instead, that the Government should compensate the owner for the loss of his property, would the South accept the offer? Certainly not; and why? Because, the proposition would substantially amount to this: that the South should be indemnified for the violation of its rights out of its own funds. Yet this compromise would be far better for the South than submission to such an execution of the law as was achieved in the case of Burns.-The expense of the recapture of Burns cannot fall short of fifty thousand dollars, and as the Government assumes the responsibility of this debt, the South pays for the recovery of its stolen property in the proportion that its con-tribution to the federal treasury exceeds that of the North. Better would it have been for the interests of the South if the Government had abstained from all endeavor to execute the law, had suffered Burns to go his way in peace, and had repaid to Mr. Suttle the full

value of his slave. Such instances of the violent repression of have just seen in Boston, are terrible necessipendent on the voluntary submission of pub-lic opinion. The institutions of liberty cannot co-exist with military violence, and when a free government is driven to invoke the aid of the soldiery to carry out its laws, the day of its overthrow is not remote. Its decay has already begun, the contagion of insubordina-tion will rapidly spread, and the exercise of military power in the repression of popular outbreaks, will be no longer a remedy in great emergencies, but an expedient of every-day and familiar resort. In such contingency, whatever may be the forms of government, a military despotism dominates, and the people are no longer free. We rejoice at the recapture of Burns, but a few more such victories,

and the South is undone. It becomes the imperative duty of the people of the South, in view of the extraordinary and portentous circumstances of the crisis, to concert measures for their safety and for the protection of those guarantees of liberty, which northern violence exposes to such imminent hazard. We know that the public mind of the South is anxiously engaged in working out the problem of Southern duty and destiny, and that some of the most conservative and moderate men amongst its see no way of escape and no career of glory in the confederacy. But it is for the North to

say if the Union shall last. Richmond Enquirer. FREESOIL CONVENTION. The Massachusetts Freesoil Convention, held

in Boston, on Wednesday, formed the following resolutions:—

Resolved, That so much of the Kansas and Nebraska act as abrogates the Missouri Compromise, must be repealed.

Resolved, That slavery in the District of Columbia must be abolished. Resolved, That slavery must be prohibited in all the Territories of the United States, both in those to be acquired and in those al-

Resolved, That all new States must be free Resolved, That Cuba, if it comes into the Union, must come in free. Resolved, That the independence of Hayti must be acknowledged. Resolved, That the rights of our colored

citizens going to other States must be pro-Resolved, That every man has a right to nimself, and therefore no man can own anoth-

Resolved, That the Fugitive Slave Bill is destitute of every attribute of justice or humanity; is at war with the spirit of liberty, with the principles of law, with the purposes of the Constitution, with the best feelings of mankind, and ought to be at once, and forever

Resolved, That Massachusetts has the Con stitutional right, and it is her imperative duty, to enact laws which shall protect the personal freedom of all her citizens, and secure the right to trial by jury under all circum-stances involving the question of human lib-

ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE BURNS.—Severa negotiations to purchase Burns were attempted in Boston on Friday, after the decision of the Commissioner, but they were not listened to. It is said that Col. Suttle, on leaving the city in the morning, left the most peremptory orders "to trade" at no price-even if \$100,000 were offered.

THE WOOL HARVEST .- This month is the period of sheep-shearing. The clip will be a with the larger one, which observers pronouncthe part of manufacturers and dealers to secure early purchases. The wool demand is very tame. The opening prices of the new clip of wool will be, the New York Post is rge one, but there appears no anxiety on | ed informed, 80 to 40ci, averaging about 33c— much below the opening prices of last year.

ABOLITION SYMPATHY .- We have already stated that ABOLITION SYMPATHY.—We have already stated that the Morshal's guard having in charge the fugitive Burns; raised by subscription enough of money to procure a good suit of clothes, breastpin, hat, boots, ect., and some \$20 pocket money, with which Burns was supplied before his departure. But it remains for us now to state the extent of the sympathy of his abolition friends in the same cause; they took Burns old coldes, had then mended and cleaned, and return-

Districting Affair.—Mr. Henry Houser was thrown from his carriage at Luray, Va., about a week ago, and was seriously if not fatally injured. A lady, named Jennings, who witnessed the accident from her yard, was seized with palpitation of the heart, and fell dead on the spot.

Murnerers Found Guilty in Vincinia.—James Anderson was tried lately in Franklin county, Va., for murdering his wife, found guilty of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to 11 years confinement in the penitentiary; Claiborne Hall, was convicted of stabbing a woman, with intentkill, and sentenced to five years; Isaac P. Via was also tried for murdering Lewis Lancaster, found guilty of misdemeanor, and sentenced to pay a fine of \$500 and be imprisoned in the county jail six months.

M.R. Convergence, Sourn.—This body, previous to

M. B. Convenence, Sourm.—This body, previous to its adjournment, elected Dr. B. M. Lee editor of the Richmond Christian Advocate; B. B. Myers, editor of the Southern Christian Advocate; J. E. Cobb, editor of the Memphis Christian Advocate; J. B. McFerrin, editor of the Nashville Christian Advocate; L. D. Huston, editor of the hadys Companion; Dr. D. S. Doggett, editor of the Quarterly Review; and Dr. T. O. Summers, editor of the American Review; and Books and Tracts.

-DI SHE CONGRESSIONAL SKETCHES. The Washington correspondent of the Pennsylvanian occasionally furnishes a "sketch" of some of the many distinguished members of the present Congress. After illustrating the old saying that appearances are often deceptive, he thus sketches the well known Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia.

"And yet this ungainly looking individual —with head and fate constructed contrary to all rules of physiognomy and phrenology—is considered by many the ablest member of and painfully thin in appearance. His head idea of the State, is small and flat; his forehead low and partially covered with straight, black, luster-lacking hair; and his cheeks thin, wrinkled, deep indentations of her numerous bays and but still you feel convinced that the feeble, tottering being before you is all brain—brain great work by which this connexion has been in the head, brain in the arms, brain in the sought to be accomplished is the James river

utterly unworthy of personal association, Gerrit Smith enjoys the respectand even good will

ROTHSCHILD AND PALESTINE. We clip the following from the Vermont

"It is rumored in Paris that M. de Roths child has offered to accept the terms proposed for the Turkish loan, or even to advance a larger sum, provided a mortgage was given him

This rumor is highly suggestive. Every reflecting christian must have had frequent thoughts of the Jews of Palestine, and of the precious promises and prophecies laid up for them in the Bible during the thickening of the war plot, which now must inevitably involve all Europe. The great battle of Armageddon—the angel standing in the sun calling all the fowls to the feast of the great Godthe treading of the wine-press without the city and the blood coming to the horses' bridle are passages of holy writ that come up before the mind with awful grandeur, clothed with the idea of a possible fulfilment within a short time. Palestine is the Lord's inheritance, reserved for the seed of Abraham. The Turkish dower hold it. Its downfall is imminent; and

The world has wondered at the wealth of the Rothschilus. They are Jews. Why has Providence raised them up and placed in their hands an amount of wealth equal to that of an entire kingdom? May it not be for such a time as this? The Turkish power, straigthened for money to fight against Russia, comes to one of the Jews to borrow—he asks a mortgage on Palestine, and on this condition offers more money than Turkey asks. The Sultan knowing Palestine is one portion of his dominions on which the Emperor of Russia has fixed his covetous eyes, that he may command the Mediterranean and Red Seas, and also the mouths of the Nile, would the more readily mortgage it to Rothschild, to put it as far from the enemy as possible and identify it with the interests of Western Europe, and by this means the more effectually secure the aid of England and France. In the event Turkey is swallowed up—the Mortgage lies unredeemed-Palestine is once more the property of an Isralite. But Russia is determined to have it; but to obtain it she must fight all Europeand the last great conflict is on this sacred ground. New forms of government arise all over Europe, and the Jews return to their fatherland under the deed of Rothschild .-These are thoughts which quickly sprung in our minds upon reading the above few lines.

Col. Slaughter of Culpeper, Mr. Brown of Troy, and other parantees or agents, exhibited the comparative merits of several of their ploughs in a field of Mr. Senseney's near town, on Saturday last, to a number of farmers of this vicinity and a good many from Clarke .-The three horse plough, Rich's, belonging to Col. S., turned well a furrow fifteen inches wide and from nine to twelve inches deep .-All the spectators confessed they had never seen deeper ploughing with equal ease to the horses. It is true the horses were of Mr. James Bowles' best; although it must be stated that they had not been hitched to a right-hand.

ploughed testes also at tool a weather thank A left hand two-norse plough, same patent, was then tested. It did good work as well as another weighing but ninety pounds though neither was considered of equal merit ed to be of inestimable va

A two-horse plough, with the Woodcock mould-board, improved by our ingenious townsmen, Messis. Hopwood and Richards, performed admirably; and, with great ease to the horses, cut a furrow fourteen inches by seven. There was no attachment, unfortunately, to determine the positive power necessary to move these implements; and we would respectfully recommend to our farmer club, the importance of supplying our agricultural community with such a test. The day was fine and every one appeared gratified with the exhibition.—Winchester Republican,

NOT AT ALL COMPLIMENTARY. A Frenchman traveling in the United States, sends the following sketch of a "genuine Yankee" to al Parisiati journal poisson out to tsouth a minimuo

"Picture to yourself, if you please, a lean figure with body wrists; feet with dimen-sions that would forever tarnish the escutcheon of a gentleman; a hat stuck upon the back eon of a gentleman; a hat stuck upon the back of the head, straight hair, mouth stretched from morning till night by a lump of tobaceo; lips stained yellow by the juice of the same weed; a black coat with narrow skirts; a tumbled shirt; the gloves of a gendarme; trowsers in harmony with the rest of the equipment; and you will have before you the act portrait of a thorough bred yankee."

every man had a window in his breast, blinds would be in demand. Better say close

Population in 1830, 1,211,405; in 1840, 1,239,797; in 1850, 1,421,661. Area in square miles, 61,952; inhabitants to square mile, 23.17.

The State of Virginia is the birth place of the idea of constructing an artificial line for the accommodation of commerce and travel beween the navigable rivers of the interior and tide-water. It is now nearly one hundred years since a definite plan for a canal from the tide-waters of Virginia to the Ohio was presentthe House and of a House, too, that can boast of some of the best minds of the country. Mr. Stephens is slightly above the medium height zation of this project has been the cherished

The central position of Virginia, her unsur-assed commercial advantages, afforded by the and of parchment texture. His walk, his fea- rivers, and the near approach toward each tures, his figure, bespeak great physical ema-ciation. You look in vain for some outward manifestation of that towering, commanding intellect which has held the congregated tal-ent of the whole country spell-bound for hours. It is not in the eye, for it is dull and heavy.

It is not in the face, for it is meaningless. It tributed the hold which this project has always is not in the voice, for it is shrill and sharp, maintained upon the public mind of the State.

legs, brain in the body,—that the whole man and Kanawha canal to extend from Richmond is charged and sur-charged with the electricity of intellect—that a touch would bring forth a divine spark."

and Aunauna canal to extend from Elemiona to the navigable waters of the Great Kanawha, at the mouth of the Greenbrier river, a distance of about \$10 miles. This work is now com-Gerrit Smith is sketched and framed after pleted to Buchanan in the valley of Virginia, this fashion:

Mr. Smith is generally admitted to be the most attractive speaker in the House. As you look upon his tall, commanding form—his broad; expansive forehead—his upon, honest countenance as you watch his soft, winning smile and see his mild eye kindle with emotion but on the countenance of the state of the countenance as you watch his soft, winning smile and see his mild eye kindle with emotion but on the countenance of the countenance as you watch his soft, winning smile and see his mild eye kindle with emotion but on the countenance of the counte ly emotions of the purer and better kind; and though its friends the tish the original plan as you listen to the full, round tones of a match with unfaltering zeal. The work thus far has less voice, swelling and swelling with the tide of feeling from an overflowing heart, you feel as difficulties encountered which have proved far sured that the man before you can have no lot nor part with such miscreants as Sumner, and have materially delayed the progress of Giddings, Phillips, and Parker. He may be the popular passions by military force as we have just seen in Boston, are terrible necessi-know that he belongs not to the murdering cent, and, after entering the Alleghany ranges, as dams, culverts and bridges, and subjects the canal to all the dangers of sudden high floods, from which it has at several times suffered severe losses. But, so far as the canal has been carried, all obstacles have been surmounted. The various works upon it have now acquired a solidity that promises to resist all the trials to which they may hereafter be subjected. The crossing of the crest of the Al-leghanies, the most difficult portion of the whole line, has not been commenced. The summit at the most favorable point of crossing

is 1.916 feet above tide-water, or 1.352 feet above the highest point upon the Erie canal, which is at the lake at Buffalo. Elaborate surveys and calculations have been made for the purpose of determining whether a sufficient quantity of water can be obtained for a supply at the summit, and the result seems to favor an affirmative opinion. Could this canal be carried into the Ohio valley, with a sufficient supply of water, there can be no doubt it would become a route of an immense commerce. It would strike the Ohio at a very favorable point for through business. It would have this great advantage over the more who next shall own Palestine? Evidently the as well as in a very productive soil. Nothing

northern works of a similar kind, that it would be navigable during the winter as well as the summer. The route, after crossing the Alleghany mountains, is vastly rich in coal and iron, seems to be wanting to the triumphant success of the work but a continuous water line to the Ohio. Until this is accomplished, the canal must depend entirely upon its local business for support. Its eventual success as a paying enterprise was predicated upon such accomment. Though of great benefit to the continnous country and to the city of Richmond, it does not promise in its present condition to be profitable to the stockholders, was in the said

RAILDROADS IN VIRGINIA. Central Railroad .- The object which led to the conception of the James river and Kanawha canal is now the ruling motive in the construction of the two leading railroad projects of this State, viz: the Virginia Central and Virginia and Tennessee railroads. While the canal is still the favorite project with an influential portion of her citizens, it cannot be denied that, sympathizing with the popular feeling in favor of railroads, which have in many cases superseded canals as means of transportation and which are adapted to more varied uses and better reflect the character and spirit of the times, a large majority of the people of the State deem it more advisable to open the proposed western connexions by means of railroads

than by a farther extension of the canal. The line of the Central road, after making somewhat extended detour to the north upon leaving Richmond, takes a generally western course, passing through the towns of Gordons-ville and Charlottesville, and enters the valley of Virginia near Statunton. At Gordonsville it connects with the Orange and Alexandria railroad, thus giving the former an outlet to the Potomac. This road is now nearly completed to Staunton, with the exception of the Blue Ridge tunnel, which is a formidable work about one mile in length, and is in process of construction by funds furnished by the State. From Staunton the line has been placed under contract to Buffalo Gap, a distance of thirty-five miles. For the whole line up to this point

ample means are provided.

The whole length of the road, from Richmond to the navigable waters of the Kanawha, will be about two hundred and eighty-six miles. The means for its construction have thus far been furnished by stock subscriptions proportion of three-fifths by the former to two-fifths by the latter. No doubt is entertained of its extension over the mountains at a comparatively early period. The State is committed to the work, and has too much involved, both in the amount already expended and in the results at stake, to allow it to pause at this late hour. The opinion is now confidently ex-pressed by well-informed persons that some de-finite plan will be adopted for the immediate construction of the remaining link of this great

By extending this line to Guyandotte a junction will be formed with the roads now in progress in Kentucky, and aiming at that point for an eastern outlet. It is also propose earry a branch down the Kanawha to its mouth, nearly apposite to Gallipelis, to connect with a road proposed from that point to intersect with the Hillsboro and Cincinnati and the Cincin-

nati and Marietta railroads.

Virginia and Tennessee Railroad.—The leading object in the construction of the above road is to form a part of a great route connecting the North and the South, by a road runing the North and the South, by a road running diagonally through the United States. This line, commencing in the eastern part of the State of Maine, follows the general inclination of the coast, and passes through our most important eastern cities as far south as Washington. After reaching this point, it still pursues the same general direction, and passing through Charlottesvill, and Eynchburg, in captral Virginia, and soon after leaving the latter place enters the lotty ranges of the Alleghany.

The Cuban Trouble.—The Washington Star informs us that the President has resolved to send a Commission to Madrid for the adjustment of our difficulties with Spain. The gentlemen selected for this pursues the same general direction, and passing through Charlottesvill, and Eynchburg, in captral Virginia, and soon after leaving the latter place enters the lotty ranges of the Alleghany. place enters the lofty ranges of the Alleghany mountains, which it traverses for hundreds of miles, till they subside into the plains circling Homely but useful testimonial.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS COPT the Gulf of Mexico, The northern portion this great line is in operation troin Watervill Maine, to Charlottesville, Virginia, a distan

of nearly 800 miles. Parts of the south vision are completed, and the whole with the exception of the short link from Charlottesville to Lynchburg, is in active progress. Of the central links, the Virginia and Tennessee is the longest, and in this point of view the most important. It extends from Lynchburg to the State line of Tennessee, a distance of 205 miles. About 60 miles of this road are completed, and the whole is under contract for completion during the year 1854. The means for its construction are turnished jointly by the State and individual subscriptions, in the portion of three parts by the former to two the latter. When completed, this road will form a conspicuous link in one of the most magnificent lines of railroad in the world, both as regards its length and importances The prospects of the local business of the above road are favorable. It traverses a fertile portion of Virginia, abounding, moreover, in most of the valuable minerals, such as iron,

coal, lead, salt, etc. At present, there is no more secluded portion of the eastern or middle States than the country to be traversed by the above road; all its great resources remain undeveloped, from the cost of transportati market. When this road shall be opetic market. When this road shall be operied, he section will display more progress, or furnish, according to its population, a larger traffic.

The friends of this project propose also to make a portion of its line the trunk of a new route, from the navigable waters of the Ohio to those of the Chesapeake. At a distance of about 75 miles from Lynchburg, the Virginia and Tennessee road strikes the great Kanawha near Christiansburg. From this point to the navigable waters of the river the distance is only 86 miles. As the Virginia and Tennessee road is to be connected by railroad with see road is to be connected by railroad with both Richmond and Petersburg the short link described will alone be wanting to constitute a new outlet for western produce to tide water

That this link must be supplied at no distant day, can hardly admit of a doubt. Should the State extend aid to it, as well as to the Centrals line, both may be opened simultaneously bearing There are numerous other important lines of railroads in Virginia, among which may be named the line running through the State from north to south, made up of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac, Richmond and Petersburg, and Petersburg and Weldon roads ties in a republican government. Despotism abolition mob of Boston. Whilst the Sumners, assumes many of the characteristics of a mountained and Danville, executes its purposes with the bayonet, but in Sewards, and Giddingses of Congress are tain stream. This fact has compelled the confree government the supremacy of law is de- shunned by their fellow-members, as beings struction of numerous and costly works, such Alexandria, and the Manasses Cap rail made

of travel through the State from north to south Its revenues are cheifly derived from passenger traffic; its direction not be favorable to a large. freight business. The whole line is well managed and productive, and is daily improving invalue, from the extension of both extremes of the great system of which this is the connect. The South Side and the Richmond and

Dunville roads are works of importance, from the extent of their lines, the connexions they form, and their prospective business. Starting from two, the most considerable, towns in eastern Virginia, situated at the head of navigation on two-important rivers, they cross each other diagonally about midway between their respective termini, thus giving a choice of markets to the country traversed by either. The former constitutes the extension eastward The former constitutes the extension eastward of the Virginia and Tennessee line, and opens an outlet for that work to Richmond and Petersburg. The latter will also secure to the same cuties the trade of important portions of southern Virginia and North Carolina, and will undoubtedly be extended eventually into the latter State, and form a junction with the North Carolina railroad, at or near Greensboro, forming, in connexion with the North Carolina and Charlotte and South Carolina and Charlotte and Charlot

railroads a new and independent interior tottle between Richmond and Petersburg and the southern States, Timbles field sings The Seaboard and Roanoke railroad is also a line of much consequence, and may eventu-ally become a work of great importance, dr-pending, however, upon the future progress of Norfolk, its eastern terminus. The lence of the harbor of Norfolk has led to great expectations in reference to the future growth of that city. Its position has been compared with that of New York, and it bears a relation to the Chesapeake bay, and the rivers entering it, similar to that of the former to the Hudson river and Long Island

Sound. No portion of the country possesses greater commercial capabilities than eastern Viginia, and it would seem that the numerous rivers by which it is watered would develop a trade sufficient to build up a large commercial town. Such has not been the result, however inexplicable the cause.

The great seats of commerce lie farther north, and the seaports of Virginia, instead of being depots from which are distributed to the consumers the products, of the State, are merely points en route to the great northern , markets. Her people being devoted chiefly to agriculture, no large towns have grown up within her territory. Should, in time, a greater diversity of pursuits secure the consumption, by her own people, of the surplus products of her soil, Norfolk could not fail to be come an important commercial town. Tha Seaboard and Roanoke road would be her great arm of inland communication, combin-ing, as it does, with the roads penetrating the interior of the State, and of North Carolina. As it is, it is a road of much consequence, and essential to the symmetry of the railroad system of the State, and will always transact a large business, even under a continuance of the present condition of things in the State.

The other leading roads in Virginia are the Orange and Alexandria and the Manasses Gap railroads. The former extends from Alexandria to Gordonsville, on the Central road, a distance of about 90 miles. It is an important line in that it convertes the contral road. As it is, it is a road of much consequence important line, in that it connects the central portions of the State with the Po and the cities of Alexandria and Washit on the part of the State and individuals, in the ng central and wes ginia and eastern Tennessee. To con such a connexion, only a short link, extending from a central road near Charlottevilla is necessary. There cannot be a doubt that the rislature of Virginia will allow the construction of this link, and aid it with the life ality

extended toward similar works

The Manasses Gap road branches off from the Orangs, and Alexandria road about 25 miles after leaving Alexandria, and is to be extended into the valley of Virginia through the gap in the Blue ridge above named. A portion of the line is already in operation. It is intended to carry this road up the valley to Staunton; there to form a junction with the Central line. The Winchester and Potomic road, at present a short though productive local work, will probably be extended so as to connect with the above road—thus forming at line through the whole extended the valley of line through the whole externof the valley of Virginia, and connecting with the Baltimore and Olio road at Fiarpers Ferry, and with the Potomac at Alexandria.

THE CUBAN TROUBLE .- The Washington



CHARLESTOWN:

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1854.

Our citizens were again startled, on Thursday evening, about 3 o'clock, by the cry of fire; it was soon ascertained that the stable of Mr. Thos. Johnson, on the suburbs of this place, was enveloped in flames, which was entirely consumed; fortunately no further damage was sustained, as our citizens were promptly on the spot, and confined the fire to where it originated. It is generally believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Mr. Johnson requests us to return his sincere thanks to the citizens generally for their promptness In saving his house, &c., which was in great danger of being burned. COVINGTON AND OHIO RAILROAD.

A meeting was held at Charleston, Kanawha county, on the 26th ult., to devise mesms for the vigorous prosecution of the Covington and Ohio Railroad. A resolution was adopted recommending to the friends of this work throughout the State the holding of a convention at the White Sulphur Springs on the first Monday in August next; and a large number of delegates were appointed to attend the proposed convention. The meeting also recommend-

EPECOPAL CORNER STONE. The corner stone for the Episcopal Church at Stannton was laid on Saturday week. A very large number of people were in attendance, and the procossion of Masons, Odd Fellows, and Sons of Temperance, was more imposing than is usually seen on such occasions. Prof. Johns was the superintending architect, and the Masonic fraternity laid and adjusted the stone according to their ancient forms. Bish-

region are warmly enlisted in the enterprise.

op Jours delivered the address, of which the Spectator speaks in the highest terms. ACQUITTAL OF MONTAGUE. At Petersburg, on the 5th inst, the case of Lewis Mentague, charged with the murder of G. G. Thompson, in 1852, was submitted to the jury at 7 o'clock, and after an absence of over an hour sent word to the court they were unable to agree. The court then adjourned until next morning at 10 o'clock, at which boar the jury rendered a verdict of " Not Guilty." At its appouncement Montague fell back in his seat

and burst into a flood of tears. An immense crowd had assembled in and about the court house, and the greatest excitement prevailed. This was Montague's second trial. On the first he was convicted and sentenced to be hung. The discovery of new and important evidence for the defence accounts for the difference in the two verdicts.

The most animated contest ever known in Wash-

ington, for mayor and municipal officers, took place on Monday last. John W. Maury, the present incumbent, and John T. Towers, long time an Alderman, were the candidates. The canvass was not confined to party politics, for Whigs and Democrats voted without regard to the old political issues, but other matters entered into the struggle. The Society of "Know Nothings" are said to have supported Mr. Towers, but to what extent we have no means of judging.

The vote was a very large one, being 3000 for Towers and 2560 for Maury. The poll two years ago was 2389 for Maury and 1496 for Lenox, being Much money, it is said, changed hands on the oc-

EXCHANGE BANK, WASHINGTON. ROBERT W. LATHAM, has withdrawn from an active participation in the management of the concern of SELDER, WITHERS & Co., with a view to give his attention to private affairs. He still retains his interest in the business. Mr. LATHAM was the founder of this prosperous institution, and by his skill, energy and never flagging industry, carried it through many severe financial struggles. His efforts have been rewarded by the most eminent success.

DEATH OF MON. JOHN F. SNODGRASS. We regret to see it announced that Mr. Snodgrass,

member of Congress from the 12th or Wheeling district of Virginia, died suddenly at his residence in Parkersburg, on the 6th inst. HAMPSHIRE RAILROAD.

We have received from some friend a copy of the

\* Report of the Board of Directors of the Alexandria Loudons and Hampshire Railroad Company, made to the Stockholders, Meeting held April 21, 1854, with the Chief Engineer's Report of his preliminary survey," accompanied by a map showing the location of the road, and its connections with the principal castern and western cities. PRESTON LAND.

John J. Brown, a Commissioner appointed by Court offers for sale a tract of land in Preston County, Va, and closes his advertisement as follows:

The above tract of land contains some 800 acres, situated in that most delightful region, the Gladeswhere game and trout abound. The decree authorises no preference of bidders, but the commission would be much pleased to sell to a good-natured, lasy man, fond of hunting and fishing.

The land is to be sold on the 2d Monday of July

NEW HAMPSHIRE LEGISLATURE.

Private dispatches have been received announcing the election, by a small democratic majority, of Francis R. Chase, of Conway, New Hampshire, as speaker of the house. Mr. Chase is a democrat of the purest water, and has been from the first an outand-out- advocate of the Nebraska bill. The whigs and free-soilers united in support of one of the most rabid and ultra free-soilers New England can produce. The process of abolitionizing the whig party of the North " goes bravely on,"

THE CHOLERA. This fatal disease has appeared at Nashville, Tennessee, causing sixteen deaths in two days. A number of fatal cases of the same disease also took place last week at Cincinnati. In New York city last week there were twelve fatal cases of cholera, besides five of cholera infantum, twelve of cholera morbus, seven of diarrhoa, and sixteen of dysentery. One hundred cases of cholera were under treatment a few days ago at the New York Quarantine, and on Sunday the ship Charles Crocket arrived there from Liverpool which had thirty-one deaths on board of cholers during the voyage.

Mr. William Robinson, of Wirt county, Virginia died of cholera, in Cincinnati, last week. It is stated that two fatal cases have occurred at Guyandotte, Virginia, two at Kanawha Salines, and one at Long Kanawha county, Virginia. Eight c appeared at Gallatin, Tennessee, on the 31st ult.

U. S. SENATOR FROM MASSACHUSETTS. The Governor has appointed Hon. Julius Rockwell, of Pittsfield, United States Senator in place of Hor.

Edward Everett, resigned. LATER FROM CALIFORNIA. By the arrival of the Star of the West, at New York

on Thursday, we learn that the legislature of California adjourned on the 15th of May, after having defeated the senatorial bill. A fire lately occurred at Yreka, consuming property to the amount of one hundred and fifty thou-

sand dollars. The weather for the two weeks previous to the departure of the mail had been remarkably favorable for agricultural purposes. News from the mines

states that the miners were generally successful intheir operations. The Star of the West brought \$1,300,000 on consignment, and \$500,000 in the hands of passengers.

San Francisco Markets.—On the 15th, the flour market closed quiet, at \$11.50 for Gallego. Mess Pork at \$23. Clear pork \$15. Bacon, extra clear, \$16.50. Hams, 132. 13-R. W. Latham offered his services to the Cher-

apeake and Ohio Canal Company, as President, one year, for nothing, but it seems that the Company did ot think cheap service the best, and elected Samuel Hambleton at a salary of \$2,500. Mr. Latham, proposed to visit every point on the line once a month, if health permitted; to increase the tonnage and to-duce the expenditures, or forfeit \$20,00016

CENTRAL RATIROAD.—Passengers now breakfas in Richmond and arrive in Stauston to dinner.

THE MARRIAGE FETE OF MRS. ANNA CORA ! MOWATT.

Wednesday afternoon the marriage of Mrs. Mowatt and Wm. Foushee Ritchie, Esq., sen of the venerable Thomas Ritchie, of Virginia, took place at Ravenswood, L. I., the residence of Mr. Samuel G. Ogden, the father of the bride, in the spacious mansion of the Gibbs family, which had been specially prepared for the occasion. About two thousand invitations were issued to the numerous friends of the bride and groom, and of their respective families. Among the invited guests were the President and Cabinet, and a large number of the members of Congress and of the Virginia Legislature, personal friends of the groom. It was intended to have the ceremony performed under a spacious tent in the lawn, but the uncertainties of the weather compelled the abandonment of that idea. The Rev. Mr. Wilkes, a receiver of the doctrines of Swedenborg, was to have officia-ted on the occasion. The New York Post, of Tuesday, speaking of the arrangements for the marriage fete, which was expected to be one of the most brilliant ever given in this country, says:

Rumor assigns the privilege of acting as brides-maids on this occasion to Miss Emily and Miss Grace Ogden, sisters of the bride; Miss Margaretta Ogden, the bride's neice; Miss Sargent, of Boston, a sister of Epes Sargent; Miss Willman, of Boston, and Miss L. Epes Sargent: Miss Willman, of Boston, and Miss L. Appleton, of Cincinnati. We have heard the names of but three of the groomsmen: Mr. James' Sargent, of Boston, brother of Epes Sargent, Dr. Keene and Mr. Peterson, of Philadelphia. The names of the other three, for there are to be six, have not transpired. It is understood that the bride will be presented at the ceremony, by her father, followed by her mother upon the arm of the groom.

Dancing will commence immediately after. Dodsworth's band has been engaged for the occasion, to discourse its sweetest music, both in the house and

discourse its sweetest music, both in the house and on the lawn. Refreshments will be furnished the company upon their arrival and after the ceremony. A cold collation and refreshments, embracing every delicacy that the season affords, will be supplied throughout the afternoon and evening until ten o'clock, when a boat, expressly engaged for the oc-casion, will take back to the city such of the guests as may be pleased to stay to so late an hour.

The bride and groom will make a short excursion from town, return Friday morning to Ravenswood, ed the calling of an extra session of the Legislature at the earliest practicable period. The people of that and leave the same afternoon for Brandon, in Virginia, the family mansion of Mrs. Harrison, one of Mr. Ritchie's sisters. After a brief stay there, they will go home to Mr. Ritchie's charming residence.

> ANOTHER REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIER GONE. HAMPSHIRE COUNTY, VA., May 15. DEAR BELLER: With a heavy heart, I take up my

pen to give you an item of sad intelligence. The venerable, the much-beloved, ROBERT M. POWELL, of our county, is no more! He died very recently, in our midst, in the 94th year of his age. He was the last Revolutionary Soldier that resided in our county-the last link in the chain that connected her with the times that "tried men's souls." What a destroyer is time! How ruthless are his

doings among the children of men! But a few days age, comparatively speaking, at our Courts and public sales, we were wont to see lots of those heroic men of the Revolution; to listen to their stirring narrations of the battles in which they bore aloft the banner of their country; and to see them "shouldering their muskets and showing how fields were won." But alas! slas! these patriotic-inspiring spectacles will greet our eyes no more, nor fill our hearts with the fire of patriotism. For one after another of them has been cut down in our midst, by his ruthless southe, until at length, the last one, the venerable Powell too has fallen a victim to the steel of this heartless tyrant! Sad reflection! Melancholy consideration! But though we of Hampshire can no more see their snow-white heads, their corrugated physiognomies; nor, as was our went, minister to their corporeal wants; yet we still can do them good. We can doubtless rejoice their departed shades by preserving from the polluting touch of the tyrant the Temple of Liberty which they reared for us at the expense of so much blood and treasure, and which they have left us as the richest of legacies. And

- A SUBSCRIBER.				
OF (	CLARKE	COUNTY.		rieu
eriff.	Com'r.	Surv'r.	Scl	lool.
John Pierce, j	J. F. Ryan	Alfd	In favor	Against
	aledra	I. F	10	58
ALL IS SECTION AS		103	1000004-0-63	68
63	137	99	84	34
40	68	56	21	26
10	44	15.78 • 15.70 ·	24	10
32	112	distriction.	52	34
241	597	258	254	230
	iff. John Pierce, jr. 4155 63 40 10 32	OF CLARKE criff. Com'r.  John Pierce, Jr.  41 119  55 117  63 137  40 68  10 44  32 112	OF CLARKE COUNTY.  riff. Com'r. Surv'r.  Surv'r.  Alf'd Castleman  1. F. Byan  1. 119  1. 119  1. 119  1. 119  1. 103	OF CLARKE COUNTY.  Priff. Com'r. Surv'r. Sol  Alf'd Castleman  41 119 46  55 117 103 27  63 137 99 84  40 68 56 21  10 44 24  32 112 52

will we do this? We will-we will.

Hancock's maj. over Pierce, Dem. nominee, 133 .-The school bill is defeated, not having received the required three-fifths vote. MAGISTRATE—District No. 1, Beverly Randolph, to supply the place of Seth Mason, who had removed

from the district. CONSTABLES .- District No. 1, Thos. W. Russell-no opposition; No. 2, H. D. Hooe, 31 maj. over James McCormick; No. 3, S. B. Redman, 165 maj. over Henry Edwards; No. 4, P. K. Royston, 47 maj. over

A REMARKABLE STONE-A FACT FOR THE We have frequently heard of the existence of a stone said to possess the power of attracting poison ejected into the system from the bites of animals, reptiles, and insects. We regarded the story of its existence, however, like that of the "Philosopher's

Stone," a mere creation of the imagination. We were informed, recently, however, by an intelligent and reliable gentleman of the county, and a member of the last legislature, that his mother-in-law has such a stone in her possession; that it has been in possession of different members of the familiar for the county and that although it ly for two or three generations, and that although it came from Scotland, no account can be given by any one how it was first obtained. The stone, he informed us, is very hard, of a po-

rus nature, dark greenish color, and not more than an inch or two long; that he has applied it in numberless instances to persons bitten by spiders and snakes, with entire success, and in one instance only, (owing to too great delay,) out of a great many, did it fail to afford speedy relief, and effect

On applying the stone to the wound, it instantly adheres, and remains until saturated with the porson, and then drops off. On placing it in warm water, the poison is soon seen to come out in greenish spangles, when the stone may again be applied until a complete cure is effected.

This is a description of the nature and qualities

of this singular and valuable stone, which perhaps but few persons will be inclined to believe, although literally true. We are not aware that the existence of such a stone is known to the scientific world at all .- Spirit of the South.

[In connexion with the above, we would add that we are reliably informed that such a stone as is above described has, for twenty years past, been in possession of the family of the late Mr. John King, living on what is called Church Hill, in Richmond, Va.; and that during that time its qualities in counteracting the effects of poison, as alluded to; have been many times successfully tested.

O-We were pleased, on yesterday morning, to welcome home our friend Col. C. F. Suttle, who had ust arrived here. He left Boston in the Revenue cutter bound for Norfolk; but being detained by head winds, he and Mr. Brent took the opportunity afforded by a vessel fallen in with off Sandy Hook, to put into New York; which city they reached on Tuesday. The Cutter continued its course to Nor-

Col. S. speaks in the highest terms of the conduct of the President throughout the whole affair. He also bestows unqualified praise upon Hon. B. F. Hallet, the U. S. District attorney; Mr. Freeman the U. S. Marshal; the Citizen Soldiery of Boston; and the Police, and Assistants of the Marshal. These all did their duty in the firmest and most faithful manner. The sympathies of the better citizens were on the side of the execution of the law. The Irish population were all on the same side. Numerous threats and warnings were addressed to him, and threats and warnings were addressed to him, and personal appeals from ladies and others, to induce him to desist from his application. The negro was at first anxious to return, and begged the abolitionists to keep away their lawyers and leave him alone; but they kindly told him he was a fool, and ordered him to hold his tongue, and informed him he would be killed sooner than suffered to return to Virginia. Between his guards, determined to keep him, and his self-constituted friends vowing that they would rescue or kill him, he was, therefore in great terror.

Col. Suttle deserves and receives great credit for

or kill him, he was, therefore in great terror.

Col. Suttle deserves and receives great credit for vindicating the Southern question involved in his case, although it was done at a heavy personal sacrifice and risk. He could have compounded the matter and saved himself much trouble and loss; but when a mob urged on—not led—by demagogues and fanatical preachers, had attempted to trample down the law, it was necessary that the issue should be met. It has been successfully met. Anthony is perhaps now in Virninia. If those who professed such a desire to free him in Boston were actuated by philanthropy, however mistaken, instead of a wish to a desire to free him in Boston were actuated by phil-anthropy, however mistaken, instead of a wish to triumph over the majesty of the law, let them now come forward, as they may, and purchase his free-dom. We venture to predict however, that this, if done at all, will be done by those and those alone, who aided in enforcing the supremacy of the law.

[Virginia Sentinel, June 8, 1854.

The corner-stone for the new Presbyterian church to be ereceted in Harrisonburg will be laid ....Mr. Webster's estate has been committed as with Masonic honors on the 4th of July,

There was a very serious riot in Brooklyn, New York, on Sunday evening last. A preacher of the Primitive Methodist Church, name Jas. Folger, ap-peared on a public lot and delivered a sermon on the age from St. Luke" This man recieveth sinners, which was characterized by no demonstration of other sects. The services passed off quietly, but when the preacher, accompanied by a large number of the Americans, attempted to return to New York, an attack was made upon them by the Irish with stones, sticks and brickbats. The Americans marched on in unbroken rank, firing pistols at their assailants. About thirty pistols were thus fired. Several persons were shot in the melee from thirty to forty were more or less injured. One boy was shot in the nose; another in the month; another in the side, while a policeman was shot in the knee; none,

however, were killed. The excitement became intense, and over twenty thousand people were gathered near the scene of action. The Mayor finally called out the military to assist the police, and for ty-six of the Irish rioters were arrested. The attack on the procession of Americans grew out of a difficulty between the same parties on the previous Sunday in relation to the same preacher. The Americans were determined that Folger should preach without molestation from the Irish. They succeed ed, and in the subsequent fight they bore themselves like " men who knew their rights, and knowing dared main ain them." The Americans received but little personal damage in the rencounter.

CONDITION OF CUBA. A letter from a New Yorker in Cuba, which we find in the Journal of Commerce, says that having seen the principal parts of that island, and noted the fortifications and preparations for active war, he is satisfied that the people of the United States have been systematically deceived by publications which have intentionally misrepresented many things too obvious for mistake. There are twenty-four thou sand regular troops on the island, and to these will soon be added three thousand negro troops, to be attached to each battalion as flank companies. The number of frigates, armed frigates and "guarda costas," all manned, on the coast and in the harbors, is four times greater than is generally known here, and there are also a number of ressels which may easily be converted into vessels of war of from ten to twenty guns, besides which four steamers and six ships of the line are now on the way to Cuba, in convoy of transports, with six thousand regular troops, one thousand of whom are artillerists. This writer

"A register of all the landholders and royalists, and those suspected, is in the hands of the Governor. All those who can be relied upon and those suspected, are noted. In the hands of the former, arms wil be placed in the event of invasion, and all suspected will be immediately arrested. The ammunition and arms are carefully guarded, and arrangements are made in case of trouble to pass all public and private treasure into the Moro Castle. The foolish young fellows in the States who join the fillibusters in expectation of plunder and easy conquest, will be disappointed—and, instead of realizing these expectations will find defeat—death, or impresement ions, will find defeat-death-or imprisonment The natives of the island supposed to be friendly to evolution are a feeble race, ignorant of military matters, without arms or concert—and will disap-point the expectations of their friends in the United

CHURCH, IN SHEPHERDSTOWN.

LAYING THE CORNER STONE OF THE M. E Monday last, the 5th of June, the day appo ed for laying the Corner Stone of the M. E Church, in this place, was ushered in with a cloudless sky and a beautiful morning, and at an earl hour persons old and young, little and big, black and white, bond and free, could be seen pouring in our town from East and West, North and South, in countless numbers, in order to witness the ceremonies appointed for the occasion. In every direction was heard and seen the tramping of horses and rumbling of carriages, rockaways and buggies, with persons desirous to see and be seen. At 11 o'clock, the Procession having formed, proceeded on its march, under the direction of Col. John F. Hamtramck, Marshal in Chief; James L. Towner, Aid to Marshal in Chief; and J. W. Reynolds, C. T. Buller, Charles Harper and Samuel S.

Moore, Assistant Marshals, mounted on horse back, in the following order: 1. Marshal in Chief and Aid. 2. Shepherdstown Brass Band. 3. Building Committee.

5. Mount Nebo Lodge, No. 91, Masonic Fraternity, in full regalia, among whose number were also members of the Fraternity from Charlestown, Smithfield and Martinsburg. 6. Harpers-Ferry Brass Band.

7. Uncas Tribe, No. 16, Improved Order of Red Men, in full regalia, accompanied by Black Hawk Tribe, No. 12, of Harpers-Ferry, with a beautiful Banner unturied in the breeze, and also members of the Tribe from Weverton, Martinsburg and Sharps-8. Potomac Division, No. 60, Sons of Temperance

accompanied by members from Elk Branch and Sharpsburg Divisions. 9. Troop of Horse, commanded by R. Davis Shepherd, Jr., and assisted by Licutenants James G. Hurst, Daniel Morgan and David Horn. During the progress of the Procession through the

rincipal streets, the several Bands discoursed most excellent music, which gave life and animation to the beautiful appearance of the entire Procession .-On arriving at the foundation of the Church, the

following exercises took place:
1. Rev. Philip Reser, of the M. E. Church, read the 2d chapter of the 2d book of Chronicles, in an ve manner. 2. Rev. J. P. Smeltzer, of the Lutheran Church, offered up an appropriate prayer.
3. Overture by the Shepherdstown Brass Band.

4. Deputy Grand Muster George L. Washington then proceeded with the ceremonies of laying the Corner Stone, in which the following articles, among others, were deposited:—Bible; Methodist Hymn Book; Methodist Discipline; Baltimore Con-ference Register for 1854 and 5; Charlestown Free Press; Christrian Advocate and Journal; Shep Press; Christran Advocate and Johrnat; Shep-herdstown Register; Annual Report of Baltimore Conference Tract Society for 1854; History and Register of M. E. Church, Shepherdstown, Va.; Reminiscences of Methodism, by Mr. Thomas Hessy; List of Officers and Constitution and Bye-Laws of the Improved Order of Red Men, Uncas Tribe No. 16; List of Officers and Constitution and Bye-Laws of Sons of Temperance, Potomac Division, No. 60; List of names of persons employed at work at the Church; Daguereotypes of the Rev. John Bowen and Rev. George Sumerfield; Letter of a secret society directed H. G. O. T. S. I. and other articles. The audionce then obtained seats.

5. Discourse by Rev. R. A. Fink, of the Lutheran Church, of Martinsburg, which was delivered in an appropriate manner, and one which is spoken of a being marked with much ability, and as very im

pressive and intellectual in its character. 6. Benediction by Rev. George W. Cooper, of the M. E. Church, of Martingsburg.

The ceremonies being concluded, the Procession again formed, and after completing its prescribed route was dismissed, without anything whatever having occurred to interrupt or mar the exercises of

the day. Thus ended the ceremonies of the day appointed for laying the Corner Stone of the M. E. Church, in Shepherdstown.—Shep. Register.

Accounts from the Piedmont country, give a deplorable picture of the wheat crop. A letter to the editor of the Fredericksburg Herald, from Fauquier county, says; "Our wheat crop is an entire failuremost farmers will not make a bushel to the acre. Some fields where guano has forced it ahead will make something. The joint worm is worse on us than the potato rot in Ireland. It will be years hence before our farmers will sow wheat to any extent. We must

depend on cattle, sheep, &c., hereafter. RHODE ISLAND PATRIOTISM .- The new city government of Providence, R. I., organized on Monday last. The city Council voted not to have the usual folk with the negro Anthony on board, in charge of the U.S. Marshal and his assistants, who will take tolled one hour at sunrise, noon and sundown on that day, on account of the repeal of the Missouri Compromise and the recent event in Boston. They

are certainly very patriotic. 63-By late clerical changes in the Pension Bureau at Washington, JAMES E. STEWARF, late of Berkeley. has been promoted to a third class clerkship; and WM. L. BOAK, late of the same county, has been transferred to the Land Office.

OFTwo hundred and fifty-five thousand dellars of the National debt was redeemed at the Treasury last week. The amount of the debt outstanding is forty-nine million of dollars. If the present prosper ous, condition of affairs continues, the whole debt will be paid in two years from the surplus revenues. The stock is worth a premium of twenty-two per cent, which the government is obliged to pay in redeem ing it, as it is not yet due.

07 The Washington Star says that Capt. F. M. C. Triplett, late chief clerk of the pension bureau, is preparing a digest of the pension laws of the United States, at the suggestion and under the suspices of the Secretary of the Interior and Mr. Comn Waldo, which will enable any intelligent person to prosecute claims, and transact business with the bureau without employing a legal agent.

83 The Governor has appointed the following rentlemen visitors of the Military Institute:-Gen Francis M. Boykin, Col. Wm. B. Taliaferro, Benja min F. Garrett, James Barbour, Gen. Douglas B. Leyne, William Seymour, Col. Samuel L. Hays, Benjamin Rush Floyd. The Board will meet on the 20th inst.

ing, caused by the interesting ceremony of the dedication of the new Masonic Hall; a large number of distinguished Masons were in attendence, and strangers from various parts of the surrounding country. This magnificent Hall, situated on the corner of Market and Monroe streets, is one of the noblest structures in our State. It is owned by a joint stock company, a majority of which are Masons, under the name and style of "Washington Hall." The first story contains six large granite-front stores; the second story a magnificent saloon and ante-rooms; the third story and attic are used exclusively for Masonic purposes, and are fitted up in a style of oriental splendor. The architectural style is Castelated Doric, 80- The Alexandria Gazette says: It is amusing to read the fabrications of the organs of the Northern traitors, in relation to the Fugitive Slave case. One story is, that Burns was sent on purposely for the sake of making a disturbance. Col. S., as we have already stated, was greived and astonished at the escape of his servant, and went on astonished at the escape of his servant, and went on to reclain him very reluctantly. Another is, that Col. Suttle was reported at some Woman's Right's Convention as being a native of New Hampshire, and of his having a female relative present, who ex-cused him, &c., &c. Col. S. was born and raised in Stafford proventy V.

ay the 1st inst. was a lively day in W

Stafford county, Va, and has no female relative in New Hampshire. The lies of the traitors are gross MARYLAND COAL TRADE.—The amount of Coalsent from the Cumberland region during the week ending on Saturday, the 3d of June, was larger than during

any other previous week. During the week 8,272 18 tons pas Cumberland Company's Railroad and 6,431 00 tons over the Mount Savage Railroad—making 14,703 18 tons from the Frostburg region for the week and 121,286 01 tons for the year.

During the same time 6,087 19 tons passed over

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad from the Westernport region, making for the year from that region 64,475 12 tons. Amount for the week 20,791 17 tons (against 19, 946 09 tons the week previous) of which 6,296 08 tons descended the Canal and 14,495 09 tons went to market by Railroad. Total for the year 185,761 15

against 177,524 up to same period last year. Rumons—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia American states that President Pierce is preparing a supplemental message on the subject or Cuba, warlike in tone. Also that Mr. Mace, of Indiana, has prepared a bill repealing a portion of the

EMIGRATION TO OREGON, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, NEBRASKA, &C.—Last week 700 Germans passed through Cincinnati for Oregon, and 730 for Nebras-ka. Messrs Israel and Lewis Garrard, of Cincinnati, sons-in-law of Judge McLean, and grand-sons of Israel Ludlew, who surveyed the town-plat of Cincinnati, are about leaving for Puget's Sound, Washington Territory. Minnesota is filling with unparalleled rapidity. The roads leading to it through Iowa and Wisconsin, it is said, are literally crowded with teams and stock belonging to immigrants. We also see it stated that forty or fifty Vermonters have just started from Underhill to settle in Wisconsin.

A SMASH UP. The express train from Baltimore due at Cumberland at half past 3 on Wednesday morning, ran off the track about two miles west of the Frederick Junction, in consequence of the spreading of the rails. The splendid locomotive No. 201, the tender, baggage car and Adams & Co's Express car, were pretty well smashed to pieces. Fortunately no lives were lost, although one of the firemen on the engine made a narrow escape. The damage is estimated at about \$8,000. The train did not reach Cumberland until half past 5 on Wednesday evening.

.... A correspondent-"A WIIIG"-has sent as, says the Boston Post, the following epitaph for pub-

In memory of JAMES BATCHELDER, aged 24 years, who, on the 26th day of May, 1854, in the City of Boston. in the very TEMPLE OF LAW, and in the performance of his duty as a policeman DEFENDING THE LAW AND ITS SANCTUARY WAS MURDERED AY A MOD-instigated to riot and bloodsked. in the name of

HUMANITY AND FREEDOM, by Theodore Parker, a minister of the Gospel of Peace, by Wendell Phillips, a wealthy citizen of Boston,

and by other kindred spirits, and advocates of the "higher law." LATER FROM TEXAS .- Another Massacre by dians.-We have dates from Galveston to the 31st ult. Five hundred Seminole and Camanche Indians, under the command of Wild Cat, were within 30 miles of Victoria. The Advertiser, of that place, announces the arrival of an express, and says:

They have attacked a company of mustangers traders citizens and soldiers. Several were killed when the express left. He left them fighting and supposes all will be killed. They first attacked s company of twenty-five soldiers, and killed all but two, and then immediately surrounded the mustan-gers and traders, who were pushing to the relief of the soldiers. The express says he thinks thirty Mexi-cans and five or six Americans were killed in the company of mustangers, besides the soldiers near by The express is a Mexican, who made his escape by running through the Indians after all hope was lost He says his horse was killed under him, and be mounted an Indian horse near by and saved himself. Several other scattering squads are also killed in that vicinity, and one family. The Indians were heard to say during the fight that they would kill everything and desolate the country to the Rio Grande. This report is generally believed here, and considerable excitement prevails.

MONEY LOST IN THE MAILS. An applicant for a patent, on his withdrawal of his application, instructed the Commissioner of Patents to forward to him by mail the sum of twenty dollars due him from the Government on said

withdrawal. The Washington Star says: The money was sent agreeably to his instructions, and was lost in course of transmission. On his application to be reminerated said sum, it was held that the Post-Office Department is established for the convenience of the people, and is a medium for them to transmit and receive intelligence and all mailable matter; but it is not an insurance office. The postage charged is no more in the estimation of Congress than a fair compensation for the services actually rendered, and is not a reward for any risk run in conveying mailable matter. If the Postmas-ter General, or the President and Senate, have appointed a dishonest Postmaster, the United States are not bound to remunerate the loss an individual sustained by his having violated the laws, and there is no liability imposed on the United States in this case, from the fact that they were the trustees of said applicant and sent the money by mail as he

STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.-The Richmond Despatch states that the Virginia Agricultural Society have in hand the sum of \$19,947 70, which the Treasurer has been ordered to invest in Stocks .-There are subscriptions yet remaining, which will swell the amount to \$50,000. The City Council of Richmond have adopted liberal measures to provide rooms for the Society, and have agreed to furnish it all the grounds necessary for the Fall exhibition, properly fitted up, and \$1000 to aid in paying the expenses. The society may now be considered as established upon a firm basis.

WEST POINT.-The examination of the Cadets at West Point is going on. On the 20th, the young men are to go into camp not far from the Academy grounds. Among the new pupils is one from Tennessee, who stands six feet eight inches in height.— His "plume" may be seen towering above his fellows

Mayoralty of Washington, at different periods, who were printers by profession. Their names we subjoin: Roger C. Weightman, Joseph Gales, W. W. Seaton, Peter Force, and John T. Towers. The first and the last-named are natives of the city of Al-

....The Washington Star says the new Spanish Minister is believed to be very busy in negotiations with the Secretary of State. It is thought that protracted consultations are taking place between them at the State Department almost daily.

... Mr. W. F. Wood, of Quebec, denies that Mrs. Robinson, the veiled female, convicted of murder at Troy, N. Y., is any relation to his family, or remotely connected with Queen Victoria, as has been stated. Mr. Willard, of the Troy Seminary, says he thinks her name is Campbell, and that she cloped from Que-bec to New York, after the death of her first husband, with a young cab driver.

....Among the many pretty presents to Mrs. Mow-att, upon the occasion of her recent marriage, was a att, upon the occasion of her recent marriage, was a groupe of statuary, from Spencer's Fairy Queen, from her publishers in Boston, Messra, Ticknor, Reed & Fields—a beautiful copy of Miranda gazing at the shipwreck, from Miss Appleton—an elegant inkstand surrounded by cupids, from Mr. Peterson, of Philadelphia—a Parian vase from a friend—a magnificent set of pearls from the groom—a beautiful embroidered chain from her sister, Mrs. Mecke, and worked by her own hands; besides silver, embroideries, and fancy work without limit.

eries, and fancy work without limit.

....Further California gold arrivals are announced yesterday, with two week's later advices. The arrivals of California gold this year are largely in excess of the exports, and this enables the United States Treasury to lock up nearly \$30,000,000 without materially diminishing the specie deposits in the banks. Shipments to foreign countries in gold bars have become one of the great mineral products of the United States.

... Professor Stowe said, yesterday:
"I pretend to no great things; but I here say
that this beard don't leave this chin until the repeal of the fugitive slave law is secured."

The public will be sorry to hear of this determination; for it has long been thought that the professor's beard, and pants; too, could be more appropriately worn by another member of his family.

... A solution of iodine is reported by M. Bern-rd, of the Academy of Sciences, of Paris, to be an utidote to the venom of the bite or sting of ser-

atrocious murder of Mr. and Mrs. Wickham at Cutzchogue, town of Southhold, Suffolk county, Long Island. Nicholas Bain, the perpetrator of the crime,
having taken to the woods to clude arrest, and as
great fear was entertained that he would avoid the
vigilance of the sheriff, consequently the people of
the township and country mustered together a force
of several hundred men, armed with pistols and
guns, who formed themselves into squads of twentyfive and thirty, and thus divided off in various directions for the purpose of scouring the woods and
swamps throughout the section of country where the
murderer was known to be.

Justice Osborn, of this city, wishing to aid the

Justice Osborn, of this city, wishing to aid the authorities of that county in the capture of the vilinan, sent down constable Nesbit and Sergeant Dowliian, sent down constable Nesbit and Sergeant Dowling, two very expert officers for that purpose—These officers arrived on Sunday afternoon, and on that evening a meeting was held. At this meeting of the people the two New York officers were chosen captains, and under their orders, squads were formed who took different directions, keeping always within hearing distance, so that whoever discovered the murderer, by discharging a gun, should give the understood signal for a general muster.

In this manner, at sundown, the various squads took their positions and kept guard. At about 2 o'clock on Monday morning Nicholas Bain made his appearance from a swamp on the south side of the Island. One of the guards observed him, and as quickly did the criminal see his pursuers, and scouted back to the woods. The guard discharged his gun at him as he retreated, but without effect. The discharge created a general alarm, and a more viguilant watch was kept until day light.

At 9 o'clock a discharge of guns was heard in a piece of woods situated within half a mile of the Hermitage depot. Cheering and halloowing took

a piece of woods situated within half a mile of the Hermitage depot. "Cheering and hallowing took place. The signal was understood. The New York officers were in a few minutes on the spot, and there they found Nicholas Bain covered up by some brushwood, apparently insensible. At first he was thought to be dead, as a wound of about two inches in length was visible on his threat. He was picked un from his hiding place, and conveyed to the road.

up from his hiding place, and conveyed to the road, and laid under a tree. Here a scene occurred which baffles description.— The alarm having become general that the murder-er was captured, the whole force in pursuit came hurrying up, yelling and che ing like so many crazy men; each one, too, wanted to inflict a blow on th monster. The cry was, "hang him up to the tree,"
"Dispatch the villain," "Let's look at him," "Let's see what he looks like," "Take his head off," said another. Officer Dowling protested against any such steps being taken, and was actually compelled to stand guard over the accused with a loaded revolver, to prevent the excited people from carrying the lynch law into effect.

The prisoner appeared to have been worn out with fatigue. In his pockets was found a single barrel pistol, loaded with small shot, a pocket knife, and a razor case, from which it is supposed he took the razor to kill himself, and after inflicting the wound threw it away. In his pocket was also found bread and cake enough for him to subsist upon for two days. The bottoms of his pantalogus were satturated with blood, apparently that of his victims. He would not speak, although it was evident from his physical appearance that he could if he chose but was acting in that manner to affect hisanity. A wagen was procured, and the prisoner was placed therein and conveyed to a barr near the Her-mitage depot. Pere the officers placed bim in the custody of the sheriff. Dr. Lord was sent for to ren der medical assistance. He found the windpipe sev ered to the extent of about half an inch, but the arteries not being injured, the doctor pronounced the wound not one of a fatal character, and there-fore he considered the wretch would recover. The wounds were dressed, and it was only when the needle passed through the skin, in strtching up the cut, that he exhibited signs of animation.

The great curiosity exhibited by the excited popul lace induced constable Nesbrit to gratify them; and, therefore, he requested them to form a line, and pass in single file by the criminal, which they did, and were enabled to take a view of the monster as he lay. Each one, as he possed, gave vent to his feelings by an exclamation of "O, you villian!" "O, you murderer!" "You ought to be burned alive!" and all such similar expressions. The great excitement was now over—the fugitive was caught, and in the hands

jail at Riverhead, where he will be kept to await his The funeral of Mr. and Mrs. Wickham took place at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, attended by their relatives and a large number of friends and acuaintances. At last advices the colored boy waset breathing, although no hopes was enfertained

of the law. That afternoon he was conveyed to the

Nicholas Bain, or Beheehan, arrested on the charge of being the author of the borrible murder of Mr. and Mrs. Wickham, on Long Island, N. Y., has made a confession to Dr. Carpenter, as follows: "I started from Greenport at about 8 o'clock or Friday night, for Cutchogue, and arrived at Wick ham's house by 11 o'clock, I got the post-axe from the wood-pile, and got into the house through the

kitchen window and passed up into the kitchen gar-ret where the negro boy slept. I struck him three or four blows over the head with the axe. [He did not kill him, swing to the lowness of the roof, which prevented his swinging the axe.] The garret was situated on a level with the floor upon which Mr. and Mrs. Wickham slept, and communicated by a door which opened upon the second story hall of the main building. The last door upon this hall was the one in which the mardered couple slept. On opening the hall door, Mrs. Wickham opened the door of her room and asked, 'Who's that?' and added immediately, 'Nicholas, what are you doing here? What do you want?' Mr. Wickham sprang to the door at the same moment, and I attempted to strike him with the axe. Mr. Witkham grasped it, and I then struck him in the mouth with my fist; Mr. W. got the axe out of my hand and struck at me with it; I caught the handle as it descended, and struck him twice again with my fist; the third blow knocked him down; Mrs. Wickham was crying out, "don't kill him, Nicholas; take anything you want, but don't kill him; and in her struggle with me she tore of my shirt; I struck Mr. Wickham several fines with the axe, while he lay upon the floor, and had struck Mrs. Wickham several blows with the axe in the scuffle; while I was striking Mr. Wickham I observed that Mrs. Wickham was getting out of the window; I pulled her back by the feet, and then fin-ished her with the axe; I can't tell how many times I struck Mr. Wickham, but he got up three times, and I hit him several blows each time. I then pass ed back into the kitchen garres, and fastened the loor after me; went down stairs, through the parlors, and up the stairs of the main building to ser-

vant girls' room, but I found the door and the win Finding they had escaped I tried to get down stairs but could find no door, though I had a light, with me, so that I was obliged to pass into the second story hall and through Mr. Wickham's room to the window. I threw my axe and lamp out of the window and then dropped out myself. I went back to Greenport; got there at 2 o'clock in the morning, went to bed and slept till morning, intending to leave by the steamboat for New London in the morning. But on looking out of my window I saw many persons whom I knew moving about, and therefore did not dare to attempt it. I then walked upon the railroad, thinking to get upon the cars and go to New York; so I walked along thinking to stop the train and get up some distance from the de-pot. I passed into the bushes and remained there luring the day and at night went to the house of Mr. Thompson, an Irishman, and asked for a drink and some food. Mr. Thompson said: "You are the man that lived with James Wickham, are you not?" I replied 'Yes.' Thompson then stepped between me and the door, and presented a gun to my breast, say-ing, 'You are the murderer; then you can't pass out of here; if you do I shall shoot you.' I drew a pis-tol and said, 'I have murdered, and have not done yet; if you stop me I will shoot you.' Thompson saw several persons with guns near his door, and turned to call them to his assistance, when I jumped out of the window and ran for the woods; I got there ahead of them and escaped; I then crossed the woods to the Railroad bridge to get to New York, on foot; I was then hailed and ordered to stop by some one who snapped a gun or a pistol at me; I turned and ran to the woods again, chased by several men, one of whom shot at me as I entered the woods, but with out injuring me; I laid down in the woods, and laid there until 8 or 9 o'clock Sunday morning, without were on my track, passed within a few feet of me but did not see me. Soon afterward I started off to the westward. I was again discovered and returned to

westward. I was again discovered and returned to the bush, pursued by the people.

"On Sunday night I made another attempt to get west, toward the city, and was stopped and shot at by three men; some of the shot passed through my sleeve, the rests over my head. I went back to the woods again and laid down. On Monday morning I saw the people searching the woods, but did not change my position. I laid still until they come within a few feet of me, and I saw they had discovered me. I then took a razor from my pocket and cut my throat. I was then taken."

The prisoner also stated that he killed Mr. Wick-ham for discharging him and Mrs. W. for taking the part of the girl Ellen. The latter, he says, he intended to outrage and then murder, as well as the other servant-girl. He had contemplated the massacre a week before.

He subsequently stated that he knew he should richly merit all the punishment that might be meted out to him. He requested an interview with the servant girl Ellen, which being accorded, he pointed his finger toward her, and said, "You, and you only, caused all this!" Meaning thereby, that her coldness to him had led him to do the deed. She burst into tears and fled into the house. He wished to see the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Wickham, but this was denied him. He is a tall man, of spare and awkward figure, about six feet in height, dark complexion, dark eyes, and bair rather inclined to curl

The day after making the above confession he de-nied any knowledge of it, and said if he had made it he was out of his mind at the time. His father, other and sisters reside in Ireland, and he appear anxious to keep the news of his arrest from th .... In Court Square, Boston, on Monday, a man in the crowd, with great irreverence, suggested that the three thousand clergymen be brought out to disperse the mob. "Yes" said a by-stander, "set them to preaching, and no mob could ever stand against it.

ARRIVAT DE THE ARCHIE

k on Sunday morning the 18th the Buchanin transacted business at the Foreign

There is no war news of any special interest, othing decisive having taken place.

There is a complete accord between the four pow-re—England, France, Austria and Prussia.

SPAIN The Spanish advices say that the Black Warrior affair is still unsettled, and that Mr. Galliano, special messenger to Washington, is endeavoring to settle the matter with Mr. Soule's intervention.

THE SEAT OF WAR The Russians were endeavoring to cut off connication between Varna and Silistria. The combined fleets were still cruising before Se

It is confirmed that a protocol had been signed by the four Powers to maintain the integrity of of Turkey. Austria and Prussia will now demand that Russia shall evacuate the Turkish territory, and accordingly the draft of a note to Russia has been sent by the Vienna conference to Berlin for approval by the Prussian Government.

According to advices from Frankfort, the Ministers of Austria and Prussia have presented to the Diet the joint declaration of these powers, announcing the continued cordiality of the four Powers, and declaring that a prolongation of the struggle between Russia and Turkey must constitute a change to Germany. After submitting this declaration, the five Protocols of the Vienna conference were laid before the Diet. The Austro-Prussian treaty was notified to the Assembly, and the other German States invited to adhere to it.

There was nothing later from Sillistria.

There was nothing later from Sillstria.

An English division was to embark at Constantinople for Varus and a French force was to march to the Balkans on the 25th. The Russians were manœuvering to cut off all communication between Varna and Silistria. On the 11th uft, the affled fleets were still off Se

Gen; Forey's division of French troops left Malta on the 22d, in 14 steamers to take posses

Athens.

In Parliament, explanations had been given respecting the various incidents of the war. Lord Clatendon stated that the treaty between Austria and Prussia would be laid before Parliament as soon as the protocol containing it should be received. He further stated that papers would be laid before the House to show that coercive measures against Greece were necessary, and finally that the latest intelligence received by the British Government was that Persia will remain neutral in the Turkish war.

Sir James Graham admitted that the Tiger stea frigate had gone ashore and been captured by the Russians. He also stated that the Russian ports in the Baltic and Black Seas, had been blockaded, but, at present, there was no intention on the part of the allies to blockade Archangel or the White

Liverpoor, May 28.—Herman, Cox & Co.'s circular says that Breadstuffs were in extensive demand at the close of last week. This, however, has not been followed up during the present week, the large arrivals and showery weather, caused buyers to curtail their operations. There is still not much change in prices, although it is easier to buy than to sell at quotations. Cotton was steady and unchanged on Saturday .-

Consols had advanced to 90 a90 . McHenry's circular says that Flour has declined during the week 3s.; Wheat 6d.; and that Corn was quiet, about the same.
Ohio Flour is quoted at 39a40s; Canal 38a38s.
6d. White wheat 12s. 3d.a12s. 6d. SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES

The Madrid correspondent of the London Times, May 20th says that the statement made by Le Patria to the effect that at the conference between Mr. Soule, and the two Spanish Ministers, the affair of the Black Warrior had been settled to the satisfaction of all parties is totally false and unfounded. An interview took place, but unfortunately, it led to no such desirable result. The question is as far from adjustment, so far as regards anything that has been done at Madrid, as ever. He says his information on this head is positive.

THE WAR. The Northern Daily Times says that a large body of Russian Grenadiers are marching to the frontiers of Warsaw to act either against Austria or

A despatch dated Constantinople, May 15th, says that the Russians are advancing from Drobudscha, and they have cut off all communication be-tween Silistria and Varna, as well as the sea coast, and have done the same between Varna and An English division of Light Infantry at Scutari

received marching orders on the 14th. Their desti-nation is thought to be Varna. The allied armies are in motion to with Omer Pasha to form his reserve. STILL LATER. New Your, June 8.—The steamer Hermann, from Southampton, arrived this morning with London

dates of May 24, and 260 passengers. Among the latter are J. Henriguez, late United States Consul to Australia, and J. Bryso, bearer of des-THE EASTERN WAR. Admiral Napier after 8 hours bombardment de-strayed the fortress of Gustafswern at the entrance

to the Gulf of Finland, and 1500 Russians were The British steamer Tiger, taken by the Russians near Odessa, had been burnt. The Paris correspondent of the London Times says a combined strack on the Crimen by land and sea had been resolved upon at Constantinople.

It was reported from Vienna that Russia bad

concluded treaties with Persia, Bokbara and Khiva, and is to keep a subsidiary force in those A squadron of Spanish steamers was preparing at Cadiz to sail for Cuba in July. Troops are to leave in June for the same destination. A despatch from Warsaw, dated May 24, says that a corps of groundiers was daily expected there. It would be under the command of Gen. Rudige; and be stationed to the South of the town, on the Bug, Narvew, and Weischel, in order to be able to. operate either against Prussia or Austria.

A letter from Constantinople, under date of May the 15th mentions as follows:

"The ship Phoebe has just arrived from Abasia.—
If brings the confirmation of the news that the Russians losing all hope of defending the coast, in consequence of the blockade, have evacuated their positions from Batoum to Anapa an extent of 2000 The ship Descartis quitted the station of Sevastool on the 11th. At that date the fleets were cruis

ing before that place, but the fogs were so thick that the admiral's ships were obliged to fire guns in order to make known their respective positions. It is said that France will send 170,000 men to the East for the purpose of vigorously proscenting the war, and as speedily as possibly, bringing it to A Greek Bishop was arrested at Pesth on the evening of May 18, as an emissary of Russia. Import-

ant papers were found upon his person.

Six more Russian vessels had been taken as prizes, and put into the port of Memel, where prizemasters were put on board, and they were despatched to England. A telegraphic despatch via Hermanstadt from Bu-charest, of the 19th states that the Russians since the 16th had unexpectedly suspended their cannon-ade against Silistria.

One explanation of this may come from the circumstance that the vatiguard of Gen. Luders, about the 13th experienced at the hands of a Turkish division a defeat, accompanied with very serious

Advices from Berlin state that all the troops in Poland are on the march to the Baltic provin-INDIA AND CHINA. The India overland mail arrived at Trieste with lates from Calcutta to the 29th of April; China,

March 12; and Australia to March 29. Trade at Calcutta was dull. The Patriot army in China was advancing towards Pekin.

It was reported that the Americans have established friendly relations with Japan, AUSTRALIA

The yield of the Australian gold digglings is acreasing. Business at Sydney was dull—the corresponding Gold was in advance of the standard price. ENGLAND. The financial policy of Mr. Gladstane was approved in the House of Commons on the 22d ult, by a

SUICIDE.

vote of 290 to 186.

On Tuesday morning Mr. Michael Click committed suicide in the jail. Mr. C. had been laboring under mental derangement for sometime. He was put in jail—was examined by competent physicians and pronounced non compos ments. For some two or three weeks he had manifested the full return of his son, and desired to be set at liberty. But on the reason, and desired to be set at liberty. But on the fatal morning above mentioned he coolly put an end to his mortal career, by taking his neck-hand-kerchief, tying it around one of the grates in the door of his prison, and then fastening a noose around his neck, squatted back and suffered the noose to strangle him to death. What prompted this deed of self-violence we are not able to say. But we suppose something disturbed his mind. He left a wife and two children in this place, some twenty years ago, and was not heard from till last Fall, when he returned. Since which time he has exhibited the estrangements to which two have referred.

Whenling Bridge.—The Wheeling (Virginia)
Times renews its suggestion that the city bridge
company and the several railroad companies should
unite in erecting a bridge over the Ohio at that
place. Truss bridges, it remarks, can be made safe at
not exceeding 400 feet. It is then practicable, by the not exceeding 400 feet. It is then practicable, by the erection of two peers upon the bar on the west side of the river, say 230 feet, the first, from the western abutment, and the second 230 feet from that, and one on the east side of the channel, 210 feet from the abutment would leave a span of 340 feet, which would be sufficient for all purposes of navigation, and in no way at any time conflict with it. A suspension bridge for the use of locomotives, however strong the brige may be, however numerous the ca-

ited the estrangements to which we have rel

[Romney (Va.) Argus.

New York, June 11, 10 P. M.—The Americ camer Pacific arrived at her wharf at hal clock, bringing dates from Liverpool to O hours.

The Pacific left Liverpool at 2 o'clock on the after oon of the 31st, and brings 167 passengers.

The steamer Africa arrived out at 10 o'clock on the evening of the 28th.

A telegraphic despatch from London, dated Satur

A telegraphic despatch from London, dated Saturday at noon, says that there is very little business doing on account of the Derby races. Consols closed at 912.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

A steamer from the fleet brings intelligence that Gustusvarna was bombarded without effect on the 22d ults. Another attack was intended to be made

The allied fleets were still blocksding Seba The Turkish fleet was off Varna on its way to

eported that King Otho accepts the ultimate Vaples has declared her neutrality. The adhes the smaller German powers to the Austro-Pr

ian trenty is secured.

Russia has certainly concluded a treaty with the A late telegraph dispatch from Belgrade announces that Silistria beld out on the 26th.

The Circassians had been driven back four times with great loss by the Russians.

Tunis sends 10,000 men to the Porte.

Two thousand Greek insurgents are posted near

A French division had arrived at Piraens.

The Russians are metacing Erzeroum and have ecently made a compulsory enrollment of 30,000 Ar-

Two Russian war vessels have been presented to A Russian steamer sailed out of Sebastapol, not-withstanding the blockade, and captured an English merchantman in the Black Ses, but being discovered cut the prize adrift and got back saie to Sebastapol. The Neva was free from ice on the 2d of May, and had cisen so high that an inundation was feared. Fifteen stone bridges across the Neva were to be broken down, and the remainder mounted with hea-vy cannot.

The Emperor of Russia has been quite sick.

THE MARKETS.

Breadstuffs.—Flour has declined ddals per bbl.—Sales of Western Canal at 38s and Ohio at 39s.—Cornas declined 2s, sales being made at 40s for yellow

STREET PREACHING EXCITEMENT. More Rioting Several Men Shot Mill-

New Your, June 11.—There was street preaching gain at Brooklyn to day, and several riots. The Angel Gabriel held forth on corner of Hoyt and Atlantic streets. All was quiet antil the close, when a disturbance commenced. Two or three Irishmen were arrested by the police, and a rescue attempted, during which they were badly besten by the offi-

Later in the afternoon another disturbance occur red at the corner of Hicks and Atlantic streets. Several shots were fired, supposed by the police. I'wo or three are said to be severely wounded. strong force of extra police are out, and the ourteenth regiment are under arms at the City In this city there has been no disturbance as vet

Mayor Westerveit has made ample arrangements to quell any riot, an extra police force having been appointed, and a regiment of National Guards held in readiness, with six rounds of ball cartridges.

New York, June 11, 12 P. M.—There are a number of wild struck here, but the riots at Brookley. but nothing that is refiable. DEATH OF MRS. DENNISON.

Louisville, June 11.—Mrs. Dennison, daug Ex-President Tyler, and wife of the Rev. Mr. son, tector of St. Paul's Church, died on Thursday last, after a short illness. Balloon Ascension at the Crystal Palace
—Accident to the Aeronaut—Escape of

the Balloon, & c. New York, June 9-Mr. Wise, the celebrated aero-New York, June 9—Mr. Wee, the celebrated aeronaut, according to announcement, ascended in his balloon to-day from the Crystal palace. An immense concourse of people collected to witness the exhibition. The process of inflation was gone through with in due form and successfully. The period arrived after having cent off various pilots to ascertain the direction of the wind when the aeronaut was to take his position in the care and mount surveyed. the direction of the wind when the aeronaut was to take his position in the car and mount upward. He came forward all prepared, before the immense crowd, and got into the car; the fastenings were cut, and the aerial ship monated upwards. A strong wind prevailed at the time, and after ascending the balloon steered towards Flushing, where coming withing some fifty feet of the earth Mr. Wise fell out. He struck the ground with much force and was seriously but not dangerously hurt. Besides several bruises, one of his frost teeth was knocked out. His escape was miraculous. The balloon took a quick opward flight, going towards Boston, and soon disappeared, flight, going towards Boston, and soon disappeared, probably not to be heard of in a hurry.

Routhennes, Mass., June 11.—The balloon of Mr. Wise, which escaped from him on the occasion of his recent ascent from the Crystal Palace on Friday ast, alighted the same day in Eastford, Connectscut, in good condition. BALTIMORE MARKET-SATURDAY.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The Flour market is very quiet and dull, with a drooping tendency. Sales on late thange of 500 bbls floward streets brands at \$8.-75; and 600 bbls flity Mills at \$8.371 per bbl, closing dull, with not much disposition to purchase.— Stock light,
Grain and Skeds.—The Grain market is very
quiet, and receipts light. Only a small lot of Wheat
offered, no sules. Corn.—About 9000 hushels offer-

onered, no saids. Sorn—About solv hushes obered; and mostly sold at 74 cents for white, yellow 77a79 cts. per bushels. Ryc—None offered. Osta—About 1450 bashels offered; and sales of Pennsylvania Osts at 57a57 cts. per bushel. Seed quiet—Woquote Clover at 4,62a54.68, Finothy 2.75a53, and A FURIOUS ELEPHANT AT LARGE.

Three Horses Killed-Numerous Wagons Demolish-The large elephant Hannibal, attached to the Broadway menagerie, which was on exhibition at Pawtucket, on the 3d inst, got loose from his keep-er on the way from Pawtucket to Fall River early resterday morning. Before starting, his keeper made him fift the limiter part of a wagon loaded with 3,500 pounds, for the purpose of getting it into line. It is supposed that this although not unusual might have suggested to him the mode of attack which he

It is supposed that this although not unusual might have suggested to him the mode of attack which he adopted afterwards.

When about seven miles from Pawtacket he became furious, turned upon his keeper, who had to fly for his life and take refuge in a house, got free, and rushed along the roud, destroying everything in his way. Meeting a horse and belonging to Mr. Stafford Short, he thrust his task into the horse and lifted horse, wagon and rider into the air. He mangled the horse terribly and carried him about fifty feet, and threw the dead body into a pond. The wagon was broken to pieces, and Mr. Short considerably hurt. The elephant broke one of his enormous tasks in this encounter. A mile further the elephant now grown more furious, attacked in the same manner a horse and wagon, with Mr. Thomas W. Peck and his son. He broke the wagon and wounded the horse, which raff away. Mr. Peck was badly hurt in the hip.

While the keepers were engaged in securing the smaller elephant, which had not, bowsver, manifested any sigus of insubordination, the larger one got off from them, and went through Barneyville, when Mr. Mason Barney and another man mounted their horses and keep on his freek ha near to him as was

off from them, and went through Barneyville, when Mr. Mason Barney and another man mounted their horses and kept on his track as near to him as was prudent, giving warning of the danger to the passengers whom ther met on their way. The elephant would occasionally turn to look at them, but did not attempt to molest them.

The next man in the path was Mr. Pearce, who was riding with his little son in a one borse wagon. He was coming towards the elephant, and being warned by Mr. Barney, turned atomic and put the borse to his speed, but the elephant overtook him, and selizing the wagon, threw it litts the alr, and dashing it to pieces, and breaking the collar bone and arm of Mr. Pearce. The horse, disengaged from the wagon, es-Pearce. The horse, disengaged from the wagon, escaped with the fore wheels, and the elephant gave chase for eight miles, but did not catch him. The elephant came back from his unsuccessful pursuant and took up his march again on the main rowhere he next encountered Mr. J. Eddy, with a ho and wagon. He threw up the whole establishm in the same way as before, smashed the wagon, ked the horse and wounded Mr. Eddy. He threw the norse and wounded in a cause he have then broke down the sence, went over and p up the dead horse and deposited him in the up the dead horse and deposited him in the road where he had first met him. He hilled one other horse, and pursued another, who fied to a barn; the elephant followed, but at the door was met by a fierce bull-dog, which bit his leg and drore him off. Once on the route, the keeper being ahead of him, saw him plunge over a wall and make for a house. The keeper got into the house first harried the fright. eper got into the house first harried the ple within to the apper story, and project with an axe, succeeded in driving off the

During the trip of the Crystal Palace from St. ouis a slippery chap, who was a little lame and very niable, was caught in a gentleman's state-room in-muning his hand under the pillow. He was

During the storm on Wednesday last, the German Reform Chuch in this place was struck by lightning, though no scrious damage was the consequence.—
The same building was struck by lightning about seven years ago, and some years previous a house on the ground where the church now stands was also struck. The ground is quite elevated at this point, and it would be wise to guard against the dangers referred to by the erection of lightning rods at the Church.—Martinsburg Republican.

An Unexpected Repairer.—The Fredericksburg Herald gives an account of a very unexpected reprieve (a pardon, we suppose) of three negroes in the county of Northumberland, Va. They had been condemned to be hung for an attempt to poison their master, Captain Haney, and were in the act of being executed, with the graves dug, shrouds prepared, &c., when the messenger arrived with the reprieve from Gov. Johnson. He had been delayed by high water and other obstacles, and on the morning of

water and other obstacles, and on the morning of the intended execution-day was twenty-five thills from the place where the gallows was erected—just an hour and a half before the ropes were to be ad-

eached a depth of 460 feet, and the water is flowing reely and continues to increase. It is expected to arnish an hundred and fifty gallons a minute, when The Richmond Dispatch says the first German paper ever published in Richmond, and we believe in Virginia, has just made its appearances here. It is called the "Richmonder Anzeige"—i. e. "Rich-

Marriages.

On Thursday, the 1st instant, at Christ Church, Baltimore, by the Rev. Dr. Junes, Daniel P., Bed-Inger, Eagr., of Nicholas county, Kentucky, and ANN ELIZABETH, daughter of the late Matthew Ranson, of Jefferson County, Vs.

In Christ Church, Winchesler, on the 1st installt, by Rev. C. Walker, ARTHUR M. ALLEN, of Clarke county, and Miss Janes; and at the same time and place, by same, BEVERLL R. JONES, of Frederick county, and Miss REBECCA J., daughter of the late A. S. Tidball, of Winchester.

On the 25th ultimo, at Chalbim, Columbia county. On the 25th ultimo, at Chatham, Columbia county, New York, by Friend's Ceremony, JOHN JAN-NEY, Jr., of Loudout, County, Virginia, and ELIZA F., daughter of John Corris, of the former place. On the 6th inst., by Rev. R. A. FINE, PETER SNOWDEAL, of Martinsburg; and FANNIE ROUX; of Hagerstown, Md.

In Washington, D. C., on Friday hiorning, 9th instant, after a painful and protracted illness, which he bore with christian patience and resignation, Mrs. ANN TALIAFERRO MILLER, wife of James of this content of this J. MILLER, Esq., of that city, but formerly of the place, and daughter of the late Dr. Tallareas STRIBLING, of Clarke county, Virginia. On the 23d ultimo, at Warm Springs, Bath county, the residence of her father, Daniel McCause, Mrs. SALLIE A., wife of F. Davinson, in her 24th year. She was a native of Loudoun county. In Williamsport, on Thursday; the 11th ult.; at the residence of her son-in-law James H. Anneason, Esq.; Mrs. ELIZABETH LONG, for increase Martinsburg; elict of A. DEVENPORT LONG, in the 64th year of h In Martinsburg, en Wednesday last, Mrs. FANNY HUTCHINSON, wife of James Hurchinson, aged 58

years and 13 days.

On Friday, 5th of May, at the residence of Jacob Mosgan, Esq., Jefferson county, Va., GEORGE W. HALL, son of G. W. and Mary A. HALL, aged four The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET. BALTIMORE, June 9, 1854. CATTLE.—The offerings at the Scales on Monday driven to Philadelphia, 50 left over unsold, and the balance (300 head.) were sold to city butchers at prices ranging from \$4.25 to \$5.75 on the hoof, equal to \$8.50 a \$11.50 nct, and averaging \$5.25

gross.

Live Hoes.—Sales at \$5 50a \$6 25 per 100 lbs.

COFFEE.—The sales of the week comprise 1,800 bags Rio at 10 all to for common to prime qualities.

FLOUR.—Sales to day of Howard street Flour at CORN MEAL.—Baltimore ground \$4.00 per bbl.

The following are the inspections of Flour for the
week ending June 8th: 11,675 barrels and 239 half
bbls. Together with 256 bbls. Rye Flour, and 861
bbls. Corn Meal. WHEAT.—We quote prime whiles at 190a210 cts. and reds at 195a202 cents.

CORN.—We quote at 77a31 cts for yellow, and 73a CLOVERSEED. We quote siles at \$5 00 pe

bushel, for fair to printe parcels.

LARD.—We quote bbis at 97 cts.

WOOL.—Fine fleece 25a5Ff cts; tubwashed 25a28
cts; pulled 25a20 cts; and unweshed 17a48 cts.

WHISKEY.—We note sales of barrols through the week at 28 a 29c. We quote bhds. at 23c. ALEXANDRIA MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 9, 1854

FAMILY FLOUR, per bbl. \$9 50 a 10 50 SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl. \$62 a 8 77 WHEAT, (red) per bushel. 1 85 a 1 90 Do. (white) do 1 95 a 2 00 RYE, per bushel. 0 90 a 0 90 RYE, per bushel. GEORGETOWN MARKET

WINCHESTER MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 8, 1854. Corrected weekly by samli hartley, at the depot. 

Special Potices. RULES AND REGULATIONS

To take effect on and after the 1st of May, 1854. For marriage announcements, no charge will be Obithary notices not exceeding six lines will be inserted gratis. The excess above that flumber of lines will be charged according to the advertising rates. Tributes of respect will be charged at advertising rates.

All communications designed to promote the personal interests of individuals, or that do not possess general interest, will be charged for at the usual advertising rates. Those of an offensive personal character will not be inserted.

All advertisements forwarded by Newspaper agents will be charged at the usual advertising rates; and must be accompanied by the cash or its equivalent, deducting the communication. must be accompanied by the cash or its equivalent, deducting the commission.

Patent inedicines shall be charged for at the usual rates of yearly advertisements, and "bishop notices" thoube the advertising rates. Extracts from other papers referring to such advertisements will be subject to the regular advertising rates.

Candidates at nouncements for offices of emolument will be charged at advertising rates.

Of The above rates are not to vitiate any existing centract:

for the Quarterly Meeting for the Harbers Ferry and Bolivar Station; of the Methodist E. Church, will be held at the Ferry Church on the 17th and 18th instant. The friends and community generally are affectionately invited to attend.

June 6, 1854. [FF] P. RESCORL. Patriot says: This medicine, which has been before the public for many years, has met with remarkable success, as we have seen from the most respectable sources: A large number of patients who have been relieved, and a number of the medical profession also, who have used it in their practice, hive voluntarily given their certificates of recommendation to the pro-

prietors.

We are decidedly opposed to puffing quack nostrums, but as we have seen so many letters to Messra.

MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, from the sources above mentioned, we feel it to be nothing more than justice to call the attention of the public to their advertisement in to-day's paper. For sale by

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry,
L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg.

ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown.

And by Dealers everywhere.

Feb. 21.

And by Dealers everywhere. Fcb. 21.

137-Consumption is, without doubt, the most fearfully fatal of all diseases, (except epidemics,) annually carrying thousands to untimely graves. How often could the ravages of this arch destroyer be prevented, if timely remedies were used in allaying the inflammation produced by an ordinary cold.—For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, and all similar diseases, STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT has no equal. It is not recommended as infallible, but medical men and others, who have used and administered it, bear testimony to its extraordinary efficacy. It is known to be a "good medicine," and as such is offered to the public, as also STABLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIAL, for diseases of the bowels. See advertisement in another column, and descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis. Price of each, only 50 cents, or six bottles for \$2.50.

165-Henry's Invigorating Cordial—The

he-Henry's Invigorating Cordial. The merits of this purely vegetable extract for me removal and cure of physical prostration, genital debillity. nervous affections, &c. &c. are fully deserted in abother column of this paper, to which the reader is referred. \$2 per bottle, 3 bottles for \$5, 6 bottles for \$5; \$16 per dozen. — Observe the marks of the Genuise. red only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Frankling Row, Vine Street, below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS—ED.

For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants throughout the country.

PEGL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale agents for Virginia.

WESTERN CATTLE.—The St. Louis Intelligencer, of | WOOLEN FACTOR) the 2d instant, says:
"Prime beef cattle in this and most of the Wester markets are selling at from 7.50 to \$8. This is full 33 per cept higher than they have ever been known before, unless for a week or two at a time."

CLARKE COUNTY SURER.—Two remarkable fine sheep, a buck and a ewe, left the Winchester depot on Wednesday morning for New York, from the flock of Col. Wart: The buck, though only two years old, at a recent shearing, yielded seventeen and a hair pounds of wool. Such sheep cannot fall to reward the enterprise of the farmer. THE MEXICAN TREATY. The Union says that Intel-

ligence has reached Washington, from feliable sources in the city of Mexico, that Santa Anna will accept the Gadsden treaty.

NEW JEWELBY.

HAVE just received the largest and finest, assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY and FANCY GOODS ever offered in this market, a call is solicited. CHARLES G. STEWART. Charlestown, June 13, 1854.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

We have in store 50 tons Perovian Guano, which we will engage to farmers now, and to be delivered when called for. We can sell it below the Baltimore market. The Guano to be paid for in every instance when ordered to be delivered or forwarded. Let farmers make immediate application, as we have already engaged a part of the above lot.

R. S. BLACKBURN & CO. Charlestown, June 13, 1854—3t [FP]

Charlestown, June 13, 1854—3t [FP]

FOR HARVEST.

WE have just received a large lot of GROCERIES such as New Orleans; Porto Rico and Havana Sugars; Crushed and Loaf do; fresh Rice; Chocolate; New Orleans, Porto Rico and Syrup Molasses; a superior lot of Coffee; fresh Lemons, &c. Also English and Anierican Scythes and Whetstones; Rifles and Rakes; a few of Wageley's best Cradles, in short, everything needed by the farmer. We will give the highest price for all kinds of Marketing, such as Eggs; Butter; Bacon; Lard; Wood, Rags, and everything else which is offered and we solicit an examination of our stock by every person, as it will afford us pleasure to show our goods, whether we sell or not.

SHAULE & GRANTHAM.

Middleway, June 13, 1854.

MORE CHEAP GOODS ATTHE CHEAP

MORE !— 1000 yards neat styled Calicoes, fast
colors, 61 cents a yard; 1500 do. French Chintz, latest
styles, 10 cents do.; 1500 do. French and SwissLawns,
a full yard wide; 121 cents do.; beautiful black and
colored Silks, from 50 cents to \$1.00 a yard; great barpains:

Cearlestown; June 13, 1854:

Cearlestown; June 13, 1854.

3 CENTS A PIECE!—Palm Leaf Fans, 3 cts.
a piece! Black Silk Mantillas, richly trimined,
\$2.00; Chali de Laine, Worth 75 cents, at 371 cents a
yard; Silk Bonnets, ready trimined; all colors and
and the very latest styles, as low as \$1.75 a piece; at
ISAAC ROSE'S;
Charlestown, June 13, 1854.

Cheap Store: CLOTHING! -500 Linen, Gignham and Sheer-sucker Coats, from 75 cents to \$1.00, also a very large hew stock of Cashmerett, Cloth, Tweed, Alapaca and Litten Duck Coats; also Partts, Vests, Shirts; and everything else, at greatly reduced prices. Call soon and look at the assortment ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, June 13, 1854.

RISH LINENS, WHITE GOODS AND EMBROIDERIES!—The cheapest in the State.

ISAAC ROSE.

Charlestown, June 13, 1854:

Charlestown, June 13, 1854:

TO THE PUBLIC.—A very short notice of the last publication of Messrs. Henson & Rhor will at this time suffice. If there is in the community, an individual who believes their statements as therein set forth, I certainly shall not trouble myself to enlighten that individual. I shall at my own convenience publish a few documents in relation to this affair. When this occurs I apprehend Messrs, Henson & Rhor will scarcely adhere to their published resolution to "take no further notice of anything emanating from his (my) pen."

T. F. NELSON.

Papers publishing the article of Messrs. Henson & Rhor, will please add the above and send their accounts to the office of the "Spirit of Jefferson."

Summit-Point, June 13, 1854.

T. F. N.

FRESH GROCERIES.—We have just returned from Baltimore, and now receiving a large and general assortment of Goods in our line, to which we invite our customers and others to examine before purchasing their supplies.

H. E. EBY & SON. Charlestown, June 13, 1854. IMPORTANT TO VIRGINIA FARM-ERS.—The undersigned having been appointed agent for J. G. Wright's belebrated self-Raking Reaper, farmers wishing to purchase these invaluable machines must call carly upon the agent. See par-ticulars on handpills. EDWARDHUNT. Charlestown, June 13, 1854:

2,000 OAK SHINGLES for sale by.

R; H. BROWN. A SERVANT GIRL, about 18 or 19 years of age, for hire. Enquire at THIS OFFICE:

June 13, 1854. 25 BUSHELS MERCER POTATOES, also 100 bushels Lime, just received and for sale by H. L. EBY & SON. Charlestown, June 13, 1354.

Charlestown, June 13, 1354.

I OOK AT THE CONTRAST.—In May, 1 1552, when I sold ardent spirits, I received 75 votes at the Leesburg precinct. In May, 1854, when I belonged to a christian church, and to the Division of the Sons of Temperance, and I am a consistent member of both branches, no charges against me in any shape or form, I received but one vote. This shows that vice and immorality is fast gaining ground in the town of Leesburg, Va., and it behooves every true Son of Temperance to use more energy to prevent their sons from being slaves to this great growing evil.

Leesburg, Va., June 13, 1854—14.

A LARGE and hew stock of Embrondered Mos-

A BARGE and hew stock of Embroidered Mus-A lin for Curtains, which will be sold lower than can be bought in this market.

June 13, 1854.

J. D. LINE. TUST RECEIVED-100 bushels No. 1 LIME, fresh from the kiln. June 13, 1554. FOR HARVEST.—5 hogsheads prime New Orleans and Porto Rico Sugars, which I will sell low. Call and examine for yourselves.

June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN.

SYRUP AND N. O. MOLASSES, received and for sale by June 13, 1854.

R. H. BROWN. 10 BBLS. CRUSHED, Pulverized, Granula-June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN. WHISKEY. - The best Harvest Whiskey in town, and no mistake, received and for side.

June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN. 10 BBLS. SODA, SUGAR, WATER, BUT-TER AND PIC-NIC CRACKERS, for sale by June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN. SALT.—Ground Alum and Fine Salt, received and for sale by June 13, 1851, R. H. BROWN: OUEEN AND EARTHEN WARE, receiv-June 13, 1854. R. H. BROWN

BRANDY.—Just received from Philadelphia, 2 casks of Superior Pule and Dark Brandy. Also, one case of hottled do., as follows: Wild Cherry, Raspberry, Ginger, Levender and Blackberry, for sale by

R. L. EBY & SON.

Charlestown, June 6, 1854. L Also, a prime lot of Segars and Chewing Tobacco.

[June 6] H. L. EBY & SON. 25 BBLS. HARVEST WHISKEY, for June 6, 1864. H. L. EBY & SON. CORN STARCH AND RICE FLOUR, received and for sale by June 6, 1854.

H. L. EBY & SON.

SHAD for sale by H. L. EBY & SON. BAKING SODA AND SALÆRATUS; June 6, 1854. H. L. EBY & SON. 50 KEGS NAILS, assorted sizes; for sole by June 8, 1854. H. E. EBY & SON: No.1 POTOMAC HERRING, just received by [June 6] H. L. EBY & SON. 100 SACKS G. A. & FINE SAET, oh June 6, 1554: H. L. EBY & SON!

2000 LBS. COUNTRY CURED BANGE of LEGISTRA PROPERTY OF SALE BY & SON. SUPERIOR GREEN TEAS, part in packs, for sale by H. L. EBY & SON.
June 6, 1854.

JORDAN'S SPRINGS. Will be opened for the reception of visitors on the leth of June: [May 30, 1854.77]

TAX NOTICE. There is Corporation tax due The as Collector, some for 3 years, some for 2 years and for 1853. There is due and uncollected at least \$800, which must be paid in the month of June, as further indulgence cannot be given.

May 30.

C. G. BRAGG, Collector. OLD PORT AND MADEIRA WINE.—
12 dozen Bottles, selected particularly for the sick, and guarantied better than any in the county. For sale, by
May 23, 1854.

SADDLERY, SADDLERY.

SADDLERY, SADDLERY.

COTCH Collars, Gap Collars, Carriage
Collars, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Riding
Bridles, Martingales, Bridle Bits from 12½ cents to
\$5, Spurs of all kinds, Gearing of all descriptions,
on hand and made to order. Repairing done at the
shortest notice.

J. H. FRAZIER.

Simmit Point, May 23, 1854.

HARVEST GOODS.

dozen Rakes, (Thompson's make.)

"English grain Scythes;
"English grain Scythes;
"Sneads;
"Sneads;
"Sneads;
"Whet Stones;
Rice, Sugar, Mulasses, Coffee &c., for sale by

1 "Whet Stones; Rice, Sugar, Mulasses, Coffee &c., for sale by May 30. T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Shepherdstown and Smithfield Tampike Company are hereby informed that an election for a President, Five Directors and a Treasurer, to manage the affairs of the Company, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Hotel of Daniel Entler, on Saturday, the 10th of June next, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, P. M. JOHN M. JEWETT, Sec'y.

Shepherdstown. June 6, 1854. COAL! COAL!!

Consumers of Coal will do well to leave their orders with me during this month, as I am about to contract for several hundred tons, and it is best to be in fime, so as to avoid disappointment. I will be enabled to furnish selected Lump Coal at the lowest rates; also Blacksmith's Coal.

E. M. Alsquith. SYRUP AND MOLASSES, very nice for fa-ble use. [June 6] H. L. EBY & SON. COATS, 300 Linen and Gingham Coats for sale by [May 30.] T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

A.W.CRANES.

IN SHEPHERDSTOWN,
JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA,
AT PRIVATE SALE.

I ain authorized by the present proprietor, to offer at Private Sale, upon what is considered very moderate terms; the WOOLEN FACTORY, in this place, lately owned and conducted by W. L. Webb, Esq. Such an opportifiity of making a good myestment by a practical lifechanic, who may wish either to engage in the manufacturing of Woolen of Cotton Goods, or the Milling business, or of establishing a Paper Mill, or Maghine Shops of any description re quiring either Water or Sleam Power, is not often to be met with. A Factory was formerly carried on at the place now offered for sale, by water power only, which can be greatly increased at a very moderate expense. But in addition to the water power; a first class STEAM ENGINE has been added, which can readily be dispensed with; if desired, and be sold or used elsewhere.

The following is a description of the Steam Engine with Cylinder 15 inches in diameter, 3 feet stoke, with spring packing, iron frame, long slide valve, and thy wheel 12 feet in diameter. The whole made of best materials, and workmanship of first quality, in all respects a first class machine:

TWO BOILERS of 30 inches in diameter! 40 feet

respects a first class machine:

TWO BOILERS of 30 inches in diameter! 40 feet long, made of the best No. 4 charcoal iron; with fornace front, grate, bars, pipes, &c., complete,

Persons wishing to purchase such property are invited to call and examine the premises.

For terms apply to the subscriber, by letter (postage paid) or in person.

Agent for Wm. Hawkins.

Shepherstown, June 6, 1854—34.

Shepherstown, June 6, 1854—3t

The subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that owing to the high price of labor and produce he is necessarily compelled to advance his rates of commission on Grain. Therefore, from and after the 1st day of July next his charges for receiving and forwarding grain will be 2 cents per bushel. He would also state that his lease on the Depot will not expire until the 25th September, 1856, during which time he will always be in the WHEAT MARKET, prepared to give all who may favor him with a call a fair and liberal price for their Wheat. He has also a well selected stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c., of late purchase, which he will dispose of at moderate profits, and hopes by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit and receive a continued share of patronage.

WM. W. BECKENBAUGH.

Duffields, June 6, 1854—3t

TO THE PUBLIC.

MESSRS. EDITORS: A letter from the Hong Charles Mason has been published by Messrs. Henson & Rohr; in which letter it is stated that the patent of said Henson & Rohr for the GUANO ATTACHMENT was not granted to them by mistake. This letter I presume refers simply to those Agents who are connected with the Patent Office.

If, from my former card, an inference has been drawn that I meant to charge a mistake upon any one connected with the Patent Office, an impression has been produced which I did not intend. The mistake to which I alluded and by which Messrs. Henson & Rohr obtained their Patent, was, that I had made, under my own supervision, a correct model of my GUANO ATTACHMENT. This model was pronounced by my Patent Agent too large; a smaller GUANO ATTACHMENT. This model was pronounced by my Patent Agent too larges a smaller one was made in which the characteristic feature of my invention was omitted—this was patented for me. Messes. Henson & Rohr discovering the error in my patent, withdrew a pending application, and patented an Attachment, the chief merit of which is the feature omitted by mistake in the patent issued for me.

I am prepared to supply all who may wish to purchase, and will warrant the complete working of any GUANO ATTACHMENT sold by me. Summit Point, Jefferson co., Va., June 6, 4854—3t

. SHANNONDALE SPRINGS. THIS health-giving and beautiful watering Place will be under the personal superintendence of the undersigned during the coming Sunimer, who will use every effort in his power to render it one of the most attractive and agreeable watering places in Virginia. It is situated on an elevation or spur of the Majestic Blue Ridge Mountain, in the county of Jefferson, five miles south of Charlestown, the county seat.

100 grains of the water from the main fountain, af-forded 63 grs. of Sulphate of Lime, 104 grs. Carbon-ate of Lime; 234 grs. of Sulphate of Magnesia, (Ep-som Salt,) 1 gr. of Mutiate of Magnesia, 1 gr. Mur-iate of Soda, 3-10 grs. Sulphate of Iron, and 7-10 grs.

iate of Soda, 3-10 grs. Sulphate of Iron, and 7-10 grs. Carbonate of Iron.

From the above analysis the waters of Shannon-dale may very properly be classed among the Saline Chalybeates—a combination of the most valuable description in the whole range of Mineral waters. It may therefore be positively asserted, without exaggeration or fear of contradiction, that no mineral water within the limits of the United, States, possesses the same constitutent parts, or is a more salutary and efficient alterative than the waters of the Shannon-dale Springs. This water acts as gently as the milddale Springs. This water acts as gently as the mildest apprient, without giving rise to those unpleasant sensations of pain and debility so often occasioned ordinary cathartics, prepared by the most skillfu physiciane.
The free use of this water, acts almost immediate The free use of this water, acts almost immediately upon the skin and kidneys, removes worms, relieves the convalescent from billions or other fevers, dyspensia, dropsical swellings, calculous affections, hemorrhoids, scrofula, indigestion, rheumatism, loss of appetite, exhaustion, general debility; gravelly concretions, strictures and a variety of other discuses to which map is subject; and it is freely acknowledged by all who have been afflicted with any of the above discuses, that the free use of Shannon-dale waters have effected permanent cures.

Sulphur, Mineral, not and cold Bathes furnished by application at the Bar.

The Hotel is large and commodious—the collages numerous and comfortable.

The Hotel is large and commodious—the cottages numerous and comfortable.

The table will be supplied with the best beel, mountain and valley mutton, together with all the luxuries afforded in the fertile Valley of Virginia.

The best Wines, Brandles and other Liquors can always be had at the table or at the bar.

G. W. SAPPINGTON.

Proprietor of Sappington's Hotel.

Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va.

June 6, 1854.

THE WAY TO SELL BAND! VE advise all persons owning Virginia Lands, and desiring to sell the same; to Advertise first in their own local papers, so that their neighbors may become acquainted with their desire; and flext in some journal of wide circulation, printed at a disin some journal of wide circulation, printed at a distance; so that the attention of strangers may be drawn to the property. THE BEST PAPER IN PENNSYLVANIA TO ADVERTISE VIRGINIA LANDS IN, IS THE VALLEY SPIRIT, published at Chambersburg, Pa., by P. S. Dechert & Co. Its circulation is three times as large as the average circulation of County papers in Pennsylvania, and care has been exercised to have it extensively circulated among the agricultural community, they being generally the most substantial patrons. It is generally believed that an advertisement of Real Estate in this paper, wil be read by more Farmer's, and therefore by more persons disposed to purchase that kind of of property than if inserted in any other journal in this part of the country. The Valley Spirit's circulation lies mainly in the right and populous counties of FRANKLIN and CUMBERLAND, but yet it is not confined to those counties. It circulates also in Ad-FRANKLIN and CUMBERLAND, but yet it is not confined to those counties. It circulates also in Adams, York, Lancaster and Bebanon on the East, Fulton, Bedfordand Soncreset on the West and Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry and Centre on the North. From these parts of our State many Agriculturists have removed to Virginia, and others, it is not to be doubted, will year after year follow. Would it not be good policy for Virginians to bring their property to the notice of those who are contemplating a removal to their State by advertising it in plating a removal to their State by advertising it our paper?

(C.A. copy of the paper will be forwarded to the address of any one who may make the request. Its

arge size, and the heavy advertising custom it enjoys, will serve to show its standing. All communications to be addressed to P. S. DECHERT & Co., Chambersburg, May 30, 1854 NEW STORE AT SUMMIT POINT. NEW STORE AT SUMMIT POINT.

THE subscriber having just returned from Baltimore with a general assortment of DOMESTICS,

SHOES, BOOTS, HATS, CAPS,

QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARY, SADDLERY,

&c.; which he offers at the yery lowest figure for cash. It is his purpose to replenish his stock at least four times a year, which will enable him to furnish the public at all seasons with goods fresh from the tharket. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited promising to give ethire satisfaction in return.

Summit Point, May 23, 1354. Summit Point, May 23, 1854.

Summit Point, May 23, 1854.

\$\text{Q}\_3\text{-Cotton Rags, Beeswax, Hard Soap, Butter, Eggs, Beans, Curn, Oals, Hay, Bacon, Eard, Old Iron, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Silver and Gold coin and Bankable paper, taken in exchange for goods and work at the highest cush prices.

J. H. F.

NEW BOOKS, aleast to The Lamplighter, Price \$1:00
Autobiography of an Actress, 1:25 Russia as it is, MITUOTE CEA D Uncle Sam's Farm Fence. 75 cts. Old Brewery,
With all the latest Periodicals, for sale by
Charlestown, May 23.
S. H. STEWART. 75 cts. HON. T. H. BENTON'S GREAT WORK.

THIRTY YEARS VIEW:
Or, a History of the Workings of the American Government for thirty years, from 1820 to 1850; chiefly taken from the Congr. ss Debates, the public papers of General Jackson, and the Speeches of Ex Senator Benton, with his actual view of the men and affairs, with Historical notes and illustrations, and some notice of eminent deceased cotemporaries.

13-Copies of the above work just received and for sale by
Charlestown, May 9, 1854.

MANTUA-MAKING.

MANTUA-MAKING.

MISS EEIZABETH MCDONALD informs the Ladies of Charlestown that she intends to carry in the MANTUA-MAKING BUSINESS, and to cut and fit Ladies Dresses. She also receives her Fashions monthly and will have Patterns for sale; as also Mantillas and Basque bodies. She received instructions in Baltimore, and is confident that strict attention will be paid. She solicits a call from the Ladies to examine her Patterns and hopes to be patronized.

Her rooms are at her father's residence.

May 16, 1854.

PERSONS desirans of CHURNS. TERSONS desirous of procuring one of the Improved HYDRO-THERMAL CHURNS, patented by Mess. Harrison & Gallaher, of Washington city, can get one by leaving their names at the Free Press Office, where information respecting price, &c., may be obtained. Different sizes will be mahufactured, to suit the wants of the butter maker.

May 30, 1854.

FISH FOR SALE.

I have just received 1200 SHAD and 70,000 HERRING, which is a first-rate article, and in good order, which I will sell by the 100 or 1000.

This is the last chance for farmers and families to supply themselves this senson.

ISRAEL RUSSELL.

Harners Ferry, May 30, 1854. Harpers Ferry, May 30, 1854. WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A JOUR. 75 BUSHELS WHITE CORN MEAL, June 6, 1854. GEG. B. MONROE. June 6, 1854. H. L. EBY & SON. )

rid say what they can, rge prizes M. ANSEL & Co. are the i M: ANSEL & COt, PRESENT a programme of their Splendid Lotte-ries to be drawn in June, and wish for every one good prize. All in want of money will send their ithout delay to the "Old Prize Sellers," M

Will be drawn on Saturday, June 3d, GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY. Capital Prize of \$40,000—1 of 19,109—5 of 8,000— 5 of 4,000—8 of 2,000—100 of 506. Whole Tickets \$12, Halves 6, Quarters 8, &c. Schemes for the Month of Jur Capitals, Tickets, 25,000 1,500 180,909 10111 10 310 26,000 3,899

12,000 4.000 60,000 18,000 77 4 of 5,000 addition 2.50 TRY OUR LUCKY OFFICE,

AND YOU WILL BE SURE AND GET A PRIZE!

[13-We receive the Notes of all Solvent Banks of Checks of Deposit, and we remit in return for prizes, Bank checks on any place in the United States. A single Package of Tickets may draw the four high! Q-All letters directed to M. ANSEL & CO. will come safely to hand, and distant correspondents may feel sure that their orders will be attended to, the same as if they were here themselves.

It has many times happened that we have made our correspondents rich before we have had the pleasure of a personal interview.

The we have thus endeavored to be as minute as possible in all our details. possible in all our details. If any important item of information has been omitted, the undersigned are always ready to answer letters of enquiry. In ordering Tickets, look over the list, select the Lottery, enclose the money, and direct the letter to our address. TRY US! M. ANSEL & CO.,

Box 368, Post Office, Baltimore, Md.
May 30, 1854.

Jefferson, five miles south of Charlestown, the county of the morning train of cars, will arrive at Harpers Ferry at 12 M., from thence in the Winchester & Potomac Railroad cars, ten miles to Charlestown, where a twelve passenger Coach will receive and convey them into Charlestown, and if desired to the Springs to dinner, over a good road and through a lovely ... The Analysis made by the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the county of the mac Railroad cars, the miles to Charlestown, where a twelve passenger Coach will receive and convey them into Charlestown, and if desired to the Springs to dinner, over a good road and through a lovely ... The Analysis made by the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the miles to the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the miles to the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the miles to the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the miles to the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the miles to the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the miles to the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the miles to the late Dr. D. 200 grains of the miles to the county of the subscriber having rented the GRIST AND SAW MILL, of Col. Braxton Davenport, formerly in the occupancy of Mr. Bankin Johnson, on the Smith-field Turnpike, respectfully informs the public that the intring efforts to accommodate, to retain the former custom of the Mill and largely increase it.

May 2, 1854.

WANTED TO FORMALL WANTED TO A GOOD Plain Cook, Washer and Ironer. Also, one or two YOUNG SERVANTS. For address apply to the EDITOR.

LOUDOUN COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL INSTITUTE
AND CHEMICAL ACADEMY,
NEAR ALDIE, VA.
In this institution thorough instruction is given in all the branches of Mathematics of Science useful to the farmer and the man of business. The students are not taught the theart only but they are instruct. re not taught the theory only, but they are instructed in the Practical Application of their studies to ted in the Practical Application of their studies to the every day affairs of life. They are made acquainted with the phenomena of nature, taught the properties of soils, the requirements of plants, the composition of minerals, the utility of different kinds of rocks, laws of mechanical forces, calculations of the strength of materials used for building and other purposes, surveying farms, levelling water courses, laying out roads, making maps, mechanical drawing, calculations required in the construction of machinery, &c. Agricultural Chemistry is thoroughly taught, and illustrated by thousands of interesting experiments in the lecture room; in the laboratory experiments in the lecture room; in the laboratory and on the farm. The advanced students are taught how to prepare pure chemicals, analyze soils, minerals, marls, &c. A workship is furnished with a Turning Lathe and a great variety of tools for working in wood and metal. Hence the students have an opportunity of witnessing all the branches of mechanism from the felling of the timber to the polishing and finishing of handsome and costly apparatus; every part of which is familiarly explained.

Their attention is not confined to the class book.

Their attention is not confined to the class book, but they are taken into the laboratory, the workshop, the garden and the field; and they are made acquainted with hundreds of operations which every body sees, but few can explain.

The design of the Institution is to prepare young men for business. To accomplish this desirable end, neither pains not expense is spared in obtaining eyers thing necessary for full and complete instruction. The building's are new and commodious. The latteratory is conveniently arranged for all the manipulations in qualitative and quantitative analysis, and the location has all the advantages of purity of water salubrity of almosphere, and beauty of scenery.

The course of instruction is varied to suit the farmer, the merchant, the engineer, So.

The regular sessions commence on the first day of October and end on the first day of the following August. Young men wishing to enter as attdents should it possible make application before the closing of the previous session.

Terms per Session of The Months—Two hundred dollars, one-half payable in advance and the remainder on the first of Marcia. This includes Tuition, Board, Lodging, Washing, Fuel and Linghts. Strudents in the Classical Department are charged \$20 per session extra to be paid in advance.

Sons of preachers and editors are charged only \$150 per session.

Books furnished at store prices, for which the students are expected to pay cash.

Farmers can have their soils analyzed and teachfarmers can have their soils analyzed and teachers and students can obtain pure chemical tests at the stablishment.

BENJ. HYDE BENTON, Principal. Aldie P. O., Loudour county, Va., May 2, 1851-ly OPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING: FOR MEN AND BOYS,
n great variety and at the very lowest prices.
Charlestown, May 2, 1854. ISAAU ROSE.

I HAVE now in store my spring and Sommer stock of Goods entonacing every article generally found in a country store. My friends, customers and the public generally are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing and withmake it a mutual interest to purchase of me.

May 2, 1854. HON. THOMAS H, BENTON'S GREAT WORK. THIRTY YEARS VIEW, Or, a History of the Working of the American Gov-ernment for Thirty Years. From 1820 to 1850. Chiefly tuken from the Congress debates, the private papers of Gen. Jackson, and the Speeches of Ex-Senator Benton, with his actual view of men and

Senator Benton, with his actual view of men and affairs.

This Work will be completed in 2 vol., with Historical notes and Illustrations and some notices of deceased contemporaries, the first of which will be published on the 1st of May, 1854, and will be brought down to the close of the administration of Gen. Jackson and will thus form a complete work by itself, containing 700 double column Royal 8 vo. Pages. Price \$2,50 per vol., pay on delivery.

Citizens of Jefferson county, desiring to subscribe, can see the prospectus by calling on W. W. B. Gal. LAHER, at the Free Press Office, who will receive subscription for this valuable work.

JOHN S. HOLLINGSHEAD,

Washington, May 2, 1854.

GLASS, GLASS, GLASS.—I have just received et a large assortment uf Baltimore and French Class of subschare the following sizes. \$810, 10x12.

Glass of which are the following sizes: \$x10, 10x12, 12x14 and 12x18, for sale by May 2, 1854: THOS. RAWLINS. May 2, 1854. THOS. RAWLINS.

PROSPECTUS OF THE

"SPIRIT OF DEMOCRACY."

In consequence of the intended removal of the publication of the "Valley Democrat" to Harrisonburg, and being strongly solicited by numerous citizens of the counties of Shenandoah, Page and Rockingham, we, the undersigned, propose publishing a weekly newspaper in the town of New Market, to be called the "SPIRIT OF DEMOCRACY."

The paperas indicated by the title, and as the location, demands will be theorem of their private or selfish schemes; but the most rigid scrutiny will be exercised in regard to public men and public measures—commending or condemning; as their merits may justly deserve.

Great attention will be given to the markets, Agriculture, Mechanical Afis, Education, News, local and foreign, and such other matters as may be calculated to intercat and instruct all classes.

The material of the office will be entirely new, by which advantage the proprietors will be enabled to furnish a paper, excelled in incelanical execution and beauty by none in the valley.

The publication of the paper will be commenced so soon as the hecessary arrangements shall have been completed on the following terms, viz: \$2.00, if paid in advance; or \$2.50, if not paid within six months from the date of subscription.

GEO. W. MURPHY, Editor & Publisher.
G. W. MURPHY, Editor & Publisher.
G. W. MURPHY & CO., Proprietors.

New Market, Shenandoah co., Va., May 23, 1854.

APPLICA VASITES—For sale by

May 30.

A PPLICA VASITES.—For sale by May 30. WHITE AND COLORED SILK FRINGE, for Capes, Vasites, &c. May 30. WHITE BARAGE, for Dresses, Capes and Scarfs. [May 20] A. W. CRAMER.

MISS MARCARET McMURRAN respectful informs her friends and patrons that her school is no organized and open for the reception of addition scholars. Her course of tuition will embrace the odinary as also the higher branches of a comple English education, including Orthography, Reaing, Writing, Grammar (English and French Arithmetic, Algebra, Geography, as also Chemistr Natural Philosophy, Moral Philosophy, Physiolog &c.

Ac.

The modern languages will be taught if desired, as also Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Miss M. promises, in addition to her own earnest effort to advance her scholars, to procure able assistance, should the number of pupils require it.

TERMS.

For the Elementary branches \$6 per sec. of 5 months, For the higher branches \$7.50

Music, \$12 for 26 lessons.

School Rooms at the residence of Mrs. Dr. Griggs in Charlestown.

NOTICE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That I have placed the WOODS of my wards, Isnac H. Strider and Julis Ann Strider under the care and supervision of Mr. Mcredith Helm, who lives near and can more convenient. niently attend to it that inyself. Any person desiring to purchase such fallen wood or timber as it may be proper to dispose of may apply to him; and all persons are positively forbid from cutting my sortiof wood or timber without express permission.

Guardian of J. H. & J. A. Strider. May 30, 1854 - 3ton school associa to sacraff un VEW BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT. ESTABLISHMENT.

Call Soon and Get Bargains.

The undersigned has just opened in the Shops of Dr. Mason, two doors East of the Valley Bank, a BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT, at which he proposes to furnish to the citizens of Charlestown and the farmers of the surrounding neighborhood, every kind and description of work pattaining to his business, made of the best material and sold on the most accommodating terms. He has just returned from the East, with a choice assortment of BOOTS. Ladies Gentlemen's and Children's SHOES. Gaiters of all kinds, made at the very best shops and the material warranted. He will also manufacture to order, every description of work, and Repairing done at the shortest notice. A call from the public generally is respectfully invited, as his best exertions will be given to render satisfaction to all.

JAMES E. JOHNSON.

Charlestown, April 18, 1854—tf

DEMOVAL .-- NEW SUPPLY REMOVAL. -- NEW SUPPLY.

D. The subscriber has removed his Establishment to the building adjoining H. L. Eby & Son's grocery store, where he will be happy to see his friends and the public. He has just received from Baltimore an entire fresh supply, in part as follows:

1 case Sardines, 1 frail Almonds;
1 frail Filberts, 1 frail Walnuts;
5 boxes Shelled Almonds, 5 boxes Citron;
20 drums Figs. Liquorice:

5 boxes Shelled Almonds, 5 boxes Citron;
20 drums Figs, Liquorice;
5 boxes Gum Drops, 3 do. Jujube Drops;
5 boxes Oranges, 2 do. Lemons;
1 box Conversation Lorenges;
1 box Port Wine Brops, 1 do. Brandy do.;
5 dozen Lemon Syrup, 50 lbs. assorted Lozenges;
1 case Currants, 12 boxes Raisins;
1 lot of nice Baskers;
1 case Brandy Peaches; 2 cases Pickled Onions;
2 cases Cucumber Pickles, 1 bag Palm Nuts;
Also, a fresh lot of Water and Soda Crackers;
April 18, 1851.

WE THING STROOT

WRITING SCHOOL. THE undersigned returns his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, for the liberal patronage he has received as INSTRUCTER in the art of PENMASHIP; and hopes to mer-TER in the art of PENMASHIP; and hopes to merit a continuance of the same

He, liaving been engaged for semetime in giving instructions, to a class in this place, and, rendered entire satisfaction to those who have been in attendance, still offers his services to all who desire to improve in this noble art.

Charlestown, Feb. 23, 1854—tf

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their liberal patronage, during the time he has been with them. And having permanently located himself in West Bolivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal share of the patronage of that place; and the surround Those desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth in-serted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific manner. Sept. 20, 1853.

BLAKE'S PATENT FIRE PROOF PAINT. The subscriber has received a large supply of this valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the most reasonable rates.

L. M. SMITH.

Charlestown, April 25, 1854.

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

A FINE assortment of DRUGS AND MEDICOUNTY Physicians will do well to call and examine.

For sale wholesale or settled. For sale wholesale or retail by April 25

NOTICE. REIGHT accounts must be paid promptly, or all articles will be held until the freights are paid without respect to persons.

Charlestown Depot, April 25, 1854. 10,000 FEET inch PLANE;

.... E. M. AISQUITHAN ON and after 1st day of April, 1851, my SHAVING AND HAIR DRESSING SALOON will be closed on the Sabbath. I will keep open on Saburday night until 11 o'clock, P. M., hoping this will meet the approval of my customers.

BENJ. COOK. THE undersigned are now prepared to result THE undersined are now prepared to resume business on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. They will buy all kinds of GRAIN, and supply Perturian. Guano, Plaster, Salt and Lumber in all its varieties. Now is the time to lay in a supply of Peruvian Guano, for Fall use. A delay until the fall would probably again disappoint our farmers in procuring this valuable manure. We require the easin to be paid to us in every instance and then it will be purchased at the lowest prices.

R. S. BLACKBURN & CO. March 7, 1864. H. Riv Play a [F. P. han syndid on 1

REMOVAL:

THE undersigned have removed to the new and commodious Store-Room; under the office of the "Spirit of Jefferson," where they expect to retain the patronage of their old friends, and from enlarged and superior capacities of accommodation; to receive the visits of many new ones. One of the firm is now in the East, and designs precuring one of the largest and most carefully selected assortment of Goods ever offered in this market, to which the attention of the public generally is most respectfully invited.

BROWN & WASHINGTON. Charlestown, April 4, 1854.

NOTICE.

NO COLORED PERSON, free or slave, will be permitted to pass on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, unless some good and responsible white person vouches for them and gives bond of indemnity at this office. F. BECKHAM, Agent.

WINDOW GLASS.—French and American Glass of the following sizes: 3x10, 10x12, 10x 14, 10x15; 11x14, 12x16, 12x18, 14x20, and 18x22 for sale by [April 25] L. M. SMITH.

TRESH SUPPLY OF NEW

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

The subscriber most respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has just received and is now opening a general assortment of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, embracing everyvariety usually found in country stores, which for style, quality and price are unsurpassed in the Valloy. His stock was purchased at the lowest figure for cash which will enhable him to sell at greatly reduced prices. He invites an examination of his Goods, feeling assured that they will give entire satisfaction. Orders thankfully received and promptly filled.

Kabletown, April 25, 1854.

WOOLEN FACTORY FOR RENT WOOLEN FACTORY FOR RENT.

THE WOOLEN FACTORY, on the Opequon Creck, near Smithfield, known as Whitchill's Factory, is for RENT the ensuing year. Possession given at once. There is also a conifortable DWELLING HOUSE attached. Terms liberal. Apply to WALTER SHIRLEY.

Enhancer 21, 1854, 46

Principal Depots at M. Wand, Close & Co., No. 83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons, and Jenkins & Hartshorn, Philadelphia. Benkins Williams, is now offered for said: For further particulars apply to

May 16—11

A. W. CRAMER.

Daugaists.

Principal Depots at M. Wand, Close & Co., No. 83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons, and Jenkins & Hartshorn, Philadelphia. Benkins, is now offered for said: For further particulars apply to

May 16—11

A. W. CRAMER.

Daugaists.

Principal Depots at M. Wand, Close & Co., No. 83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons, and Jenkins & Hartshorn, Philadelphia. Benkins, No. 125 Main street, Richmond, Va. And for falle by Dr. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, T. O. Halimond, Harpers-Ferry, and by Dealers in Medicines every where.

August 16, 1853—19 May 16-11 CHAS: W. SINOLAIR.

LATE OF VIRGINIA, WITH WM. W. OVERMAN. RICHARDSON & OVERMAN.
UMBRELLA AND PARASOL MANUFACTORY,
No. 106 Market street, Philadelphia.
May 9, 1854—tf

CADDLERY:—I have just opened a large stock of Saddlery, consisting in part of Plated and Steel Bridle Bits, plated and Steel Stirrups, a few hard-soder Sliver plated Bridle Bits, Stirrups, and Spars, common, silver plated, brass and steel Spurs, rawhide Wagon Whips, Buckles of almost every size and pattern; which can be lind at the Market House for cash or one a short credit to punctual costomers:

May 2, 1854. CREAT BARGAINS AT THE CHEAP
CT STORE.—150 pair Ladies' Shocs, at 75 cents
a pair; beautiful Parasols, all Silk, only \$1; 350
French worked Collars, the latest styles out, from 50
to 75 cents, worth double the money.
May 9, 1854.

ISAAC ROSE: NEW SUPPLY.—60 different kinds of Candies,
Almonds, Filberts; Walnuta, Palmnuts, Pecannuts, Figs., Raisins, Oranges, Lemons, Cocoanuts,
Water, Butter, Soda and Sugar Crackers, Pop Syrup;
Lemon-Syrup, Pickles in barrols, Pickles in jars,
Candy Toys, Brandy Peaches, for sale by
JAMES H. FRAZIER,
Summit Point, May 23, 1854.

CROCERIES, GROCERIES.—N. O. Sugar G. 6i conis. Porto Rico for 8 conts, Crossied Sugar, Molasses, Rico, Tea from 75 cents to \$1.25, Pepper, Allspice, Mould Candles, as low as can be had in the county.

JAMES H. FRAZIER.
Summit Point, May 23, 1854. PINE APPLES.—The subscriber has just go caived a lot of PINE APPLES. Call soon and get supplied.

J. F. BLESSING.

May 30, 1934. TOWN STATE

county. The addition to be of stone and bricks, sixty five feet in length.

We will receive proposals for the entire work, of a parate proposals for each different kind of work, such as Masonry, Iron work, Carpenters' work; &c. The materials are to be of the best quality and the work to be done in the best manner.

Good security will be required for the faithful performance of the work. The plan and specifications can be had by calling on H. Keyes, Esq., Charlestown. May 30, 1854.

At Free Press, Shepherdstown Register, Winchester Virginian; Frederick Examiner, Hagerstown Torch Light and Loudoun Dendocrat will copy three times and send bills to this office.

MILLWRIGHTS WANTED.

HE subscribers, living near Summit Point, Jefferson county, Virginia, wish to employ immediately from 7 to 10 GOOD MILLWRIGHTS, of sober and steady habits, to whom liberal wages will be given.

May 30, 1854.

BELL & SIGMAN.

G-York (Pa.) Regulablican cony 3 times, and send bill to this office. UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, May 22, 1854. Gentlement: I have received your letter of the 20th instant enclosing an advertisement over the signature of T. F. Nelson, stating that your Patent, dated 28th of February, 1854, was granted through mistake and requesting to know it this Office has sanctioned that assertion. In reply I have to inform you that it has not; your invention was patented after a very full and thorough examination, and it is believed that your rights are as valid under your patent as those of any other patentes.

I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, T. D. HENSON & G. Roha;
Charlestown, Va:
Charlestown, Va:
Rowe are still prepared to sell County or State
Rights of our COMPOST ATTACHMENT, or attach
them to any Drill desired, and repeat our caution to
all infringers on our rights.
HENSON & ROHR. May 30, 1854-34 77 100 7 17 19 1

VALUABLE FARM

FOR SALE

I offer at private sale the "ABLE FARM." It bon talns one hundred and thirty-five Acres. This Farm is inferior to none in the county. The improvements a tonsist of a very like BRICK DWELLING ind Out-Buildings hecessary for the Farm, while water is quite convenient to the Buildings and no better in the county. Also, an excellent Orchard of Friill.

ings and no better in the county. Also, an excellent Orchard of Fruit:

The Farm is situated in Jefferson county, Virginia; half a mile south of Duffield's Depot, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, five miles northeast of Charlestown, the county seat; five miles west of Harpers-Ferry, and about the same distance south of Shepherdstown; adjoining the farms of William B. Daniels, Joseph T. Hess, and others.

This Farm, situated so convenient to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, would make a delightful summer residence for a family seeking pleasure or health, May 2, 1854—tf

CEDAD LAWN FOR SALE

CEDAR LAWN FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at private sale, the Farm known by the name of Cedar Lawn, formerly the residence of John T. A. Washington, dec'd., lying in Jefferso county, Va., about three miles S. W. of Charlestown on the road leading from Berryville to Leetown, an about one mile South of the Harpers-Ferry and Smith field turnpike, adjoining the farms of John R. Flags George Isler, Mrs. H. L. Alexander, Thos. B. Washington, Dr. Scollay and others, containing about 24 AURES, about 35 of which are in fine timber. Thimprovements consist of a handsome three story Bard Dwelling, forty feet square, with a two story Win improvements consist of a liandsome three story Baick.

Dwelling, forty feet square, with a two story Wing 40 feet by 20 feet attached; a Barn, Corn-house, Milkhouse, and Negro Cabins. Also, a large orchard of choice Applies, and a young Peach Orchard recently planted. The Lawn and premises generally are highly improved by Shrubbery and a large variety of handsome Ornamental and Fruit Trees. There is a Cistern convenient, and a never failing well of pure, Limestone Water about 100 yards distant. The farm in shape is nearly square. The land is in a fine state of cultivation, and the soil of superior quality. It has every convenience to market, being in the immediate vicinity of the Winchester and Harpers-Ferry Railroad, and within 7 or 8 miles of the Balto, and Ohio Rail-road. The place is well known, and altogether is one of the most desirable traces of its size in the Valley. Persons who contemplate puschasing, can be inley. Persons who contemplate purchasing, can be in-formed as to the terms of sale by consulting me in Jeffeorsn county, Va.

GEORGE WASHINGTON,

For himself and in behalf of the other devises Dec'r 13, 1853-tf JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON
AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the
farming community to their very large assort
ment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising
every kind of implement used by the farmer to facilitate
and cheapen his operations, including our celebrated
Patent Premium Thresher, Cleaner and
Bagger.

Which received the First Premium at the Crystal Palace, N. York, this making 10 Premiums in two seasons, in competition with the most celebrated Separators of the day; proving conclusively, that simplicity in construction, cheapness in price, and durability in machine, is being fully appreciated, and the old complicated costly separators must yield their place to a superior machine. This Machine, forthreshing, separating, cleaning twice, screening and barold complicated costly separators must, yield their place to a superior machine. This Machine, for threshing, separating, cleaning twice, screening and bagging, (by one simple operation.) all kinds of Grainthe greatest labor-saving machine extant, for simplicity, durability, cheapness, and capacity, it has no rival in the world. It is capable of turning but, ready for the mill or for seed, from 300 to 500 bushels of Wheat per day, with 6 or 8 horses, and 8 hands—or from 500 to 800 bushels with 12 horses and as many hands, doing the work cleaher, and breaking less grain, than any machine now in use. This machine received the first premiums at the Maryland State Fair, Balt., in 1852, and 1863; the Washington Co. Md. Fair; Valley Agricultural Fair, of Va., in 1852 and 1863; the Rappahannock Agricultural Society, at Port Royal, Va.; the first premium at the Illinois State Fair, 1853, at Springfield, and a Silver Medal at the Indiana State Fair, at Indianapolis, 1853.

This machine is so simple in construction, that the one fan and shoe completely cleans and bags the grain, dispensing with all the complicated machinery (and consequent liability of detangement) in all other separators, thus making it more desirable to the farmer.

Supplement of Zinayanay & Co's Traysura

er separators, thus making it more desirable to the farmer.

Shop Prices of Zimmeaman & Co's. Traeshea, Cleaner & Bagger complete; 6 and 8 horses, \$175—Power for same, \$100, making \$275 for the whole complete. Tresher, Cleaner and Bagger 36 inch Cylinder, \$200; Power for salae, \$135, for 8, 10 and 12 horses. This machine is complete with Band, Wrenches, &c.

13. REFERENCES—Samuel Sands, Esq., Editor of the "American Farmer;" Col. Edward Lloyd, Easton, Md.; Capt. D. Cox, Northumberland, Co., Va.; Hill Carter, Esq., Richmond; Richard Willis, Esq., Richmond; Col. B. Davenport, Lefferson Co., Va.; Dr. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Hugh Nelson, Esq., Richmond; Col. B. Davenport, Lefferson Co., Va.; Dr. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Gapt. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Clarke Co., Va.; Charles Mason, Esq., King George Co., Va.; S. W. Thomas, Esq., Clarke Co. Va.; Dr. T. J. Marlow, Frederick city, Md.; David Boyd, Esq., Frederick city, Md.; Ezra Houck, Frederick city, Md.; Samuel Hok, Middletown Valley, Md.; John Clagett, Hagerstown, Md. 193-The above machines are manufactured in Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va.; Alforders addressed to us will be attended to with promothess.

the solve machines are manuactured to Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va. Allorders addresse to us will be attended to with promptness, and a threshers sent out warranted to come up to the standard.

ZIMMERMAN & CO.

March 14, 1854. Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder.

MORE than 500 persons in the City of Richmon
Va., alone testify to the remarkable cures performed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE. formed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The great Spring Medicine and Purifier of the blood is now used by hundreds of grateful patients, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines; Carter's Spanish Mixture. Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Paines and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare, with it. It cleanees the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthers the Digistion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the Skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeched by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vegor and strength.

gor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of Carter's Spanish Mixture, will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses manding to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable cures A large number of certificates of remarkable cures performed on persons residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia, by the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians; and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates around the bottle.

None genuine tiples.

A CHANGE:

A CHANGE:

GOODS to the house formerly occupied by Brown & Washington, where he would be pleased to see his customers and friends;

Charlestown, April 4, 1854. MARTINSBURG ACADEMY,
CHAS, E. FAHNESTOCK, Paincipal,
The friends of this Institution are most politely informed that its duties were resumed on Monday the
3d of April: Terms will be made known upon
application to the Principal or to col. P. C. Panplants, President of Board of Trustees.
April 4, 1854—H.

JUST received at the Charlestown Depot. April 4, 1854. E. M. AISQUITH. OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalcatown and its vicinity.

He will be found at I, N. Carter's Hotel, or at his office one door East of it.

May 9, 1854.

WINE AND BRANDY.—I have in store a very choice and pure article of Wines and Brandies, put up in bottles for Medicinal purposes. Those in want can be supplied with a pure article as imported.

May 25, 1854. BACON AND LARD.—For sale by
May 23, 1854.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

BACON AND LARD.—For sale by
May 23.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

SWISS ROBES.—Ladies' Swiss Robes, for sale.
May 23.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

S. May 23.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE. ANY quantity of POTATOES wanted by April 11,1854. R. S. BEACEBURN & KN

DUBLIC SALE

Bolivar, near Harpers Fetry! June 6, 1854.

SALE OF VALUABLE

WATER-POWER AND FACTORY
PROPERTY, AT HARPERS-FERRY, VIRGINIA;
UNDER DECREE OF COURT.

By virtue of a Decree of the Circun Court of Jefferson county, Virginia, rendered on the 27th day of May, 1854, in the chancery cause therein depending between A. B. Davidson & Harris, plaintiffs, and the Harpers-Ferry and Shenhandosh Manufacturing Company, 'defendants, and with the concurrence of the authorities of said company, the undersigned, as Special Commissioners appointed in said decree, will proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday, the 25th day of next month, July, 1854; all the PROPERTY, Real and Personal, on the Island of Virginius, belonging to or in the possession of said Manufacturing Company, embracing as to the real estate about six acres of land, &c., situated ch said island, adjoining Harpers-Ferry, with its apparteriant Water-Power.

This WATER-POWER, if properly developed, is capable of driving almost an unlimited amount of machinery.

This improvements consist, in part, of a capable of driving almost an unlimited amount of machinery.

This permanent character, 104 by 43 feat; tour stories high; with tin roof.

The Factory is filled with the most approved machinery; built by Charles Danforth; of New Jersey; in 1848, to wit!

CARDING DEPARTMENT—One Patent Colton Opener and Cleaner, new : 2 Pickers for drubble transported to the content of the

chinery; built by Charles Danforth; of New Jersey; in 1848, to wit!

CARDING BEPARTMENT.—One Patent Colton Opener and Cleaner, new; 2 Pickers for double operation; 18 thirty-six inch Card ng Engines; with railway and heads attached; 3 Patent Drawing Frances, very superior; 6 Double Roller Beam Speeders. SPINNING DEPARTMENT .- 18 Frames, each 132 Spindles—2,376.

DRESSING DEPARTMENT.—4 Dressing Frames with Copper Stram Heaters; 6 Cracle Warpers, new! best class. bast class.

WEAVING DEPARTMENT.—7 Looms, 37 of which are now in operation, for 4 'Sheetings, driven by two new Iron Turbine wheels, 5 feet 10 inches in diameter each, front the establishment of E. C. Kilburfi & Co., Fall River, Marsachusetts:

Iron Shafting, Gearing and Pullies of the most approved finish, with Composition Boxes.

One Cloth Press; 1 Scraper and Brush machine; Banding Machines; Lathe and Tools for Roller covering, &c. REPAIR SHOP .- One New 12 foot iron Turning Engine Lathe, with Screw spiaratus attached.— One ditto ditto Hand Lathe.

The Factory is heated by steam with pipes, on the most approved pian.

There is an Office, Store-Room and Waste House at ached to the Factory.

The further improvements are a STONE MA-CHINE SHOP, 50 by 30 feet, 3 stories high, leazed

and occupied.

A SAW MILL, 190 by 26 feet, weather boarded, with Iron Water Wheel and occupied by the Com-A two-story BRICK BUILDING, occupied by the A two-story BRICK BUILDING, occupied by the Company, as a Store.

Four large DWELLING HOUSES, two stories, stone and rough 'ast; five PR CK TENEMENTS, two stories; and five WOOD-EN COTTAGES, one and a half stories.

A more detailed description of said property is deemed unnecessary, as those who may desire to purchase will doubtless carefully examine the property for themselves—it is believed however that such an opportunity for profitable investment in manufacturing property has rarely if ever been offered in the United States. A. H. Herr, Esq., restding on the island, will show the premises to any one desiring to purchase.

The Winchester and Potomac Railroad runs through the premises, and within 100 yards of the Factory—thus offering every facility for transporta Terms of sale, by direction of said decree, are as

Terms of sale, by direction of said decree, are as follows, to wit: "One-tenth of the gross amount of sale to be paid down in cash at the time of sale; one other tenth part of said gross amount to be paid at the next ensuing term of said Court, (which commences October 18th, 1854,) upon the confirmation of the sale; the residue to be divided into four equal sums, to be paid, one-fourth at the end of one year, one-fourth at the end of two years, one-fourth at the end of three years, and the remaining fourth at the end of four years from the date of confirmation of the sale; each of said four installments to bear legal interest from said date of confirmation until paid—and to be secured by deed of trust upon the property.—
The agreement of sale to provide for the forfeature by the purchaser of the one-tenth to be paid on the day of sale, in case he shall fail to come forward and comthe purchaser of the one-tenth to be paid on the day of sale, in case he shall fail to come forward and com-

National Intelligencer and Baltimore American i-weekly until day of sale, and forward bills to this

LOCATION OF LAND WARRANTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY CIVEN, That the undersigned will give prompt attention to the location or sale of all Land Warrants remitted to them; they should be assigned in blank. We can locate on fine rich prairie land, contiguous to the St. Louis and Kansas line of the Pacific Railroad, or the Southwestern branch of the Pacific Road, the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, or the contemplated line from Weston to St. Louis. We have no doubt many of our locations will be worth \$5 per acre in a very short time. Our fees for location will be reasonable. The expenses to register and receive ought to accempany the warrant. pany the warrant.

Address all letters and papers to Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents, Reference. VANCE BELL, Summit Point P. O., Jef-[May 16, 1854—ly erson county, Va. To COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartship, under the name of HOFFMAN & EROTHER,
for the purpose of prosecuting a general COMMISING BUSINESS, on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and pleedge
themselves to give their undivided attention to all
business entrusted to them.

B. H. HOFFMAN,
P. B. HOFFMAN,

Harpers-Perry, March 1st, 1854. Grone of the Firm will be located in Georgetawn and will give his personal attention to orders for LUMBER of all descriptions, GUANO, PLASTER, SALT, and GROCERIES generally.

FISH will be put up to order, for family use, with our best care.

HOFFMAN & EROTHER. our best care. HO!

ATONROE'S NOTICE.

1 O THE PUBLIC OF JEFFERSON AND ADJACENT COUNTIES.—The undersigned would relie to the state of the stat the latest styles. Attention he particularly asks to the latest and thost beautiful method of finishing parthe latest and most beautiful method of finishing parlors with white enameled paint, presenting a brilliant glossy white surface, which can be washed at pleasure without the least injury to the material or shining surface—warranted to stand for years. Ho is also prepared to paint all kinds of RCOFS. Zinc, Tin or Shingles, in the very bestmanner with Blake's Fire-Proof Paint, which ensures against fire or decay:

Returning his sincere thanks for past encouragement, he lopes for a continuance of employment at home and from abroad. All orders audressed personally or by mail will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

6G-An apprentice wanted ininediately to learn the above besidess.

GEORGE B. MONREE:

THE PEOPLE'S PATENT OFFICE,
THIS well-known establishment is still carried on under the personal imperintendence of the undersigned, through whom Patents may be setting both in this and all foreign countries; with the unimest fidelity and dispatch, on very moderate terms. Persons wishing for advice relative to Patents or Inventions, may at all times consult the undersigned without aborge, either personally at his office, or by letter. To those living at a distance, he would state, that all the needful steps necessary to secure a Patent can be atranged by letter. When parties wish to be informed as to the probability of being enabled to obtain Patents, it will be necessary for them to forward by finall a rough outline sketch and description of the inventior. No fee or charge is made for such examinations.

Private consultations held Caily with Inventors from 9 & m. to 5 p. m.

Models from a distance may be sent by express or otherwise. For further information apply to or additions, post paid,

ALFRED El BEACH,

Editor and Proprietor of the People's Journal,
Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents,

People's Patent Office, 36 Nassau-st., New York.

May 16, 1854.

May J6, 1854. 29 and 31 Gold-st., New York COAL-Anthracite and Cumberland.
After several months of peace and quietness I again enter the arena, and am now prepared to furnish all kinds of COALs little lower than any competitor. All persons wishing the article will pleaso send their orders immediately.
Communications addressed to JAS. A. BECKHAM, Box 923, Baltimore. Maryland.
April 18, 1854—tf. [EF]

SKIRTS.—Colored and White Corded Skir Grass Linen Silk Cloth, &c. For sale by May 9, 1854. T. C. SIGAPOOSE SIGAFOOSE.

Robes, for sale.

SIGAFOOSE.

Robes, for sale.

SIGAFOOSE.

The C. SIGAFOOSE.

The C. SIGAFOOSE.

The C. SIGAFOOSE.

Charlestown; May 23, 1884.

The C. SIGAFOOSE.

speak not, I trace not, I breathe not thy nan There is grief in the sound—there was guilt in the But the tear which now burns on my cheek may impart
The deep thought that dwells in that silence of heart.

Too brief for our passions, too long for our peace, Were these hours—can their joy or their bitterness We must part, we must fly, to unite it again. Oh! thine be the gladness and mine be the guilt; Forgive me, adored one—forsake if thou wilt; But the heart which I bear shall expire undebased, And man shall not break it, whatever thou mayest. And stern to the haughty, but humble to thee, My soul in its bitterest blackness shall be; And our days seem as swift, and our moments more

With thee by my side, than the world at our feet. One sigh of thy sorrow, one look of thy love, Shall turn me or fix, shall reward or reprove; And the heartless may wonder at all we resign, Thy lip shall reply not to them, but to mine.

This charming little poem we have lately seen in the English papers without a signature and published as belonging to England. It was written by Miss Sarah Roberts, of Portsmouth, N. H., and was origi-nally printed in the Portsmouth Journal. Mary Hewitt, in her "Pictorial Calendar of the Seasons," quotes it with high praise. It is worthy of it. THE VOICE OF THE GRASS.

Here I come creeping, creeping everywhere;
By the dusty road-side,
On the sunny hill-side, Close by the noisy brook, In every shady nook, I come creeping, creeping everywhere. Here I come creeping, smiling everywhere; All round the open door, Where sit the aged poor, Here where the children play, In the bright and merry May, I come creeping, creeping everywhere.

Here I come creeping, creeping everywhere. In the noisy city street, My pleasant face you'll meet, ring the sick at heart, Toiling his busy part, Silently creeping, creeping everywhere. Here I come creeping, creeping everywhere; You cannot see me coming, Nor here my low sweet humming; For in the starry night,

And the glad morning light I come quietly creeping everywhere. Here I come creeping, creeping everywhere; More welcome than the flowers, In summer's pleasant hours, The gentle cow is glad, And the merry bird not sad

To see me creeping, creeping everywhere. Here I come creeping, creeping everywhere;
When you're numbered with the dead
In your still and narrow bed,
In the happy spring I'll come,
And deck your silent home And deck your silent home, Creeping, silently creeping everywhere.

Here I come creeping, creeping everywhere; My humble song of praise, Most gratefully I raise, To Him at whose command Creeping, silently creeping everywhere.

AN EXTRA SHEEP.

[From the South Branch Intelligencer.] Messas. Enrors:-Captain Cornelius R. Long, o the vicinity of Paddytown, recently exhibited to me an Extra Sheep. He is the same young Ram that took the premium, in 1853, at the agricultural fair, held near Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va. He was then but one year old, weighed 265 pounds, gross, and furnished at one clip 143 pounds of tolerably fine wool, 10 inches long—a specimen of which I send you. He is now about two years old, weights about 300 pounds, gross, and is very fat—indeed, so much so, that he can scarcely travel.— And yet, the Captain informed me, he fared no better, the past winter, than did the flock of sheep with which he herded, every one of which is now tolerably "high in bone but low in flesh." He is of the Cotswold breed; and his numerous lambs this spring show very clearly indications of their high

Now, as this very superior breed of sheep grown o much larger, fatten so much easier, get their owth so much sooner, and furnish per clip so ch more wool than do our old fashioned mounsheep-it certainly would be to the interest of sheep raisers of our county to get into the way raising them. A hint to the wise is sufficient.

Opessa.-The Russian city bombarded by the allies on the 22d of April, is the emporium of Russian commerce on the Black Sea, and is situated between the mouths of the Denister and Dneiper. Corn is the principlal article of exportation. The fortress is not large, but is kept in excellent order. The population of Odessa is about 70,000. The townfounded by Catherine II., after she had extended inions, in 1792, to the banks of the Denister, and in sixty years it has become the emporium of the trade of Southern Russia. The town is built on cliffs, which rise to a considerable height above the sea, and form a sort of ampitheatre round the bay.

No REST TO THE WICKED .- Matt. F. Ward returned to Louisville on the steamer R. J. Ward, on the 22d. He left the city again the next day, in consequence, probably, of the threatening manner in which his return was noticed by the city papers of that morning, and a call for a public meeting on the subject, which was prepared during the day.

COMING OUT PLUMP .- A "Presentation of Plate" came off a few days since at Buffalo. The plate bore this inscription: "Piece of plate presented to Mr. H. Warren at his residence at the Metropolitan, April 4, '54, by himself."

The material was delf, white with blue edges. Mr. Warren closed the ceremony by taking half a dozen raw upon it.-Atlas.

A TRANSPORTATION.—The peach originally was a poisonous almond. Its fleshy parts were then used to poison arrows, and it was for this purpose introduced into Persia. The transplantation and cultivation, however, not only removed its poisonous qualities, but produced the delicious fruit we now enjoy.

.... Many a true heart that would have come back like a dove to the ark, after its first transgression, has been frightened beyond recall by the angry look and menace, the taunt, the savage charity of an unforgiving

.... A western editor thus fills up a blank in a column: 'Twas the dead of night-an awful silence reigned. The stars cast their soft rays from the dome above. Young Lucius was not to be intimidated, though he was that night to peril his life-column full.

.... No woman ever loved to the full extent of the passion who did not feel humbled (delighted in that huminity) by her over weening estimate of the superiority of the object of her worship. What State could fall, what liberty decay, if the zeal of man's noisy patriotism was as pure as the silent loyalty of

.... Merit is often an obstacle to fortune, and the reason is, because it always produces two bad effects envy and fear. Envy in those who cannot rise to the same degree of perfection, and fear in those who are established, and who dread that by advancing a man pos-sessed of more abilities and merit than themselves, they may be supplanted.

You've destroyed my peace of mind, Betsy, said a despairing lover to a truant lass. "It can't do you much harm, John, for 'twas an amazing small piece you had, any

.... A late writer says, that however dear-ly a boy may love his father, there is one that be loved still better, and that his father's son. .... There's a brandy smash," as the wag said when a drunken man fell through a pane

of glass. to see a young lady walk as tho' a flea was

biting her on each hip, it is so fascinating.— She is just the match for the dandy who steps like an open-winged turkey traveling over a ...... To sit on a sofa between two pretty girls, one with black eyes, jet ringlets, and rosy cheeks, the other with soft blue eyes, sunny ringlets, and red cheeks and lips, and

both laughing at you at the same time. We know of nothing more trying to one, unless it be to have both arms in the dough and a flea up the leg of our trowsers. A Minister, while preparing his next sermon, stop-d occasionally to review what he had written, and, ed occasionally to review what he had written, and, as a matter of course, to erase some portions which on consideration seemed to require improvement.—
While doing so, he was accessed by his little son, a child about three years of age. "Father, does God tell you what to preach?" "Certainly my child."—
"Then what makes you scratch it out?"

The Business Man's Culumi 854. COUNTING-HOUSE CALENDAR.

COURT DAYS! CIRCUIT COURTS: Seventh District-Thirteenth Circuit. Frederick. June 15, November 15.

Clarke. May 12, October 12.

Hampshire. April 10, September 10.

Berkeley April 27, September 27.

Morgan. May 6, October 6.

Jefferson. May 18, October 18.

Seventh District-Fourteenth Circuit.

Shenandoah April 4, September 4.
Page. April 14, September 14.
Hardy April 21, September 21.
Rockingham May 15, October 15. QUARTERLY COURTS. Frederick—Monday before 1st Tuesday in Murch, June, August and November. Berkeley—2d Monday in March, June, August and Jefferson-3d Monday in March, June, Augustane Clarke-4th Monday in February, May, July and Morgan—4th Monday in March, June, August and November. Hampshire—4th Monday in March, June, August and November. Loudoun—2d Monday in March, June, August and November.

Fauquier—4th Monday in March, May, August and November.

Hardy—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March, June, August and November.

Warren—3d Monday in March, May, August and November.

November. Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesdayin March. June, August and November. MONTHLY COURTS.
Frederick—Monday before the 1st Tuesday.
Hardy—Monday before the 1st Tuesday.
Berkeley—Second Monday.
Jefferson—Third Monday. Clarke-2d Monday in June and 4th Monday in other months.
Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesday.
Warren—Third Monday.
Morgan—Fourth Monday.

DISTRICT COURT. Composed of the Culpeper, Albemarle, Rockingham and Frederick Districts—sits annually in Winchester on the 15th day of December.] (GREEN B. SAMUELS, Court of Appeals. RICHARD H. FIELD.

Judges - LUCAS P. THOMPSON, | Circuit Courts. RICHARD PARKER, JOHN KINNEY, CLASSIFICATION OF MAGISTRATES. The following is the classification of the Magis rates of Jefferson county, which was made in August, 1852, and continues until the expiration of

their terms, determines who shall compose the County Court each month. It will be found useful for Braxton Davenport, Presiding Justice; George B. Beall, John F. Smith, John Hess, and A. M. Ball.

Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, Robert W. Bay or, Samuel Ridenour, and Samuel W. Strider. Braxton Davenport, John Moler, Logan Osborn Jacob Welshans, and H. N. Gallaher. Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Wal raven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell.

JUNE Braxton Davenport, John Moler, David Billmire Jacob W. Wagely, and Israel Russell. Braxton Davenport, John C. R. Taylor, John Avis Ir., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey. Braxton Davenport, John C. R. Taylor, John Avis Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey. SEPTEMBER.

Jacob W. Wagely, and Israel Russell. OCTOBER. Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, R. W. Baylor, Samuel Ridenour, and Samuel W. Strider. NOVEMBER.

Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Wal-raven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell.

Braxton Davenport, John Moler, David Billmire,

DECEMBER. Braxton Davenport, Geo. W. Little, John J. Lock. acob W. Reynolds, and John J. Grantham. March and August are the Jury Terms. When a vacancy occurs, the new incumbent takes the place assigned his predecessor. Since the classification in 1852, four vacancies have been filled, in consequence of removals from the District.

> U. S. OFFICERS. President, FRANKLIN PIERCE. President of the Senate, DAVID R. ATCHISON

of State-Wm. L MARCY, of New York. Secretary of State—WM. L. MARCY, of New York.
Secretary of Treasury—James Gothrie, of Ky.
Secretary of Navy—James C. Dobbin, of N. C.
Secretary of War—Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi.
Secretary of Interior—Robt. McClelland, of Mich.
Postmaster General—James Campbell, of Pa.
Attorney General—Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts.

STATE OFFICERS. Governor-JOSEPH JOHNSON.

Lieudenant-Governor—Shelton F. Leake, Attorney General—Willis P. Bocock. Adjutant General—William H. Richardson. Assistant Clerk-P. P. HOWARD. Copying Clerk—WILLIAM H. RICHARDSON, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts—G. W. Cutter. Second Auditor—James Brown, Jr.

Register of the Land Office—S. H. PARKER.
Librarian—George W. Munford.
Superintendant of the Penitentiary—C. S. Morgan.
Gen'l Ag't or Storekeeper of Penitry—J. C. Spotts. STATISTICS. 1850—Population of Virginia... 895,304 free whites.

Do. do. ... 54,030 free color d.

Do. do. ... 472,530 slaves.

The Law of Newspapers. 1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their

subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled the bill and ordered them discontinued. 4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving hem uncalled for, is prima facia evidence of inten-

CLOTHING, CLOTHING. The subscriber Creturned from Baltimore the second time this Spring, has now a very large slock of CLOTHING on hand, which shall and must be sold, as it is bought for that purpose. All descriptions of Coats, Pants, Vests and Shirts, for men and boys, in the greatest variety. Also, a large stock of Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags.

Charlestown, May 9, 1854.

FOR HARVEST.—I have several hundred RAKES, such as are hard to get. Prepare in time by calling early. E. M. AISQUITH. Charlestown Depot, May 16, 1854. A WHOLE SULT OF CLOTHES FOR \$3.

A I will select and sell a complete suit for Summer,
Coat, Pants, Vest, and Hat, all for \$3. Any body,
that can beat that may look out for Barnum,
May 9, 1854. ISAAC ROSE. THE subscriben has just returned from the Eastesn cities and is now opening a fine assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, CLOCKS and a general assortment of FANCY GOODS, to which he would invite the attention of purchasers.

April 11, 1854. CHAS. G. STEWART. WHITE GOODS.—Worked Collars, Sleeves, &c., white French worked Robes, Swiss Jaconet and Plaid Muslins, for sale by May 2, 1854.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

MATTING.—14 pieces best Gowqua Matting, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 White and Checked, bought before the rise, for sale by May 2, 1854. KEYES & KEARSLEY. FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM SCALES.—
We are agent for these Scales and can furnish them of all sizes at Baltimore price, adding the freight.

BROWN & WASHINGTON.
Charlestown, May 23.

EARTHEN CROCKS—Of all sizes for sale by May 16, 1854.

A. W. CRAMER. TEA.—1 chest of very prime G. P. Tea will the lovers of the article call and get JERE. HARRIS.

May 23, 1854.

tes, his THIRD MONSTER, in connection with the Exhi ENTERPRISE, in connection with the Exhibition of his Magnificant and Immense

Mirror, of North and South America,
At ACADEMY HALL, 663 Broadway, New Yorl
13-100,000 Tickets Only, at SI Each,
Will be sold. Each Purchaser of a Ticket for it
ADMISSION OF FOUR PERSONS to the Exhibition, will be presented with a Numbered Certificat
entitling the Holder to One Share in the following

fice, will be presented with a Numbered Certificate entiting the Holder to One Share in the following 100,000 Gifts:

A FARM, located in Harrison Township, Glouceste county, New Jersey, and within 15 miles of Phila delphia. It embraces over 100 Acres of Land, in high state of cultivation, with Dwelling, Barns, an other necessary Out houses, in good repair. There is a large Orchard of choice Fruits. Title indisputable. Valued at. \$16,00 (Any information in regard to the Farm can be obtained of Belan Redfield, tenant on the premises.)

A PERPETUAL LOAN without security or interest, 5,000 

40 " Pens and Cases, 5,000 "Pencils, 3 "...15,000 94,810 Pieces of Choice, Popular and Fashiona-

00,000 Gifts, Valued at \$96,380 ONE GIFT FOR EVERY TICKET.

In order to insure to all concerned a perfectly fair and satisfactory disposition of the above named Gifts, Mr. РЕВИАМ proposes that the Sharcholders shall Mr. Perham proposes that the Sharcholders shall meet together

On Thursday Evening, June 22d, 1854, (Or sconer, if all the Tickets are sold—due notice of which will be given,) at some suitable place, hereafter to be designated, and appoint a COMMITTEE OF FIVE PERSONS, to receive the property, which they may dispose of in such manner—by lot or otherwise—as the Sharcholders, in general meeting, shall direct, the Committee giving good and sufficient bonds, if required by the Sharcholders, for the faithful performance of the duties required of them.

Sharcholders residing out of the city of New York, will stand upon the same footing as residents, and whatever may fall to their shares will be forwarded to them in such manner as they may direct, after the partition has taken place.

1G-All orders for Tickets, by mail, should be addressed to JOSIAH PERHAM, ACADEMY HALL, 663 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. If it should happen that all the Tickets are sold when the order is received, the money will be returned, at our expense for postage. Correspondents will please write distinctly their name, residence, County and State, to prevent errors. Or, if convenient, enclose an envelope, with their directions on it in full—in which, such Tickets as they may order will be returned.

April 25, 1854—td

\$5,000 WORTH READY-MADE Just opening at ISAAC ROSE'S

Cheap Store on Main street,

Charlestown, April 4, 1854.

PLENDID ENGRAVINGS! ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. 50 CENTS, SIX MONTHS.
Agriculture! Mechanics! Science! New Inventions,

and Patents. The Henrie's Juneau.

An Illustrated Record of Agriculture, Science, Mechanics, Invention, Patents, and Useful Knowledge published Monthly. Every number contains 32 large pages, beautifully printed on fine paper, and PROFUSELY HLUSTRATED WITH ELEGANT ENGRAVINGS, forming at the end of each year two fine volumes, comprising nearly 400 pages, illustrated with about SIX HUNDRED SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS. GRAVINGS, relating to the above subjects—the sub-scription price being only ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, or 50 cents a volume. No publication of the kind has ever been produced with such magnificence, or at so Farmers, Mechanics, Inventors, Ma

and people of every profession, will find in The Peo-ple's Journal a repository of valuable knowledge pe-culiarly suited to their respective wants.

TERMS—One Dollar a Year, or 50 cents for six Postage on The People's Journal 11 centsper ter. In Canada free. A liberal commission to Post-masters and those who will form Clubs. Post-pay all letters and direct to ALFRED E. BEACH,
Editor and Proprietor of The People's Journal,
May 16, 1854. No. 86 Nassau-st., New York.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

D. E. L. WAGER having permanently located at the late residence of Jas. H. H. Gunnell, dec'd., near Shannondale Springs, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the Public hoping by diligent attention, and with eight years experience, to merit the confidence of all who may

March 14, 1854. NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber liaving leased the Brick Store, on German street, in Shepherdstown, formerly occupied by Robert G. Harper, and having just returned from the Northern cities with a very extensive STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, selected with great care, which he has now open and ready for examination by the ladies and gentlemen of that town and adjoining neighborhood. He is determined to make QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS. The

make QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS. The following is a list of a portion of his Stock:

\*\*DRESS GOODS.\*\*

Fancy Silks, Plaid do., Black do., Crape-Finish Berage, Satin Plaid do., Solid colored de Laines, Fancy de Laines, Plaid do., Embroidered Swiss, Fancy French Lawn, Plaid and Dotted Swiss Muslins, Plain and Plaid Cambric, English and American Prints of every style, Fancy Kid Gloves, White do., Silk and Cotton do., White, Black and Lead-colored Hose, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, Velvet Ribbon, Gilt-Edged Velvet Buttons, BONNETS of every description. BONNETS of every description.
GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
Super Black French Cloth, Olive and Green do.,
Black Doeskin Cassimere, Fancy do., Black Italian
Cloth, Silk Velvet, Satin, Buff and White Shapes,
Mersailles Vest Patterns, Fancy Silk Neck Ties, Silk
and Linen Cravats, Black, White and Fancy Kid
Gloves, Drab Beaver Hats, Black Silk do., Canton,
Leghorn and Cuban do.

GROCERIES.
N. O. Sugar, Molasses, Rio Coffee, Rice, Pepper and
Allspice. Also, about 1500 pounds of country-cured
BACON.

The above embraces a very small portion of his

The above embraces a very small portion of his stock of goods now on hand, and all he asks is for one and all to call and examine, as he is determined to

sell. His terms is cash, or to men who are responsi-ble a credit of twelve months will be given. JOHN M. LOCK. Shepherdstown, April 11, 1854—tf

TO THE PUBLIC.
From the Charlestown Tin-Ware, Stove,
Roofing, Spouting, Lightning-Rod,
Shower-Bath and Bathing-Tub THE Machinery of this Establishment is in full operation and the above mentioned Wares are now rolling out with a rush. TIN-WARE.

The assortment of Tin-Ware now on hand is extensive, and all orders from Merchants will receive prompt attention and Wares be delivered at their places of business without extra charge. STOVES.

STOVES.

The Metropolitan Elevated Oven Cook Stove, for burning wood, is a strong and durable Stove, and will be sold with all fixtures complete, delivered, set up and warranted to operate well, for \$30, \$35 and \$40 for Nos. 3, 4 and 5. All persons in want of a good Stove, will please forward their orders and they shall have the pleasure of seeing one of the best stoves now in use, in operation in their kitchens, and if the Stove does not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after six days that and no grumbling. A good selection of other patterns of Stoves kept constantly on hand, which will be sold cheap.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING. ROOFING AND SPOUTING Will be done in a thorough manner, at short notice and at prices that defy competition.

Iron Rods with silver-plated Points, Brass Connecters, Glass Insulators and malable fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner at low prices.

SHOWER BATHS & BATHING TUBS. During the Summer months may be found at this Establishment a good assortment of Shower Baths, Bathing Tubs, Boston-Boats, Hip-Baths, Foot-Tubs, &c., &c., which will be finished in the neatest possible style and sold at Bathore prices. Job Work of every de WORK.

Job Work of every description, connected with the Tin and Sheet Iron business, will be done with neatness and promptitude—in short this Establishment shall be the Emporium for the above mentioned wares and Great Bargains will be given to all its patrons.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1853.

Of-Cotton Rags, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Iron, Dried Fruit, Beesway, Beans, Corn, Hay, Oats, Wood and Bacon taken at the highest current prices in exchange for ware or works. THIS Foundry, situated on the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, 1; miles from Harpers-Ferry, has been rented for a term of years by the subscriber, who would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to do, in a style of workmanship, which cannot be surpassed, if equalled, in this Vulkey, every description of Machinery and Plough Castings, at short notice.

Having been engaged in the business for many years in the largest foundries in the United States, and being now determined to devote his whole attention to the business, he is confident that those who favor him with their work will at the same time, be favoring their own interests, as his prices for Castings shall be as low as at any foundry in the Valley.

Orders, from all in want of Castings of any description, are respectfully solicited.

(C) Old Iron taken in exchange for Castings.

HENRY C. PARKER.

Shenandoah City, August 3, 1852.

BELL HANGING.

AM prepared to furnish and hang BELLS of all kinds, and in the latest and most approved manner. Respectable reference given, if required. Orders left at Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, will be promptly executed.

P. E. NOLAND.

Charlestown, September 13, 1853. MERCER POTATOES for sale by BROWN & WASHINGTON. Charlestown, May 23. 500 SHAD. Just/received and for sale by [May 23.] WHITE AND COLORED WATERED SILK, for Capes and Vasites,
May 396 A. W. CRAMER BACON, BACON.—2,000 lbs. for sale:
JERE. HARRIS.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD. NEW ARRANGEMENT. Two Daily Lines between Baltimore and Wheeling.
FROM BALTIMORE FOR WHEELING, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, INDIANOPOLIS, CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, TOLEDO, SAINT

CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, TOLEDO, SAINT LOUIS, &c.

O Nand after MONDAY, January 23d, two daily TRAINS, (except on Sundays,) will be run between Baltimore and Wheeling.

Leave Baltimore for Frederick, Harpers-Ferry, Cumberland, and all Way Places, at 8 A. M., arriving in Wheeling at 4.30 A. M. next day.

EXPRESS TRAIN

For Wheeling, stopping at Frederick, Harpers-Ferry, Martinsburg and Cumberland only, leaves Camden Station, daily, at 7 B. M.—Through to Wheeling in eighteen hours. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN
For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (excep

For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (except Sundays,) at 4 P. M.
For Edicott's Mills and points East, daily, (except Sunday,) at 6.30 A. M. and 4.40 P. M.
From Wheeling at 9.15 A. M. and 8.30 P. M., daily, (except Sundays,) the 8.30 P. M. Train not starting from Wheeling on Saturday evenings.)
From Cumberland at 8.30 A. M. and 9 P. M.
From Harpers-Ferry at 1.10 A. M. and 1.25 P. M.
From Frederick daily, (except Sundays,) at 8.30 A. M. and 2.15 P. M. From Frederick daily, (except Sundays,) at A. m. and 2.15 p. m.

From Ellicott's Mills daily, (except Sundays,) at 4.15, 8 and 11.15 A. m.; and 5 and 6.15 p. m.

Through tickets are issued between Baltimore and Pittsburgh at \$8.00

"Wheeling \$8.50

"Wheeling \$8.50

"Indianapolis \$1.100

Indianapolis \$2.100

10.00

Uniontown ..... 7 5 ngton...... 8 00 

"WASHINGTON BRANCH." ltimore at 4.15 and 9 A.M., 3.30 and 7 P.M. On Sundays, at 4 15 A. M. and 6.10 P. M. Leave Washington for Baltimore at 6 and 8 A. M. On Sundays, at 6 A. M. and 5 P. M. Of-The first and fourth Trains from Ba

the second and fourth train from Washington we be express mail trains, stopping only at Washington Juncture and Annapolis Junction. By order.

Jan. 24.

J. T. ENGLAND, Agent. MINCHESTER & POTOMAC THE PASSENGER TRAIN now leaves the Ticket Office, at Winchester, at 9 o'clock, A. M., instead of 9½ o'clock, as heretofore. May 30, 1854. J. GEO. HEIST,
Principal Agent.

GILBERT'S HOTEL, (LATELY JOHN COE'S,) At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform L the community and traveling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot formerly kept by Mr. John Coe, dec'd. The House has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious Stable is attached to the premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain and hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season

and market will afford, and the Bar at all times sup-plied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is letermined to spare no pains in making his guests Miortable. AG-Boarders taken by the week, month or year. BARNET GILBERT.

MARKET Gribbert

Og-The undersigned takes pleasure in recommendng Mr. Gibbert to the patrons of the House whilst
ander the management of my Father, and respectfully
solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

June 28, 1853.

JAMES W. COE. SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and busi ness part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of

are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot. upon the agriculto the Charlestown Depot. Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Per-sons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.
Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, an careful Drivers always ready for the accommodatio of visitors.

GEO. W. SAPPINGTON, July 9, 1850.

Corner of Queen and Burk streets,
MARTINSBURG, VA.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform
the community and travelling public that he has
taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley
House." The Househas recently undergone a thorough
renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect
adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.
A large and commodious STABLE is attached to
the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be
surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied
with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.
Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge,
and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot
for the accommodation of travellers without any additional expense. RAWLINS HOTEL,

tional expense. JOS. C. RAWLINS, March 2, 1852—ly Proprietor.

BERRYVILLE HOTEL.

THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the day, week, monthor year. HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford; his Bar with the choicest liquors, and his Stable with the best hay, grain, and ostler.

As he intends to make this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortable and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. Hischarges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify. He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share of their custom.

Berryville, April 5, 1853. WM. N. THOMPSON. March 2, 1852-1y

A ULT'S ENGLISH A ULT'S ENGLISH

GARDEN SEEDS.

I have just received another fresh supply of English Garden Seed, part of which are as follows:

Dwarf or Snapple Beans; Magnumbonum Peas;
White Kidney do.; Early dou. Blossom Peas;
White Marrowfat do.; Frame Dwarf do.;
Red do do.; Charlton do.;
Large Lima Beans; Marrowfat do.;

Poor Men's Profit Peas Poor Man's Profit Peas, Rhue Persian do.; tall; Imperial do. Also, a large assortment of other kinds of Seeds, which can be had at the Market house.

April 25, 1854. THOMAS RAWLINS.

THE undersigned, grateful to the public for their past very liberal patronage, hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. He takes great pleasure in announcing that he is now in takes great pleasure in announcing that he is now in receipt of his SPRING STOCK OF GOODS, which in extent and desirableness, surpasses any preceding one, and will compare favorably; in all respects, with similar stocks usually kept in this place. He is prepared to take all kinds of Country Produce in exchange for Goods, at fair market rates. He is determined to adopt the one price system as near as his friends will allow him, as he hopes to sell a good many Goods by order. Particular attention paid to all orders.

Respective April 25 1854—If Berryville, April 25, 1854 If 33-I have on hand and for sale 3,000 pounds goo BACON. J. O. S.

REFRIGERATORS.—Scott's Patent Refrigerators for sale at Baltimore prices, adding freight, by KEYES & KEARSLEY, May 2, 1854.

THE undersigned has leased the Wagon Maker's Shop, adjoining the Blacksmith Shop of Mr. Thos. W. Davis, in Charlestown, and respectfully offers his services to the public generally. He is prepared to execute in the best manner all descriptions of work appertaining to his business, at the shortest notice and in the best manner. Repairing promptly attended to, and charges reasonable.

Charlestown, April 11, 1854—3m

[F]

McINTOSH'S HOWARD HOUSE.

McIntosh's Howard House, BALTIMORE. 05-Terms--\$1.50 per day.-00 more, April 11, 1854--19 BLACKSMITH SHOP.

RIACKSMITH SHOP.

THE subscriber having permanently located himself at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's
Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in
his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the
county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron
of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other
Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured
that all who give me a call will not go away dissatisfied:

Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

HATS, HATS.

A large stock of HATS, of every shape and style for sale by [April 11.] J. L. HOOFF.

BROWN STOUT, PORTER, &c.—2 bbls. Brown, Stout, 2 bbls. Porter. Also, a lot Sod Water; Lemon and Sarsaparilla Pop. For sale by April 18. SCOTCH HERRING, for sale by April 18, 1854. A. W. CRAMER. MATTING.—White and colored Matting, for sale by [April 18] A. W. CRAMER.

CASH FOR WOOL.—The highest market price paid for WOOL, at the Charlestown Depot. May 30, 1854.

E. M. AISQUITH.

HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO., Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, of every description. No. 383 Baltimore street, between Paga and Eutaw sts. Baltimore, April 12, 1853—tf

HENRY A. WEBB & CO.

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c., &c.

No. 14 North Howard Street, Nearly opposite
the Howard House, formerly the Wheatfield Inn,
Next Door to Davis & Miller's Drug Store,
July 12, 1853—1y.

Miller's Drug Store,
Baurimone.

To the Millers in the Valley.

MARTIN & HOBSON,

FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

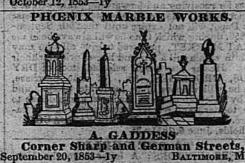
Corner of Eulaw and Bullimare Streets, Bultimare, Md.,

THANKFUL to their friends and the Millers in

Virginia who have so liberally sustained their
House, offer increased facilities for the prompt and
most satisfactory performance of all business committed to their care. ed to their care. Baltimore, July 12, 1853—1y.

MATTHEWS. F. HYDE. & WM. SMYTH,
Importers and Dealers in Foreign & Domestic
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS,
SADLERY, & C.
Corner of Baltimore and Liberty streets, Baltimore.
Baltimore, June 21, 1853—1y

DICKSON & KING,
Lumber Merchants, water street, Georgetown, D. C.,
KEP constantly on hand a general assortment of
Building Materials. October 12, 1853-1y PHŒNIX MARBLE WORKS.



PUMP MAKING.

To the Citizens of Jefferson, Berkeley,
Frederick and Clarke counties.

I AGAIN appear before you as a PUMP-MAKER
and as I hope you have not forgotten me in that
capacity, you will, one and all, call on me should you
need any thing in that way. Please call on me at
Charlestown, or my son, Tromas J. Bragg, living
near Mr. George B. Beall's, on the Charlestown and
Shepherdstown road, as I have employed him to do the
work. I pledge myself that all orders will be promp
ly attended to.

March 1. 1853 ly attended to. March 1, 1853

GENERAL AGENCY, Washington, D. C.

THE subscriber offers his services to the public in
the prosecution of Claims before Congress, or any
of the Departments of the Government. Some years
experience as disbursing agent of the Indian Department, with a general knowledge of the mode of transacting business in the various offices of the Government, enables him to promise satisfaction to all who
may entrust business of this character to his care.

He will also give special attention to the collection He will also give special attention to the collection of claims against parties residing in the District of Columbia or its vicinity, negotiating leans as well as the purchase or sale of Stocks, Real Estate, Land-Warrants, &c., &c., or furnish information to correspendents residing at a distance in regard to any busi-ness which may interest them at the seat of Govern-His Office is over the Banking House of Selden,

JAMES J. MILLER. WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER, REPERIOR CITY, NO.,

RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the

shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and expense.

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. Address WM. S. ANDERSON. J. W. McGINNIS, Agent, Charlestown, Va.,
or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent,
January 11, 1853, Harpers-Ferry, Va. CHARLES B. HARDING,

Attorney at Law,
WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts
of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No. , Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia. September 28, 1852. LAWSON BOTTS ATTORNEY AT LAW,

COMMISSIONER IN CHANCERY AND GENERAL AGENT. OFFICE in his House, formerly the property of the late Mrs. Fanny M. Willis, one door north of the office of Win. C. Worthington, Esq. Entrance from same street. [March 7, 1854—4m] FASHIONABLE HATS.

A case of new-style HATS, just received by
March 7, 1854.

A. W. CRAMER.

A. F. BRENGLE, Flour and Commission Merchant, NEAR THE RAIL-ROAD DEPOT, A LSO keeps on hand at all times, fresh burnt LIME, which can be furnished at any of the Depots of the Baltimore and Ohio or Winchester and Potomac Rail-roads at the shortest notice, by addressing above. [December 6, 1853—19

A CARD.

IN consequence of the advance in Servants' hire, breadstuffs and other produce, it becomes actually necessary that we the undersigned should increase the charges heretofore made at our Hotels in Charlesnext, our terms for boarding without lodging will be increased from \$10 to \$12 per month. Boarders with rooms, lodging, &c., will be charged \$15 per month, instead of \$12.50 as heretofore. ISAAC N. CARTER.

December 27, 1853. CASH FOR NEGROES. I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NE-GROES for the southern markets, men, women, boys, girls and families, for which I will give the highest cash prices.

Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will receive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. L. Campbell, No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McDOWELL,

Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell. Winchester, July 7, 1851—19 CASH FOR NEGROES. THOSE persons having Negroes for sale, can get the highest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to. C. G. BRAGG.
July 15, 1851.

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. HAVING rented the Brick Warehouse, at Shepherdstown, and made arrangements I am prepared to pay the highest Cash Prices for WHEAT, CORN, &c., upon delivery.

I will also keep constantly on hand PLASTER, FISH, SALT, &c., in exchange for Country Produce, or sell at low cash prices, and I will forward any produce to the District or Alexandria at the usual prices. August 23, 1853—tf

C. W. LUCAS.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been elected and qualified as Constable for District No 2, in Clarke county, offers his services to public for the collection of all claims, placed in his hands, according to law or on commission, and assures those who may entrust their business to his care that no efforts on his part will be spared to render satisfaction. All claims will be paid spared to render satisfaction. over as soon as collected.

HENRY D. HOOE. Berryville, August 2, 1853. REMOVAL OF HUNT & EVANS'
This Establishment, so long celebrated for the manufacture of its superior quality of Tinware and the manner of putting up Spouting and Roofing, has removed from their old stand, on Main street, to the large and commodious Ware-Room formerly occupied by H. L. Eby & Son, near Sappington's Hotel, where they now have on hand a large stock of all kinds of TINW ARE, among which will be found the celebrated Patent Condensing Coffee Pot, which has the reputation of saving at least one fourth the quantity of coffee used by the ordinary pots—all of which will be sold wholesale or retail at the lowest market prices for cash or trade.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING.—Special attention is paid to this branch of the business by one of the partners, and their patrons may rely on all work be-

ROOFING AND SPOUTING.—Special attention is paid to this branch of the business by one of the partners, and their patrons may rely on all work being executed in the best possible manner, at the lowest rates and with punctuality and despatch.—Orders from the adjoining counties solicited.

LIGHTNING RODS.—Iron Rods with silver-plated points, brass connecters, glass insulaters and malleable fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner and at low rates.

BATHING TUBS AND SHOWER BATHS.—A large assortment of Bosoon Bowls, Bathing Tubs, Shower Baths, Hip Baths, Foot Tubs, &c., &c., finished in the neatest manner will always be found on hand at this establishment.

JOB WORK, of every description, connected with the Tin and Sheet Iron Business, will be done with neatness and promptitude—in short this shall be the place for work to be done and well done, and great bargains will be given to all lis patrons.

Charlestown, April 16, 1854.

33-Cotton Rags, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Old Copper, Brass, Pewier, Lead, Iron, Dried Fruit, Beans, Corn, Hay, Oats, Wood, Bacon and Lard, taken in exchange for ware or work.

THE Overseers of the Poor being desirous to appropriate the public money with strict regard to economy, in subserving the charitable feelings of the community, will require that all applicants for charity shall satisfy the Overseers of their Districts or the Board of Overseers, by satisfactory certificates or other evidence, that they are proper subjects for county aid. They will be glad to receive any information on the subject of this notice, from the citizens of the county. PLAID Cambrics; Plain do. and Jaconets; Plain and Figured Swiss; Colored Swiss; Tarltons. Some very desirable and cheap!

April 25, 1864:

JERE. HARRIS. CLOVES, HOSIERY, HANDKERCHIEFS, Tac.—Rid, Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves; Cotton Hose—white, colored and black; Handkerchiefs—Linen, Lawn, Embroidered, very nice; black Silk Miss. April 25, 1854.

BOOTS AND SHOES—10, boxes ladies Kid Slippers, 5 do. do. Walking, 100 pair Misses do., children's Shoes, men's and boys do., men's fine Boots, Palm Leaf and Straw Hats, for sate by May 2, 1854.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

WILL YOU READ THE TRUTH. galvanise a worthless articleso as to keep to up as nod medicine, if it be not really so.

good medicine will live, become popular, and exgred its sales year after year, in spite of opposition.—
e people readily find out its virtues, and the fame them passes from mouth to mouth with more ratify than newspapers can spread it. A Living itness testifying to the cure a medicine has made than its of far more service than any newspaper

im, is of far more service than any news

same success attends its use.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY.

A Plain and Unvarnished Statement.

We commend the perusal of the extract below to our readers. Mr. Bull is a merchantof highcharacter.

Sandy Borrom, Middlesex County, Va., August 29th, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gents: You may think it strange that I have taken the liberty to write you this letter, but I do so under circumstances that justify it. As you are the Agents for Hamron's Vegerals Tinctures, I deem it expedient to address you this note, hoping it may be a part of the honorable means of giving this medicine that notoriety which its merits deserve.

Being in the habit of vending medicines which relate to the patent, and regular system, I consider myself to some extent, a judge of the real merits of many of them. My experience teaches me that "Hampton's Tincture" is a medicine of real merit and intrinsic value. When I say this, I do not say that it is an infallible cure, in all cases, but I mean to say that "Hampton's Tincture" will favorably operate in all diseases originating from a want of proper secretions of the gastric juices, bad digestion, and consequently bad deposit of animal matter from that source. I believe that many diseases located in various parts of the system, such as inflammation, Ulcers, Scrofula, etc., originally have their being in the stomach, from bad food, bad digestion, and consequently bad depositions of the circulation to those parts; and I will believe Hampton's Vegetable Tincture will even react these causes.

Having found out, myself, what it is, I recommend

lieve Hampton's Vegetable Tincture will even react these causes.

Having found out, myself, what it is, I recommend it to others in such cases, as I have described, and I have done it upon the "no cure no pay system," and I have yet to have the first bottle returned, or the first objection about the pay. It is a great pity it cannot be more extensively circulated among the people.

\* I warrant it in the following cases:—Gout, Rheumatism, Inflammations which proceeds from the stomach, Sores, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, long standing cases of Ague and Fever; first stop the chill, and then give the Tincture—the difficulty in this case is not in stopping the chill, but the return of it, this the Tincture will certainly do. In general debilitations, I warrant it, and as I said before, I have procured a trial of it in this way, which otherwise I could not; the people have been humbugged by patent medicines so long, that they are afraid of all. This is clearly a stomach medicine, it works all its wonders there, and in all such cases it is a specific, if anything in the

in all such cases it is a specific, if anything in the world is.

Having given the Tincture a fair trial with myself, n my family and neighborhood, I think I am warrantin my family and neighborhood, I think I am warranted in what I say about it, and which I do without any ation, and in every man's family, where it ought to

be.

If what I say be doubted by any of the afflicted, and they will write to me at Sandy Bottom Post office, Middlesex county, Va., stating the nature of the disease, and I recommend it for such a case I will warrant it, and if it don't do good I will pay for the medicine. Respectfully, THOS. R. BULL.

Delicate females and children will find this a great Dyspersia, Rheumatism, Scrofola, Liver Complaint, &c.—From the Metropolis.—Pass it around—let the afflicted hear the tidings! This is but the sen-

Washington, May 17, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: Having been afflicted with the Liver Complaint of ten years standing, I hereby, for the benefit of the afflicted, take pleasure in announcing that after using a few bottles of your Hampton's Tincture, I found it had accom-plished a period cure. I have used different medi-cines from time to time, but have never been able to cines from time to time, but have never been able to account for any apparent good, and it is a blessing to stricken humanity that that medicine is found which possesses the wonderous power of prolonging human life. The many cures it has wrought is a sufficient gnarantee of the beneficial results which may be experienced from its use.

Yours, respectfully,

J. CURTAINHAY.

Perienced from its use.

Yours, respectfully,
MORE THAN GOLD TO THE SIGE.—From one of the most respectable Druggists in South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 21, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:—The sale of your Hampton's Vegetable Tincture is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valuable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our planters have tried it in different cases with astonishing success, and are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to be the greatest remedy for Rheumatic Affections, and a wonderful cure has been performed on a negro boy suffering by Fits. I will furnish you with a number of certificates if you wish them.

Please send inc, soon as possible, a supply of the Tincture.

I am gentlemen, yours, W. G. TROTT.
Hundreds in this city will bear same testimony.
Delicate females and children will find this a great remedy. Also, see cures of Coughs, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY.

Scrofula, &c. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY,

240 Baltimore street.

Cure of Coughs, Vertigo, Rheumatism.—Cure of the venerable Dr. Dunn's son, of the city of Baltimore, a man well knewn, and whose testimony adds to the triumph of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture:

Baltimore, Feb. 9, 1862.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: It is with real pleasure that I am able to attest to the general healing and curative powers of Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. Some time during last November, I was taken with a very bad and serious cough. I was advised to take Cod Liver Oil, and did so, but getting no better, I was induced to try your Tincture—I gut one bottle, and before I had taken it all, my cough left me. Permit me also to state, that for the last lifteen years I have suffered very much from acute Rheumatism and Vertigo, confining me at times to my bed health to the use of the Tincture, and a kind Providence.

dence.
You are, my friend, at liberty to use this as you may think proper, and believe me,
Yours very respectfully,
N. B.—I can be seen at any time at the Mayor's Delicate females and children will find this a great

Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.

Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.—Call and get pamphlets gratis, with history of discovery of the wonderful Blood Purifier, and see certificates of our own citizens, of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, General Weakness, and Nervousness, &c., &c.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. 60-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Bal-more st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York.

(13-Call and get a pamphlet gratis.

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.

L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. Dr. MOTT, Lecsburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown.

A LARGE assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS, just received, including tun) (MI Playfair's Euclid: Davies' first Lessons in Do Algebra;
Do Surveying;
Do Legendre;
Do Analytical Geom-

Do Elementary do.
Gummere's Surveying;
With every variety of Miscellancous articles
Schools, including Paper, Pens, Pen-Holders, In
inkstands, Copy Books, Slates, Slate Pencils. F \_\_\_ DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, &c. M. SMITH keeps constantly on hand a very large and fresh assortment of Drugs, &c.;
White Lead, ground and dry; Oils of all kinds;
Toilet and Shaving Soaps; Shaving Cream;
Sapophene; Barry's Tricopherous;

Sapophene; Barry's Tricopherous;
Hauel's Eau Lustrale; Wright's ditto;
And other Preparations for the hair;
Perfumery of every kind;
Lubin's Genuine Extract; Wright's Extracts.
All of which are warranted to be of the best quali and which will be sold at reasonable rates.
Charlestown, January 11, 1853.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE subscriber will continue the Shoe Business on his own account. In addition to the large and well-selected stock of Ladies, Misses and Children SHOES, he has a large stock of his own manufacture, and is ready to manufacture and that with promptness any orders, of the best material, which may offer. Mr. James McDaniel will give the business his undivided attention.

Jan. 17.

S. RIDENOUR.

LUBIN'S AND HARRISON'S

EXTRACTS COLOGNE,

Comprising the following varieties?

Prarie Flower Cologne;
Farina Cologne;
Hauel's do.

Extract Sweet Clover;

"Violette;
"Violette;
"Patchouly;
"Mignonette;
"Mignonette;
"Geranium;
"Jasmine;
"New Mown Hay;
"Verbena.
March 7, 1854.

BOOKS! BOOKS!! BOOKS!! BOOKS! BOOKS!! BOOKS!!

HE Lamplighter;
Types of Mankind, by Samuel George Morton, with
essay by Nott, Glöden & Agassiz;
Hay's Peninsular War;
Uncle Sam's Fence—just published;
Cloister Life of Charles the Flith;
Salad for the Solitary;
Library of Religious Knowledge;
Russia as it is;
Bishop Ive's Defence;
Montaigne's Works;
Poets of Connecticut;

STONE WARE Stone Jars, Butter Jars, and Milk Pans of all sizes, by May 16, 1854. A. W. CRAMER. May 9, 1854.



ed the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchitis for four leen years, and that she is fast recovering
from her long standing malady. It has in a few
weeks done her more good than all the remedies she
has heretofore used under able medical counsel.
From Dr. H. P. Worthington, Laurel, Md.

"After several months use of your Expectorant,
both in my own family, and in general practice. I am
confirmed in the opinion expressed of it, when first
made acquainted with the recipe. For one I thank
you for so convenient and elegant a preparation of
the Wild Cherry."
From Geo. Gerry, M. D., Somerset Co., Md.

"Gentlemen—I have used many of the different
Cherry Expectorants, and I do assure you that yours
far exceeds any I have ever tried."

From Dr. J. R. Andre, of Kinsington, Talbot Co., Md.

"Having examined the component parts of Stabler's
Anodyne Cherry Expectorant: also of Stabler's Diarrhea Cordial, and having used them in practice, I feel
no besitancy in recommending them."

From J. E. Marsh, M. D., Kent Co., Md.

"I have made free use of your Diarrhea Cordial,
in my family. It gives me much pleasure to add my
testimony to that of others, in favor of its afficiency."

From Samuel Martindale, M. D., Chesapeuke City, Md.

"I have much pleasure in adding my testimony in
favor of your valuable Cherry Expectorant. I have,
after an extensive use, found it to answer all my expectations.

From Dr. Danl. W. Jones. Somerset Co., Md.

From Dr. Danl. W. Jones, Somerset Co., Md. From Dr. Danl. W. Jones, Somerset Co., Md.

"I have given your Expectorant and Diarrhea Cordial a fair trial, and am delighted with their effects, never having had them to fail in a single instance. I shall take pleasure in recommending them.

We have been favored with a written certificate, cheerfully given by numerous Medical gentlemen, in Maryland, Virginia and Ohio, which aloue should convince the most doubting, that these are really "Good Medicines;" after stating that they are acquainted with the composition of both the Expectorant and Cordial, and that they have administered them to their patients, they testify "that they are remedies of great

patients, they testify "that they are remedies of great-value, safe, efficient and well worthy of the patronage of the Profession and the Public, that they are more reliable than any other proprietary medicines with which we are acquainted," &c.

The above notices of recommendation from mem-bers of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high bers of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high standing, and Merchants of the first respectability, should be sufficient to satisfy all, that these medicines are worthy of trial by the afflicted, and that they are of a different stamp and class from the "Quackery" and "Cure-All" so much imposed upon the public.

See the descriptive Pamphlets, to be had gratis of all who have the medicines for sale, containing recommendations from Doctors Martin, Baltzell, Additional Property Pamphlets, 10 years 10

mendations from Doctors Marth, Baltzell, Addison, Payne, Handy, Love, &c.

For sale by Druggists, Apothecaries and Country
Store keepers generally, at the low price of Fifty cents
per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50.

E. H. STABLER & CO;

Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Balt.
Importers of English, French and German Drugs, Deal-AGENT at Kabletown, A. WILSON,
AGENT at Harpers-Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND,
AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL,
And Loudoun-Merchants generally, [Jan. 10, 1854. HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL. HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL.

Purely Vegetable in its Composition.

THIS invaluable Cordial is extracted from Herbs and
Roots, which have been found after years of experience, by the most skilful Physicians, to be possessed of qualities most beneficial in the diseases for which it is recommended, and hence whilst it is presented to the public, as an efficacious remedy, it also is known to be of that character on which reliance may be placed as to its safety. In cases of Impotency, Homorrhages, Disordered Sterility, Meastruation, or Suppression of the Menses, Fluor Albusor Whites, or for

arising from any cause, such as weakness from sickness, where the patient has been confined to bed for some time, for Females after Confinement, Abortion or Miscarriage, this Cordial cannot be excelled in its salutary effects; or in loss of Muscular Energy, Irritability, Physical Prostration, Seminal Werkness, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Sluggishness, Decay of the Procreative Functions, Nervounsess, &c., where a rosse Medicine is required, it will be found equal, if not superior to any Compound ever used.

TO FEMALES.

Henry's Invigorating Cordial, is one of the most invaluable Medicines in the many Complaints to which Females are subject. It assists nature to brace the whole system, check excesses, and create renewed health and happiness. Less suffering, disease and unhappiness among ladies would exist, were they generally to adopt the use of this Cordial. Ladies who are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored by the use of a bottle or two, to bloom and to vigor.

YOUNG MEN.

That solitary practice, so fatal to the existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt to become its victims, from an ignorance of the danger to which they subject themselves, causes.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Weakness of the System, and Prunature Decay—Many of you may now be suffering; misled as to the

Weakness of the System, and Premature Decay.—
Many of you may now be suffering; misled as to the cause or source of disease. To those, then, who by excess have brought on themselves Premature Impotency. Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Weakness and Shrivelling of the Genital Organs, Nervous Affection, or any other consequences of unrestrained indulgence of the sensual passions, occasioning the necessity of renouncing the felicities of MARRIAGE, lessening both mental and boility capacity. Hold!

MARRIAGE,
lessening both mental and bodily capacity, Hold!
Henry's Invigorating Cordial, a medicine that is purcly Vegetable, will aid nature to restore these important functions to a healthy state, and will prove of service to you. It posesses 'are virtue, is a general remover of disease, and strengthener of the system

AS A TONIC MEDICINE,
it is unsurpassed. We do not place this Cordial on a footing with quark medicines, and, as is customary, append a long list of Recommendations, Certificates, &c., beginning with "Hear what the Preacher append a long list of Recommendations, Certificates, &c., beginning with "Hear what the Preacher says," and such like; it is not necessary, for "Henry's Invigorating Cordial," only needs a trial to prove that it will accomplish all we say.

THE GENUINE "HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL,"
is put up in 80z Pannel Bottles, and is easily recognized by the Manufacturer's signature on the lable of each Bottle, (to counterfeit which is fogery.) Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, Below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Mereliants

PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale DOCTOR YOURSELFU THE POCKET ESCULAPIUS: Or, Every one his own Physician-THE Vortieth Edition, with one hundred engray-ings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Generative System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M.D. the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Esculapius; let no one suffering from backnied cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another mement without consulting the Esculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

Mi-Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE centsen closed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address (post-paid.)

No. 152 Spruce st., Philadeiphia July i, 1854—1v.

IQUORS.—Coc. Brandy, Old Port Wine, supe-Livior Old Whiskey, Peach and Apple Brandy, just received and for sale by R. H. BROWN.

RESH GROCERIES. — am now recoming a large and general supply of cories, Queensware, &c., to which I would a attention of my customers and the public. Go a call before purchasing, as they will be sold at to please.

R. H. BRO

NEW STYLE HATS,—Another Hats just received by May 16, 1854. A. W. CR